The New-York Times.

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THE WAR NEWS.

The National Capital Considered Safe.

Reinforcements Thrown Into Fort McHenry.

BALTIMORE MENACED BY ITS GUNS.

STARTLING INTELLIGENCE FROM VIRGINIA

The City of Norfolk and the Gosport Navy-Yard on Fire.

Rapid Movement of Troops Towards the South.

Seventeen More Regiments from New-York.

A SPECIAL MESSENGER FROM WASHINGTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

A special messenger arrived here last night, bearer of dispatches from the President to Gen. PATTERSON. He says the Capital is safe from any attack that can be made. The assailants can be baffled until the city is reinforced by the troops now on the way.

The messenger communicated with Fort McHenry. He travelled on, at times on horseback, in a wagon, and on foot, and passed off as a Methodist Preacher to scouting secession parties, until he reached Havre de Grace, where he crossed the Susquehanna in a skiff, and came to this City by special train.

Baltimore was quiet early Sunday morning, and no cannonading had been heard. There was a perfect reign of terror, and the Union men were obliged to succumb to the mob.

EXPERIENCES OF HON. MORROW LOURY.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

Hon. MORROW LOWRY, special messenger from Washington, gives the following, his first experience in the war of races:

I left Erie, Penn., midnight of Thursday, and came to Harrisburgh. After an interview with Gov. CURTIN, I proceeded to Baltimore. I did not witness the fight, but did the scenes which followed. History will record it that the Massachusetts troops, although more than a hundred of their men were leveled with bricks, and their arms wrested from them, did not fire until commanded by the Mayor of Baltimore. I telegraphed Gov. CURTIN the state of things in Baltimore, and that no troops must come through either railroads. I took the cars at 3 o'clock Saturday morning for Washington. I communicated personally with Secretary CAMERON, Gen. SCOTT and the President what had happened. They were not prepared for such intelligence. A Cabinet meeting was instantly called. I told the President that Gov. HICKS was in the hands of the mob; that the bridges on all the roads leading into Baltimore were destroyed by fire, and that every man was armed. I received a communication from Secretary CAMERON to Gen. PATTERSON, and left on the 3 o'clock train."

He is careful lest he should implicate those who have not the power of escaping from Maryland. He went through Baltimore and proceeded north. He was in communicating distance with Fort McHenry. I staid at a farm-house in the neighborhood. I was satisfied there was no safety in leaving during the night. I left on horseback at three in the morning, and rode seven miles. I went to a house the inmates of which (eight men) were armed to the teeth. I knew they were Union men. I remained two hours and proceeded with the horse. The rig in the North would be a curiosity. I was met and stopped frequently, but let off on professing to be a minister of the Gospel. I got near Havre de Grace at 1 o'clock Sunday. I found four men fleeing for their lives—one a respectable merchant of Baltimore. I entered the telegraph office and found the operator communicating with Philadelphia. I telegraphed the President of the Road my mission. He replied that a special train would be sent immediately. I took measures to get strangers over from the other side. The train arrived, and conveyed us to Wilmington. I came through, and had an interview with Gen. PATTERSON. Many incidents occurred, which it would not be proper to communicate now. I lost my cane and spectacles.

Mr. LOWRY says the Government will be sustained, that Secretary CAMERON puts the right man in the right place, and that the Cabinet is a host. He thinks Virginia and Maryland will become a common graveyard; that the poor mean man, and the chivalry, will occupy a common grave.

He experienced no personal injury, but was greatly fatigued by the hardships encountered.

From the Philadelphia Press of yesterday.

Hon. THOMAS B. LOWRY, a prominent citizen of this State, returned last evening from Washington City. He arrived as a bearer of dispatches from President LINCOLN to Gen. PATTERSON, of this city. He left Harrisburgh on Friday, and got to Baltimore in the midst of the excitement consequent on the arrival of the Massachusetts troops; he was a witness of the terrible scenes of Friday. It was expected that troops would arrive by the Philadelphia and Wilmington road, as well as by the Northern Central.

He telegraphed to Gov. CURTIN to prevent their departure from Philadelphia, and resorted to other means to prevent their arrival, as he saw from five to seven thousand people, with arms in their hands, ready to destroy them when they arrived. No train came to Baltimore on Friday night. He took the cars for Washington city, and arrived there at daylight. He communicated the intelligence to Secretary CAMERON, Gen. SCOTT, and had a personal interview with President LINCOLN. Mr. LOWRY assured the President that Baltimore was in the hands of the mob, and that all communication with the North was cut off by burning the Railroad bridges.

The President was very much astonished, and said that Gov. HICKS had assured him, the day before, that the troops would have no trouble in passing through Baltimore, and that if they wanted any troops from Washington he (Gov. HICKS) would telegraph. The President had also received a dispatch from the Governor, saying: "Send no more troops." He supposed that meant, he wished no help from Washington, and that he would take care and see that the troops passed safely.

The President directed a Cabinet meeting on Saturday morning. After the meeting was adjourned, Mr. LOWRY was requested to deliver a verbal communication from the President to Gen. PATTERSON, of this city, and accordingly left Washington on Saturday afternoon, and arrived in Baltimore in the evening. He then proceeded on foot to a point opposite Fort McHenry, [illegible] distance of the fort. [illegible] until 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when he took a horse and rode rapidly for seven miles without being molested, and stopped at another farm-house, where he left his horse. He then got into a farm-wagon and started north. They had not proceeded far, when they were met by a number of men with rifles in their hands, and stopped. This was about nine miles north of Baltimore. They wished to know who Mr LOWRY was, and were informed that he was a Methodist preacher. They told him "to go to h—l," to which he replied, "Brethren, I can pray for you, but I cannot go there." He was suffered to pass unmolested.

He was stopped several times on his journey, but was always permitted to pass. He found sentinels and armed men at all points in the State of Maryland, whose business appeared to be the detention and examination of wayfarers. Finally, about half past four o'clock, he arrived at Havre-de-Grace, and crossed the Susquehanna in a skiff. After a good deal of trouble he succeeded in reaching the telegraph office, and telegraphed to Wilmington for a special train. At this point there were four merchants who had arrived from Baltimore. They were Union men, who had been compelled to leave the city in consequence of the troubles. The special train arrived, and they came on to Philadelphia, where they arrived about 7 o'clock last evening. Mr. LOWRY at once called on Gen. PATTERSON, and delivered the message with which he had been charged.

We learn from Mr. LOWRY that the Government is well provided with arms, and competent to sustain itself, at least until succor is obtained. In one of the farm houses at which he stopped he saw two badly wounded men of Gen. SMALL'S brigade. One of them had his arms broken, and was otherwise injured. His name was FREDERICK RUHIN, and he belonged to the second company. He said that he had been wounded with brick-bats, had no arms to defend himself, was knocked down, and made his way to the house of this man, who took care of him. The other man was unknown.

It is the universal opinion in Baltimore that the Massachusetts men behaved towards the mob with the greatest forbearance, and only fired when to fire was a necessity. Governor HICKS was still firm to the Union, but he was held in awe by the mob, who neutralized and nullified his efforts.

IMPORTANT FROM BALTIMORE.

FORT McHENRY MENACING THE CITY.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, April 22.

It is stated by officers of the Army, who arrived Sunday evening from Baltimore, that the guns of Fort McHenry were turned toward Baltimore, but there had been no firing yet.

An officer of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, who returned to-night, says he saw, on Saturday, in Baltimore, twelve brass field pieces parade the streets, and two troops of horse and a regiment of infantry; the latter seemed to be composed of merchants' clerks. Baltimore was threatening the fort with artillery on the neighboring heights.

A rumor was prevailant in Baltimore on Sunday that the New-York Seventh and Massachusetts Eighth Regiment reached Annapolis that morning in safety.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sunday, April 21.

A train is in from Baltimore by way of the Susquehannah River. Baltimore was quiet last night at 6 o'clock, but active preparations were making to take Fort McHenry. The Fort was prepared to resist, and its guns pointed on the city.

EXPERIENCES OF THE MAYOR OF BUFFALO.

Mayor ALLEBERGER, of Buffalo, who has been spending some months in Baltimore, where his relatives reside, arrived in this City this morning. He left Baltimore in a Canal-boat. Six gentlemen, who chartered a Canal-boat there, on Friday, for $200, also arrived at the Astor House to-day. They report the condition of the city as most fearful. Armed mobs parade the streets, compelling all persons to unite with them in imprecations against the North, the Government and the Union. The principal streets are all barricaded, and many of the houses furnished with shutters in which loop-holes are cut for the purpose of pouring a deadly fire on to any troops that might attempt to march through the city. Mr. ALLEBERGER, who had just risen from a sick bed, was surrounded by a mob of a dozen half drunken ruffians at the Eutaw House, before he left, who endeavored, by abusive language, to provoke a word of reply from him, intending, no doubt, to shoot him on the spot had he afforded them a pretext. He could not procure a revolver in the city, every store having been emptied of arms by the mob. A prominent citizen, who was known as a Union man, was compelled to leave the city at six hours' notice, taking with him a family of eight children. It is believed that no Northern man's life will be worth an hour's purchase there when the next gun is fired in the war.

REPAIRING THE RAILROAD BRIDGES.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, April 22.

One hundred and fifty carpenters, protected by detachments of Pennsylvania troops, have been dispatched to repair the bridges of the Northern Central Railroad; three hundred regulars have been dispatched to Cockeysville, Md., to hold that position. A regiment of Pennsylvania and the Rhode Island Marine Battery proceed this morning in the same direction. Cockeysville is only fifteen miles from Baltimore, and if the army is assailed Fort McHenry can act in concert.

PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS IN MARYLAND.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

A prominent Philadelphian has arrived who left Washington Saturday afternoon. At Baltimore he was arrested as a spy. He escaped by referring to Baltimoreans. He went in a carriage. He reports passing Cockeysville, where 3,500 Pennsylvanians were encamped. The rest of the route was effected over the Northern Central Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

It is understood, from reliable authority, that the troops at Cockeysville have been ordered back to Harrisburgh, and will go by transports hence South.

FORT McHENRY REIEFORCED.

WILMINGTON, Del., Monday, April 22.

A naval officer arrived at Wilmington this afternoon.

He says the steamer *S. R. Spaulding* landed a portion of her troops and reinforced Fort McHenry very quietly. The Baltimoreans were waiting for her arrival to seize her, but she started down the bay and frustrated their designs.

Annapolis is in charge of the Sixth Regiment of Massachusetts.

ALL QUIET IN BALTIMORE.

WILMINGTON, Monday, April 22.

Passengers from the South, on the train just passed here, say that all is quiet in Baltimore, and the turnpike is clear of Secessionists.

BALTIMORE TO RESTORE THE BRIDGES.

A gentleman connected with the Government at Washington arrived in this City yesterday, bringing satisfactory intelligence. He states that an official correspondence had been going on between the President and the authorities of the City of Baltimore, and that the latter had agreed to undertake the repairing of the Railroad bridges and telegraph lines, and to keep open communication for passengers, mails, dispatches, and troops. The Capital was considered safe for the present against any attack.

ARREST OF A TRAITOR.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, April 22.

Information was received by Gov. CURTIN today that Lieut. SIMMERSON, late of the United States Army, stationed at Carlisle Barracks, fled from that place this morning. Gov. CURTIN, by aid of the telegraph facilities in his possession, succeeded in having him arrested to-day at Shippensburg, in York County, Pennsylvania. It is said that Simmerson has been communicating information to the rebels as to the disposition of things at Carlisle, and of the movements of Gov. CURTIN'S troops. He will probably be taken immediately to Carlisle and delivered to the officers at the barracks.

STARTLING NEWS FROM VIRGINIA.

Reported Burning of the City of Norfolk and the Portsmouth Navy-Yard.

The ship *Julia E. Tyler*, Capt. LAURY, twenty-one hours from Hampton Roads, arrived here last evening about 6 o'clock. Capt. LAURY reports that the pilot who came down from Norfolk to take the ship to sea, told him *that Norfolk and the Portsmouth Navy-yard were on fire.* Capt. LAURY had seen the flames in that direction distinctly before the pilot arrived. The Captain could tell nothing further. The *Tyler* left the Capes on Sunday afternoon.

CONFIRMATORY INTELLIGENCE.

The following, which had been previously received, gives strong reason to believe the report of the Captain of the *J. E. Tyler* is reliable:

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* states that passengers who had arrived in Baltimore from Norfolk, by the steamer *Louisiana*, reported that the Federal officers were destroying all the United States property at the Navy-yard, and that the United States steamers *Germantown, Merrimac*, and other United States vessels, had been scuttled and sunk by order of the United States Government. Orders had been issued for burning the Navy-yard *on Saturday night.* There is reason to believe that a large portion of the stores, &c., of the Norfolk Navy-yard, have been brought to this City, (Philadelphia.) The affair has been quietly managed, but not the less effectually.

Putting these two reports, from different sources, together, there is good ground to believe that the startling news, in part at least, may be true. It is doubtful, however, whether any other Government vessels have been scuttled and sunk except the old *Pennsylvanian*, which for years has been the receiving-ship at that station, and which is useless for any other purpose.

If Norfolk has been burned, either wholly or in part, it has not of course been done through any action of the United States authorities.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS TO THE CAPITAL.

HARRISBURGH, Monday, April 22.

Four hundred regulars and eight hundred volunteers arrived here this morning.

THE WOUNDED MASSACHUSETTS MEN.

BOSTON, Monday, April 22.

Several Massachusetts men, wounded at Baltimore, reached here this morning, among them Mr. STEVENS, of Lowell, who was reported dead. He had three ribs broken by paving-stones. Mr. STEVENS states that fifteen wounded Baltimoreans were taken to the station-house with him. He intends to rejoin his Regiment as soon as he is able to do so.

THE MISSING PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

Several of the Pennsylvania troops, who have been missing since the Baltimore riot, have returned here, and report as having been confined in jail in Baltimore. Thirty-five others, who have been wandering in the woods near the Conowingo, were taken to neighboring houses and treated kindly. The latter have not returned home yet.

PRUDENTIAL MOVE IN MISSOURI.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Sunday, April 21.

There were only 160 muskets, nearly 200 rifles and three cannon taken from the Arsenal in Clay County, and they were only taken to protect the citizens from any roving bands of desperadoes that may attack the county. A bond was given for them and they will be returned when demanded by the proper authorities. Other cannon and guns were not taken.

WHAT DELAWARE IS DOING.

WILMINGTON, Del., Monday, April 22.

An enthusiastic Union meeting was held here this afternoon, embracing every party creed. The Union feeling was intense, and strong resolutions were adopted

WHAT NEW-YORK IS DOING.

ALBANY, Monday, April 22.

Eighty-three companies have applied for inspection. Six New York regiments are complete under Cols. Benedict, Allen, Wilson, Duryea, Hawkins and Blankler. Townsend's Regiment at Albany and Willard's at Troy, are almost complete. The Forty-eighth Regiment at Oswego, the Fifty-first at Syracuse, the Fifty-fourth, Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth from the Seventh Division are ready for service and await orders.

The order on the Springfield Armory has been increased to 10,000 stand of arms for New-York, 8,000 for Albany, and 5,000 for Elmira.

The Twenty-fifth Regiment leave Albany at 3 P. M. to-day for Washington. The Fire Department and military turn out as escort. Flags and banners decorate all the principal streets. The populace send cheer upon cheer after the Regiment.

The members of the Commission under the law for organizing militia, met this afternoon at the Executive Chamber. All members were present except the Lieutenant Governor, and issued the following notice:

"Proposals are invited for the immediate furnishing of uniforms and clothing for 12,000 New-York Volunteers, to be made at the Capitol on the 23d inst., at 1 o'clock P. M. Specifications on the articles required can be found at the Quartermaster General's Office in Albany."

The Banks in this city have tendered to the Governor their share of the $3,500,000 loan for war purposes.

ALBANY, Monday, April 22.

The State authorities have decided to muster into immediate service the balance of the quota of militia authorized by the act to enroll a volunteer militia. This gives 17,000 troops in addition to the seventeen regiments previously ordered in conformity to the call of the President. Another New-York Regiment, under Col. MORGAN, have just applied for a Commission. Volunteer companies are coming in rapidly. Ninety companies have already handed in their company rolls.

AUBURN, Monday, April 22.

The war excitement in this city is intense. Yesterday (Sunday) was one of the most busy days the city has ever seen. A company, under the command of Captain BAKER, also an Irish Company under Captain GARIGAN were enrolled, and the papers forwarded to Albany. The Irish Company marched from the Catholic Church after the services in a body to the Armory and enrolled their names. Enlistments are still going on rapidly. CHARLES RICHARDSON, son of the late Judge RICHARDSON, of this city, who has served as a commissioned officer in the Navy, offers his services to the Government.

BUFFALO, Monday, April 22.

The Common Council this evening voted an appropriation of $50,000 to equip volunteers and support their families. A resolution was also adopted that any employe of the city volunteering should draw his salary while absent, and resume his position on his return. The citizens' subscription for the aid of volunteers' families has reached $20,000. The enthusiasm in the city is unprecedented.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Monday, April 22.

The Banks of Poughkeepsie tender the Government a loan of $100,000, and to our city $10,000.

WHAT NEW-JERSEY IS DOING.

NEWARK, N. J., Monday, April 22.

An immense Union meeting was held here today. Mayor BIGELOW presided. It is estimated that 50,000 people were present. Great enthusiasm was manifested, and the American flag was displayed in profusion. The First Regiment paraded the streets, and leave here Wednesday next for Washington. The city has the appearance of a military camp, and recruiting goes forward rapidly.

WHAT VERMONT IS DOING.

BURLINGTON, Monday, April 22.

Two hundred men have volunteered here for active service. Recruits are continually coming from the back towns. Vermont will not be found wanting. The Legislature assembles to-morrow at Montpelier. An appropriation of $500,000 will unquestionably be made.

WHAT MASSACHUSETTS IS DOING.

BOSTON, Monday, April 22.

At a public meeting held in the Exchange, today, a large sum was contributed to equip FLETCHER WEBSTER'S new Regiment, which is now nearly full. The first Boston Regiment, one of the finest in the State, is anxiously hoping for marching orders. Old Plymouth County offers a full regiment. A similar spirit is exhibited in all parts of the State.

The city and town authorities continue to vote liberal sums for the maintenance of the soldiers families.

WHAT RHODE ISLAND IS DOING.

PROVIDENCE, Monday, April 22.

Four times the amount advertised for by the General Treasurer, as the first installment of the loan authorized by the State, was offered to-day, at five per cent.

WHAT CONNECTICUT IS DOING.

DANBURY, Conn., Monday, April 22.

The Directors of the Danbury Bank held a meeting Saturday and voted unanimously to offer $75,000 to the Governor, making the total amount offered by our two banks $125,000.

Another Rifle Company of 75 men, leaves in a few days.

WHAT KENTUCKY IS DOING.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, April 22.

Seven companies of the State Guard to the aggregate number of 650 men, under the command of Col. TILGHMAN, have been organized at Paducah, Ky.

THE BAR AND THE UNION.

LAW AND LOYALTY.

$26,750 SUBSCRIBED BY MEMBERS OF THE BAR OF NEW-YORK.

Pursuant to the call for the meeting of the members of the Bar of this City, the rooms of the Superior Court, at an early hour, were crowded to repletion. The meeting were unanimous in a display of red, white and blue rosettes, as well as in their financial liberality.

Exactly at 3 o'clock the meeting was called to order by Judge EDMONDS, who nominated as Chairman Hon. DANIEL P. INGRAHAM. Judge INGRAHAM took the Chair without making any remark, suggesting that business should forthwith be proceeded with.

The following gentlemen were chosen Vice-Presidents:

Hon. S. R. Betts,	Daniel Lord, Esq.,
Hon. T. W. Clarke,	Hon. Chas. P. Daly,
Hon. J. S. Bosworth,	Hon. Greene C. Bronson.

The following named gentlemen were then chosen Secretaries:

Gilbert Dean,	E. W. Stoughton,
C. A. Peabody,	Richard O'Gorman.

The meeting then being regularly organized, RICHARD BUSTARD, Esq., arose, and with hat raised high in air, said:

Mr. PRESIDENT: I move before we proceed further to business, we give three cheers for our flag and our Union.

Deafening cheers followed this motion.

The following resolutions were then read by Judge EDMONDS:

In all periods of the history of our people, the lawyer has been preëminently true to the cause of civil liberty, the supremacy of the law, and the integrity of constitutions; and it becomes the members of the profession, whether occupants of the Bench, practitioners at the Bar, or our students and clerks, to rally in the defence of our dearly cherished institutions, against the felonious assaults now made upon them.

And the members of the profession in the City of New-York, and those connected with them in the administration of justice, acknowledging the high obligations of fidelity to the Union and the Constitution, in every emergency and against every assault and feeling the imperative call upon them in the Impending Crisis to take immediate and effective action, as a profession,

It is by them

Resolved, That an Executive Committee of fifteen be appointed to collect and receive subscriptions from the members of the profession and all connected with them, to be applied by them for the purposes of national defence, and in aid of those of our brethren who are or may be called into active service, or the families of those who fall or may be disabled in the service, and generally to do every act in behalf of the Bar that may be necessary to carry into effect the general purposes of this meeting.

Resolved, That we hold ourselves in readiness whenever requested, in behalf of any member of this Bar, who may be in service in the Army or Navy of the United States, to assume and perform for his benefit any professional business he may have in charge and without expense to him.

Resolved, That the members of the profession in the City of New York will stand by the Union, the Constitution and the supremacy of the laws in every and any emergency, and to that they pledge their means and personal efforts, as well against aggression from abroad as against efforts at home, and they hold it to be their solemn duty in this emergency to coöperate with the public authorities, State or National, civil and military, in preserving peace and good order, in maintaining good government, in sustaining the Constitution and the legal authorities of the land in protecting the homes and the firesides of our people.

Resolved, That we recognize in the contest in which we are engaged no parallel in the history of the world. Aiming at no acquisition of territory, prompted by no ambition for distinction or power, and impelled by no angry passions, the people of the United States are warring for freedom only against wanton aggressions upon all the institutions which have secured that freedom to us.

In such a contest, where the wisdom of the past can afford us no adequate guide, it becomes the lawyer, regardless of the obscurity which so often settles upon moral courage, amid the blaze of material renown, to be firm, true, calm and active in every emergency, and by a generous self-sacrifice evince at once the ardor and the purity of his patriotism.

To such a line of conduct we dedicate ourselves, and invite our brethren throughout the State to associate and coöperate with us.

On motion of D. D. FIELD, Esq., the resolutions were adopted with three times three. The following named gentlemen were then chosen as an Executive Committee.

John W. Edmonds,	Wm. Allen Butler,
Wm. H. Leonard.	Wm. Fullerton,
Joseph S. Bosworth,	J. C. T. Schmidt,
Henry Hilton,	R. O'Gorman,
Daniel Lord,	Luther R. Marsh,
Edwards Pierrepont,	Alexander Hamilton, Jr.,
Henry Nichol,	Gilbert Dean,
D. B. Eaton,	D. P. Ingraham.

Blank subscription lists were then passed around, and soon came into the hands of the Chairman of the Executive Committee, filled with some for $500, some for $250, and some for $100.

C. P. KIRKLAND announced that he had two sons, whom he had fitted out and supported at his own expense. They yesterday marched out for Washington with the Seventy-first Regiment, and he now desired to enter his name upon the subscription list for $500.

D. D. FIELD, Esq., announced that one of the clerks in his office, Mr. CATLAN VAN RENSALLAER, desired him to subscribe in his name $100, as he had gone to the war, and could not be present in person. Mr. FIELD himself, in addition, subscribed $500.

By this time the $500 subscribers became quite lively. Judge EDMONDS announced that the subscription among the Judges alone amounted to $2,500. The general subscription list was then footed up, and announced at $13,600.

Judge HILTON remarked that we could not stop at that, we must raise more.

Mr. BUSTARD suggested that His Honor make an *ex parte* order, while the subscription lists were yet circulating.

Judge EDMONDS announced that as Judge MCCUNN was about leaving with his regiment for the scene of conflict, Recorder HOFFMAN had agreed to attend to the duties of the Judge's office during his absence. The Judge then announced that he was himself once a Colonel, and although over 65 years old, he still felt the fire of youthful blood running through his veins, and was still able to take charge of any military organization the members of the Bar might honor him with the command of. Three vociferous cheers were given for Col. EDMONDS.

THOMAS BENNETT, Esq., Clerk of the Judges of the Superior Court, arose and said that he was an Englishman; that he desired admission into a Regiment of his own country; that at present it was full, and desired immediately to be enlisted in Col. EDMONDS' Regiment. Three vociferous cheers were given for TOM BENNETT.

Mr. CHOATE then announced that Mr. WILLIAM FULLERTON had given $1,000, and had equipped two of his nephews for the field, one of whom was now in command of a company of one hundred men whom he had raised for the defence of his country. [Vociferous cheers.]

ALEXANDER HAM, a member of the Bar, sent up the following:

JUDGE EDMONDS—[illegible] writ having issued an execution in my case and the Sheriff finding *nulla bona*, has attached my person for the benefit of the New-York Zouaves

The amount of the subscriptions was then announced at $20,000.

A motion was then made to adjourn.

VOICES—"No, no, no; we wont adjourn until we have made it $25,000."

Viva voce subscribing soon began as brisk as bidding at an auction sale of valuable jewelry, and the amount was soon made up to $25,250, after which the meeting, in a high state of excitement, adjourned.

The Executive Committee will meet to-morrow morning at the General Term room of the Superior Court for further action.

While the meeting was proceeding in part 1, an impromptu meeting was organized in the long room adjoining. Ex-Judge WHITING presided, and Ex-Judge BIRDSEYE, HENRY J. WHITNEY, CHAUNCEY SHOEFFER and JOSEPH S. YORK were appointed Vice-Presidents.

Stirring addresses were many by CHAUNCEY SCHAFFER, J. T. WILLIAMS, Mr. BROWN, Judges BIRDSEY and WHITING.

Mr. SCHAFFER said that as matters now stood there was no lawyer but that had rather fight until the day arrived when our flag should again float over every harbor and every fortress, from New-York to Mexico, from which it has been so insultingly lowered. He deplored the necessity of the contest, but the fight was forced upon us, Slavery had been the great disturber of the public peace, and while the abolition of Slavery was not the object of the war, it could not be doubted that it might result in the abolition of that which was the cause of the war. With the South out of the Union, he ventured to predict that throughout the Northern States there would arise no cause of war for five hundred years to come. And he never believed that until this day he would have an opportunity of emulating the virtuous deeds of our fathers.

Mr. WILLIAMS said that the crisis presented was one of peculiar interest to lawyers; it was a war upon the Government and *the laws* of the land. The Union must and should be preserved, though the bayonet pierced every heart in the rebel States.

Other speeches, breathing equal fervor and devotion to the Union, were made. Some had fitted out brothers, others sons, and others were about leaving themselves for the field of conflict.

While the excitement was at its height, one JOHN J. JACKSON presented himself and desired to enlist in the regiment of lawyers, which he understood was to be formed.

This announcement was received with rounds of applause. A motion was immediately made and unanimously carried, that JOHN J. JACKSON, of Cayuga County, be admitted a member of the New-York Bar. The President then, in a short and appropriate address, notified Mr. JACKSON that he was a member of the New-York Bar, and admonished him to stand by the flag of his country.

Mr. JACKSON replied that he would stand by the flag as long as he could stand upon his feet.

The sum of $1,500 was subscribed in this meeting to be devoted to the common cause.

The following resolution, offered by J. T. WILLIAMS, was then carried amid cheers:

Resolved, That it is the duty of the proper legal authorities to arrest without delay all persons who openly avow sentiments hostile to the Government in the great struggle in which it is now engaged, and declare their intention to join the army of the rebels, or otherwise give aid and comfort to the enemy.

At the close of the meeting three terrific cheers were given for President LINCOLN, the Stars and Stripes, Major ANDERSON, the Chairman of the meeting and others.

The following gentlemen were appointed on the Executive Committee:

John Keyton,	Chauncy Schaffer,
George N. Titus,	Elijah H. Kimball,
	Isaiah T. Williams.

MILITARY AND NAVAL NEWS.

IMPORTANT CHANGE IN THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE ARMY.

To-day New-York City, besides being the headquarters of the regular Army of the United States, will be also the head quarters of the Department of the East. Major-General JOHN E. WOOL, of the staff, the next in rank to General SCOTT himself, arrived here yesterday, will remove his quarters to this City from Troy. Henceforward, therefore, all orders and instructions directing the movements of regulars located in the country east of the Mississippi River, will be issued from Major WOOL'S office here. The following are the present forts and barracks in this Department, and the regiments of which detachments garrison them:

Fort Mackinac, Mich.—Second Artillery.
Pittsburgh Barracks, Penn.—Second Artillery.
Fort Independence, Boston, Mass.—Second Artillery.
Bedloe's Island, N. Y.—Recruits.
West Point, N. Y.—U. S Engineers.
Fort Hamilton, N. Y.—First Artillery and Third Infantry.
Carlisle Barracks, Penn.—Second Cavalry and mounted recruits.
Fort Columbus, (Governor's Island,) N. Y.—Recruits.
Newport Barracks, Ky.—Recruits
Fort Monroe, Va.—First, Second, Third and Fourth Artillery.
Fayetteville, N. C.—Second Artillery.
Key West Barracks, Fla.—Artillery.

The following, having been captured by the Secessionists, are for the present blotted off Gen. WOOL'S books: Fort Sumter, S. C.; Fort Moultrie, S. C.; Barrancos Barracks, Fla.; and Baton Rouge Barracks, La.

CAVALRY.

The Government has now at its disposal, at Carlisle, nearly 450 well mounted cavalry soldiers, who could do more in opening the streets of Baltimore than 1,500 foot men. The lance could be speedily attached to their boots, for temporary use, especially when no regular mounted troops would be encountered. There are nearly 400 cavalry at the National Capital also. These men are not recruits. The most of them have returned from the field, where they were incessantly employed for six months. Texas is the best cavalry school in the world.

The arming of the light draft fleet for the coming blockade, commenced yesterday at the Brooklyn Navy-yard. Guns from the *North Carolina* were put on board the *Corwin*; and the *Bibb* will, it is said, be also provided with a battery. The *Varina* and *Crawford* are still in the stream, waiting recruits.

The United States brig-of-war *Perry* was reported ready for sea on Friday, and is to go in commission immediately. She is rigged, equipped and armed. The *Wabash* got steam up yesterday, and her engines were kept working for some hours, with satisfactory results. The *Savannah* has been hauled alongside the wharf.

The United States frigate *Potomac*, which has been lying at the yard for years, is to be prepared for service. The *Savannah* having been taken out of dock, the *Potomac* will soon be floated in. She is a splendid vessel, 1,726 tons burden, rates 50 guns, and carries 500 men. She, too, will be one of the blockade fleet.

All the band of the *North Carolina* have volunteered. Wives, families and friends are behind country in their estimation. Their pay will run on. The 200 sailors ordered from the "*North*" on Saturday, returned that night; went on board two steamers next day, and back again to their vessel.

Yesterday was pay-day at the Navy-yard. There being over 1,200 men employed, the semi-monthly disbursements must have been nearly $25,000.

Recruiting was comparatively brisk yesterday. At Chatham street, 15 were enlisted; at Hudson-street, 4; at the Navy rendezvous in Cherry street, 40. No more landsmen or boys will be taken at the latter.

Troops that were under orders to leave Governor's Island have been detained until further notice.

AMMUNITION SEIZED BY THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES.

PROVIDENTIAL INTERFERENCE WITH SECESSION POWDER.

The brigantine *Toronto*, the vessel on board of which the 8,000 kegs of gunpowder was seized on Sunday, by Surveyor HART, it seems cleared from this port in December last, for New-Orleans. In a gale of wind she lost her mast, and was obliged to put into St. Thomas in distress, where she was refitted as best she could be, the Captain not having the means to repair, and she returned to this City. The peculiar circumstances of the case led to the discovery of the nature of her cargo, and to its seizure. In December last no particular notice would have been taken of the shipment. The vessel is in custody, and the powder was sent to the Naval Magazine.

A TIMELY MOVEMENT.

ORGANIZATION OF A CORPORATION TO MAINTAIN A NATIONAL PATRIOTIC FUND.

A Corporation has been formed under the laws of this State, by some of our leading citizens, to create and maintain a permanent National Patriotic Fund for the care and support of the wives and children and other dependents of those who go for the defence of the country. Among the Trustees are Wm. Curtis NOYES, Andrew V. Stout, Senator Benjamin, F. Masnierre, Benjamin Vaughan Abbott, Austin Abbott, Col. Elliott, F. Shepard, Mr. G. Lambert, Horace Greeley, Henry J. Raymond, Charles H. Marshall, George W. Blunt, Rev. Drs. Thompson and Hutton, and many others.

It is intended to make a complete provision for those who volunteer by a large fund like the English Patriotic Fund in the time of the Crimean war, which reached $7,000,000.

THE COMMON COUNCIL FOR THE UNION.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A MILLION DOLLARS TO BE RAISED TO CARRY ON THE WAR—THE VOLUNTEERS TO BE UNIFORMED—THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS TO BE CARED FOR—DEBATE ON SECESSION NEWSPAPERS—MEMBERS GOING TO THE WARS, &C.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen, last evening, Alderman BOOLE presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Seven of the States composing the American Union have renounced the Constitution and Government of the United States, which were established with their consent, and have confederated together for the purpose of organizing a Government of their own; and

Whereas, In the prosecution of this design, they have chosen certain civil officers, and have raised and equipped armies, and are now engaged in open war against the authority and possessions of the United States; and

Whereas, The President of the United States, by virtue of the authority vested in him by the Constitution and the laws, and in the fulfillment of his duty to defend, protect and preserve the Union, has issued his proclamation, calling upon the State of New-York, among others, for the means to repel aggression, to resist invasion, and to restore the authority of the Government over the places within its rightful and exclusive jurisdiction; be it therefore

Resolved, By the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, that we tender to the President of the United States the assurance of the unqualified support of the people of this City in all needful measures which have for their object the preservation of the Union, the maintenance of the Constitution, the enforcement of the laws, and the vindication of the just authority of the Government; and be it further

Resolved, That we earnestly recommend to all our fellow-citizens, to unite in the most cordial and effective manner to promote the organization and equipment of the troops to be raised in obedience to the requisition made by the President; that the money, credit and resources of this Municipality will at all times be forthcoming, whenever the same may be necessary in aid of the Government: and that the sum of $—— be appropriated for the purpose of furnishing to each regiment mustered into service from this City a stand of colors and suitable outfit for active service; the same to be expended by and under the direction of a Board to be composed of the Mayor and the Heads of the several Departments of Finance, Streets and City Inspector; and be it further

Resolved, That we invoke in this crisis the unselfish patriotism and the unfaltering loyalty which have been uniformly manifested in all periods of national peril by the population of the City of New-York; and while we reiterate our undiminished affection for the friends of the Union who have gallantly and faithfully labored in the Southern States for the preservation of peace and the restoration of fraternal relations among the people, and our readiness to coöperate with them in all honorable measures of reconciliation, yet we only give expression to the convictions of our constituents when we declare it to be their unalterable purpose, as it is their solemn duty, to do all in their power to uphold and defend the integrity of the Union, to vindicate the honor of our flag, and to crush the power of those who are enemies in war, as in peace they were friends.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be transmitted to the President of the United States and to the Governor of the State of New-York.

Alderman BOOLE also offered the following:

Resolved, That a Select Committee of five be appointed to ascertain and report to this Board at its next meeting the cost of equipping each regiment of volunteers mustered into service from the city.

Alderman DAYTON—I very heartily second the resolution of the Alderman of the Twelfth upon this occasion, and, Sir, I return him my thanks and the thanks of the constituency I represent for the resolutions which he has offered upon this occasion. I feel, and I think every member of this Board feels, that they truly represent the cordial sentiments of the mass of the people of the City, in view of the present crisis in our history. I know that the people of the City stand ready to support the Star-Spangled Banner, the Constitution and the Union of these States, and I feel that he has embodied in those resolutions a proper expression of the sentiments of the people of the City at the present time. I am glad, Sir, and I know that the heart of this people will rejoice—will dance with gladness that the Common Council of this City stands ready in this emergency, irrespective of past political differences, to sustain the honor and vindicate our National Union, and flag and Constitution of our country.

Alderman BARRY wanted to have the name of Alderman RUSSELL, who was sick, recorded in the affirmative on this question.

The Chair ruled that it could not be done.

Alderman DAYTON made a similar suggestion with regard to Alderman CORNELL, who, he said, was absent, necessarily engaged in military duties.

Mr. BOOLE'S second resolution was then adopted, and the Chair appointed, as the Committee, Aldermen BOOLE, FROMENT, CHIPP, FARLEY and SMITH.

Alderman SMITH offered the following, which was laid over, under the rule:

Whereas, A due regard to the welfare and comfort of the families of many of the valiant sons of the Empire City who have volunteered, or may hereafter volunteer, in the service of the general Government in its determination to crush rebellion and sedition in the seceded States of the Union, imperatively demands that the City authorities should make ample provision for the maintenance of the above-mentioned class of our people, thereby giving the assurance to our volunteers that, in defence of the flag of the nation those in a measure depending upon them for support will receive, as they deserve, the fostering care of our municipal authorities; be it therefore

Resolved, That the sum of $500,

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 22.

$10,000 U.S. 6s,'71, Reg	86	200 Hud. River R.	35
1,000 Treas.11 P c. Nts	100	150 do.	s30 35
2,000 Ohio St. 6s, '86..	86	200 do.	35⅛
1,000 Kentucky St. 6s.	65	200 do.	35⅛
5,000 do.	s10 60	30 Harlem Railroad..	111⅛
6,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90.	41	100 do.	111⅛
1,000 Virginia State 6s	35	50 Harlem R. Pref.	29⅝
5,000 N.C.State6s.	s10 45	350 Chic. & Rock I. R..	35
15,000 Missouri State6s.	41	50 do.	34⅞
2,000 do.	40⅜	200 do.	s60 34⅞
10,000 do.	40	350 do.	34⅞
2,000 do.	40⅛	150 do.	b30 35
5,000 do.	s10 40	10 M. S. & N. Ia. R.	13⅛
1,000 E.R 2d M.Ex. '70	99	10 Panama Railroad.	98
1,000 Erie 2d M.Ex. '70	97	107 do.	s3 96
2,000 R. R. 4th M. Bs.	78	100 do.	s10 94
2,000 do.	79	50 do.	s15 94
2,000 Gal. & C. 2 M. B.	97	80 do.	s30 93
100 Mich Central R.	42	80 do.	s3 97
200 do.	s30 41⅜	310 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip..	59
200 do.	41⅜	50 do.	58⅜
100 Pacific M S. Co.	50	300 do.	58
50 do.	51	50 do.	s30 56
50 do.	52	100 do.	s15 58
75 do.	54	25 do.	58⅛
300 N. Y. Cen. R.	s30 67	50 Gal. & Chic. R.	b30 56⅜
50 do.	s3 68⅛	150 do.	s30 56
250 do.	s10 68⅛	25 do.	56⅛
100 do.	s30 68	45 do.	56⅜
700 do.	68⅜	250 do.	56⅛
100 do.	s10 68⅜	50 do.	s10 56⅛
100 do.	b60 69	300 Clev. & Toledo R.	23
2000 do.	68⅝	400 do.	23⅛
4000 do.	c 69	10 Chi.,Bur.& Quin.R.	54
500 Erie Railroad.	s30 18⅛	35 do.	85
100 do.	19	50 do.	55⅛
300 Clev., Col. & C. R.	90	150 do.	s30 55

SECOND BOARD.

$13,000 U.S.6s,'81, Cou.	84	50 Hudson River R.	38⅛
10,000 U S 6s,'81,Reg.s10	86⅛	50 do.	s15 36⅛
2,500 Ohio St. 6s, '86.	95	100 Har. R. Pref.	s15 31
10,000 Mo. State 6s	s30 40	50 Reading Railroad.	37
10,000 do.	41	100 Mich. So.& N Ia.R.	13⅜
10,000 do.	41⅜	100 Chi. Bur. & Q. R.	57
10,000 do.	s30 40⅜	100 do.	s30 35⅛
10,000 do.	s30 41	200 Panama Railroad.	98
11,000 do.	42	50 do.	s30 95
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. Bds.	86	7 do.	97⅛
2,000 M.C. 8 P c. 1st M. S. F C Bds.	97	25 do.	s30 98
250 Mich. Cen. R.	43⅛	350 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip..	60
50 do.	s10 43	150 do.	s10 59⅛
50 do.	s60 43	50 do.	s30 59⅜
50 do.	43⅜	100 Gal. & Chi. R.	s14 57
50 N. Y. Cen. R.	s10 79	300 do.	58
300 do.	s15 70	100 do.	s15 57⅛
50 do.	s10 70⅛	400 Cleve. & Toledo R.	24⅛
50 do.	s30 70⅜	100 do.	s10 24⅛
50 do.	s30 70	200 do.	24⅜
165 do.	71	100 Chi. & Rock Is. R.	37⅛
100 do.	71⅛	50 do.	s10 37⅛
1100 Erie Railroad.	26	300 do.	37⅜
300 do.	s15 19⅜	100 do.	b30 38
		25 do.	38

MONDAY, April 22—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, on Saturday, April 20, 1861, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of April 13:

Increase in Loans	$1,592,374
Decrease in Specie	1,144,478
Increase in Circulation	23,628
Increase in Undrawn Deposits	678,684

Including the Clearing-house operations of the week, which show the inter-exchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury statement of Saturday, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

	April 21, 1860	April 20, 1861.	April 13, 1861.
Capital	$69,433,000	$69,307,000	$69,307,000
Loans	125,448,868	124,701,259	123,108,885
Specie	23,233,304	40,620,370	41,764,748
Circulation	8,790,456	8,825,057	8,801,429
Gross Deposits	106,295 380	117,974,776	119,306,794
Exchanged	22,608,912	20,670,914	22,680,717
Undrawn	82,386,498	97,304,762	96,926,078
In Sub-Treas'y.	7,331,463	11,101,905	10,441,278

The Bank return shows a moderate change in favor of the Discount line and against the Specie average, as compared with the previous statement. The difference grows out of the recent transactions in Treasury paper and Government Stock. The Sub-Treasury gains in Specie nearly as much as the Banks lose. The deficit line is the heaviest known for three years past. The return altogether excites little movement on the street, and in the present War excitement has no other bearing than to assure the country of the immediate ability of New-York to supply the Government with all the means necessary to maintain its supremacy. This is the more readily convenient to our Bank movement from the circumstance that the Foreign Exchanges to-day are more decidedly in our favor by at least 1 ℔ cent. than before our Civil War became an established influence against the Money market. For Wednesday's steamer, London is quoted at 106@106¼ ℔ cent., with very little doing thus far, and Paris 5 35@5.32½. The mail of Wednesday goes by the *Persia*, which steamer sails late in the day. The market for money to-day is the same as at the close of last week. The quotation ranges 5@7 ℔ cent. on afternoon security.

New-York Exchange improved to-day to the average extent of three per cent. as compared with the sales of Saturday, and the market for both Railway shares and Southern Border State Stocks manifested much firmness on the reaction. The impression seems to be that the fall at the close of last week was too precipitate, and that a very large share of the business then done was on *short* contracts. The cash sales to-day were at firm rates and generally at a difference of ¼@1 per cent. from the figures made on 3@10 days time. The deliveriess of the forenoon of New-York Central were not made without putting up the cash Stock to 70¾@71 per cent., and aster these were through with the price went up to 71¼ ℔ cent. for delivery to-morrow, at the Second Board. On Missouri state Stock the advance from Saturday was 2@3 ℔ cent., and the same rise was shown on the other State Stocks on the cash bids. On the North Western Railways and on Hudson, Harlem and Erie the rise was about 3 ℔ cent., and the same advance was established on Panama and Pacific Shares, although lower intermediate sales were made. The regular California steamer sailed to-day with a large manifest of both freight and passengers, and thus far the calculation of a serious diminution of business over the Isthmus of Panama, in consequence of our political troubles, is by no means justified. The reaction in the Mail steamship and Railway Stocks dependent upon this trade ought, therefore, to create no surprise. Pacific had fallen 25@30 ℔ cent., and Panama 20@25 ℔ cent. on the mere suspicion that our California movement is to be frightened off the usual highway to and from the Pacific by the threatened letters of marque and reprisal of the Montgomery usurpation. The experience to-day is in the opposite direction, and the fear of interruption will probably continue to decrease. The bid for Pacific Mail at the close was 61 ℔ cent., although the first calls this morning were as low as 59 ℔ cent. Panama was wanted at 98 ℔ cent., as against 93 ℔ cent., seller 30, in the forenoon. The general advance of the day as compared with Saturday is thus marked at 3½ o'clock this afternoon: New-York Central 3½ ℔ cent.; Erie 2½; Illinois Central 5; Hudson 2½; Harlem Preferred 4; Reading 3; Michigan Central, 3½; Michigan Guaranteed, 3½; Panama, 4; Galena, 4; Toledo, 3; Rock Island, 4; Burlington, 6; Missouris, 3; Virginias, 4; Tennessees, 2@3, and Kentucky's 5 ℔ cent. The market late in the afternoon closed steady, and there was much less feverishness on the subject of Civil War, although continued anxiety prevailed to hear the latest news from the army sent to the defence of the Capital.

The announcement made in the morning papers that the New-York and New-Haven Railroad corporation have determined to pay a partia dividend on their stock, as they recognize it, caused the Stock Exchange Board this morning to strike from the official list both the Stock and Bonds of this repudiating and rascally concern. Henceforth neither can be dealt in by the Brokers of the Exchange.

The steamer *State of Maine*, whose prompt service on Saturday in landing the Massachusetts reinforcement at Old Point Comfort, (Fortress Monroe,) was commanded on this expedition by Capt. OLIVER ELDRIDGE, formerly of the Collins' steamer *Atlantic*.

The following are the latest mail quotations for Exchange on New-York, received by Mr. J. T. VAN VLECK, No. 4 Broad-street:

April.	Premiums.	April.	Premiums.
20..Philadelphia..	Par.	19..Detroit	1 @ 1¼
20..Boston	Par.	18..Cincinnati	3 @ 4
25..New-Orleans..	⅜@ ½	18..Pittsburgh	3½@ 4
18..Mobile	⅜@ ¾	15..Memphis	3 @ 4
27..Savannah	—@ —	19..Plymouth, O.	1½@ 2
19..Chicago	10 @11	18..Rockford, Ill.	10½@11
19..Milwaukee	9 @11	19..Lexingt'n,Ky.	1 @ 1½
19..Cleveland	1 @ 1¼	20..Canada	⅜@ ¾
26..St. Louis	9 @11	19..Peoria, Ill.	10 @11
27..Louisville	⅜@ ¾		

The proposals for $375,000 of New-York City Croton Water Sixes, redeemable Nov. 1, 1883, were opened on Saturday be R. T. HAWS, Esq., Comptroller. They were as follows:

Names.	Amount.	Rate.	Accepted.
Howard Lodge	$3,000	100.05	$3,000
Francis G. Blanchard.	6,500	100.10	6,500
Weston, Dortic & Co.	8,000	100.01	8,000
Read, Drexel & Co.	12,000	100	12,000
Wm. J. Willis	5,000	100.25	5,000
C. Sing	800	100.26	800
R. P. Dunn	1,000	101	1,000
N Cantor	4,000	100	4,000
Julia DeForest	1,200	100.11	1,200
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund	375,000	100	329,000
Joseph Dugless	2,500	100.56	2,500
Total	$421,000		$375,000

Holders of La Crosse and Milwaukee Land Grand Bonds, numbered from 1991 to 4,000, who wish their interest protected, are requested to call at the office of J. L. JERUIGAN, Esq., No. 54 William street.

CITY BANK STATEMENTS.

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE NEW-YORK CITY BANKS.

Banks.	Loans. April 20.	Loans. April 13.	Specie. April 20.	Specie. April 13.
Bk. of New-York.	4,801,429	4,749,873	1,501,792	1,554,487
Manhattan Co.	3,080,134	3,132,306	1,106,886	1,080,764
Merchants' Bank.	5,528,220	5,334,123	1,386,435	1,893,503
Mechanics' Bank.	3,901,068	3,719,408	1,169 627	1,322,714
Union Bank.	2,490 452	2,450,699	1,026,780	979,061
Bank of America.	5,408,730	5,213,272	4,155 040	4,266,696
Phenix Bank.	3,284,403	3,130 227	960 660	945,573
City Bank.	2,162,185	2,173,633	866,185	827 837
Tradesmen's Bk.	1,6?3,626	1,598,338	265 044	248,791
Fulton Bank.	1,373,407	1,333,330	562,572	605 069
Chemical Bank.	2,088,139	2,085,369	1,547,594	1,422,595
Merch. Exch. Bk.	2,083,113	2,026,406	528,673	637,114
National Bank.	2,178,728	2,145,768	395,964	431,324
Butch.&Drov.Bk.	1,475,904	1,454,972	493,565	502,243
Mech.& Trad. Bk.	946,366	948,986	309,871	309,722
Greenwich Bank.	694,425	694,596	159,847	144 722
Leather Man. Bk.	1,746 904	1,746,220	585,132	597,438
Seventh Ward Bk.	1,043,594	3,612,535	469,990	468,506
Bk.St.New-York.	5,473,326	3,612,535	1,479,654	1,276,966
Am.Exchange Bk	7 892,157	6.547,287	1,765,324	2,911,347
Bk. of Commerce.	14,110,646	13,725 496	2,680,703	2,541,029
Broadway Bank.	3,651,633	3,570.441	1,257,343	1,361,234
Ocean Bank.	1,?23,5?8	1,653 778	381 640	380,100
Mercantile Bank.	2,584,122	2,520,294	620,790	684,323
Pacific Bank.	945,928	935,628	265,321	290,972
Bank of Republic	3,657,120	3,765,747	1,722,996	1,564,611
Chatham Bank.	753,436	763,461	179 160	179,883
People's Bank.	631,457	636,141	165,812	154,830
Bank of N. Am.	1,816,865	1,757,134	434,635	425,783
Hanover Bank.	1,515,682	1,530,803	362,753	339,978
Irving Bank.	776.182	813 380	216,031	198,109
Metropolitan Bk.	7,118,334	7,067.335	2,471,962	2,606 878
Citizens' Bank.	775,871	759,010	242.257	262,460
Nassau Bank.	1,598,106	1,602,212	620,128	576,995
Market Bank.	1,550,567	1,537,646	400,?94	367,381
St. Nicholas Bk.	1,033,128	1,042 539	285,?19	286,731
Shoe & Leath.Bk.	2,265.464	2,275,151	471.611	485,862
Corn Exch.Bank.	1,544,934	1,509 751	329,290	398,504
Continental Bank	2,737,234	2,706,475	1,202 863	1,026,756
Bk. of Commw'lth	948,346	943 042	353 521	399,401
Oriental Bank.	496,038	478,489	122 087	118,983
Marine Bank.	1,003,546	995,140	180,361	177,934
Atlantic Bank.	526,486	530,089	81,687	78,094
Imp. & Trad's Bk.	2,446 376	2,413,926	695,111	743,786
Park Bank.	4,243.312	4,843,657	2,607.309	2,847,115
Mech. Bk'g Ass'n	736,169	773,084	264,639	207,068
Grocers' Bank.	5?8,086	504.283	124,066	130,586
North River Bk.	599 396	608,809	131 150	138,192
East River Bank.	326.890	332 608	80,956	68,374
Manuf.& Mer.Bk.	779,363	786,857	214 324	208 113
N.Y.Dry DockCo.	405,813	410 148	44,976	46,078
N.Y.Exch. Bank.	308,596	320,483	24,142	22,990
Bull's Head Bank	508,363	513,568	60,691	79,624
N. Y. County Bk.	346,657	353 069	118,714	118,401
Total	134,701,359	133,108,985	40,620,370	41,764,584
Increase	$1,592,374	Decrease	$1,144,478	

Banks.	Circulation. April 20.	Circulation. April 13.	Deposits—Net. April 20.	Deposits—Net. April 13.
Bk. of New-York	412,326	417,356	3,540,376	3,580,18?
Manhattan Co.	396,049	396,377	4,230,506	4,274,?9?
Merchants' Bank	166,531	173,837	4,962,551	4,189,0?3
Mechanics' Bank	283,853	289,651	3,112,3?6	3,136 ?6?
Union Bank	214,723	225,275	2,729,?63	2,497,?0?
Bk. of America	126,508	125,613	6,781,236	6,744,?97
Phenix Bank	127,879	136,882	2,372,038	2,309,?92
City Bank	.....	.....	1,953,868	1,956,?08
Tradesmen's Bk.	316,689	307,499	741,999	717 ?9?
Fulton Bank	193,475	195,279	1,313 534	1,325,?7?
Chemical Bank	368,723	368,873	3,067 573	2,877,?57
Merch. Exch. Bk.	119,517	117,873	1,296,134	1,400,?58
National Bank	149,270	150,550	1,150,610	1,137,?23
Butch.&Drov.Bk.	260,196	258,903	1,188,016	1,195,?19
Mech.& Trad. Bk.	153,228	155,049	794,681	816,?01
Greenwich Bank	164,186	162,262	509,856	488,?17
Leather Man. Bk.	292 561	297,186	1,?20,341	1,?98,?48
Seventh Ward Bk.	195,871	204 332	731,?31	748,?05
Bk.St.New-York.	215,897	221,183	2,?00,638	2,?34,?25
Am.Exchange Bk.	181,598	192 447	5,?40,078	5,?67,?44
Bk. of Commerce.	1,?75	1,?75	7,?54 147	7,?17,?87
Broadway Bank.	279,670	268 819	3,?69,?17	3,?18,?05
Ocean Bank.	99,787	99,284	1,?22 340	1,?05,?42
Mercantile Bank	23,394	24,736	2,?78,?69	2,?71,?15
Pacific Bank	141,967	137,281	817 856	817,?75
Bk. of Republic	205,790	209 549	3,?58 328	3,?10 ?81
Chatham Bank	105,817	109 773	5,?,?33	530,?79
People's Bank	98,189	96,831	481,?68	471,?43
Bank of N. Am.	97,?05	96,?85	1,?99,?66	1,?75,?43
Hanover Bank	81,?65	78,?16	819,?54	838,?03
Irving Bank	122,?61	121,?10	625,?75	615,?57
Metropolitan Bk.	233,?15	245,?69	5,?39,?31	5,?21,?11
Citizens' Bank	154,?90	151,?51	695,?81	704,?70
Nassau Bank	135,?00	125,?18	1,?75,?71	1,?09,?20
Market Bank	209,?43	214,?90	1,?50 ?71	1,?02,?93
St. Nicholas Bank	84,?90	83,?26	6?2,?78	704,?96
Shoe & Leath. Bk.	261,?56	265,?69	1,?76,?60	1,?57,?15
Corn Exch. Bank	225,?12	128,?36	815,?26	764,?87
Continental Bank	188,?68	186,?52	1,?81,?13	1,?17,?93
Bk. of Commw'lth	215,?16	213,?04	?52,?14	?90,?57
Oriental Bank	102,?85	99,?01	3?0,?60	371,?85
Marine Bank	145,?63	144,?19	5?6,?28	5?7,?08
Atlantic Bank	?5,?98	?4,?94	2?0,?29	250,?08
Imp. & Trad's Bk.	187,?62	187,?06	1,?48,?62	1,?84,?35
Park Bank	169,?85	170,?98	5,?88,?44	5,?75,?99
Mech. Bk'g Assn.	?5,?61	?5,?69	5?5,?68	5?4,?47
Grocers' Bank	?8,?17	?7,?19	3?0,?71	3?8,?56
North River Bank	?5,?06	?5,?61	1?7,?02	1?1,?00
East River Bank	?0,?89	?7,?6?9	2?2,?57	2?9,?09
Manuf.& Mer.Bk.	130,?08	131,?02	5?6,?35	5?7,?85
N.Y.Dry DockCo.	141,?62	137,?58	1?6,?92	1?5,?24
N. Y. Exch. Bk.	7?,?98	79,?67	2?1,?02	2?0,?45?
Bull's Head Bank	114,?84	122 ?16	4?7,?77	4?5,?76?
N. Y. County Bk	?5,?11	?5,?79	2?4,?60?	3?0,?65?
Total	8,?25,?57	8,?01,?29	?7,?04,?76?	?6,?26,?07?
Increase	?23,?28	Increase	?78,?68?	

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

Stocks steady. Pennsylvania State Fives, 83; Reading Railroad, 15⅜; Morris Canal, 48; Long Island Railroad, 8½; Pennsylvania Railroad, 37. Sight Exchange on New-York at par@1-10 ℔ cent. discount.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 22, 1861—6 P. M.

The new Produce Exchange was formally opened to-day. Large numbers of buyers and sellers of Produce were present, and a very good commencement, in the way of business operations, was made. The attendance at the Corn Exchange under the circumstances, was also fair.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 78 bbls. Ashes, 11,061 bbls. Flour, 11,470 bushels Wheat, 1,482 bushels Corn, 1,088 bushels Barley, 750 bushels Oats, 1,624 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,010 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue in request at $5 50 for Pots, and $6 56¼ for Pearls, ℔ 140 lbs.

COTTON—Is brisker and dearer to-day, including Middling Upland at 13⅜c.@13½c., and other grades at proportionate rates, ℔ lb. Sales have been reported of 4,500 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand for State and Western Flour was more active, but holders were eager to sell, and, at each Exchange prices were a shade lower. The reported transactions add only 18,000 bbls., including Superfine State at $5@$5 10; ordinary to choice Extra State at $5 15@$5 35, mainly at $5 20@$5 25; Superfine Western at $5 00@$5 10; Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $5 17⅛@$6 10; Extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 25@$5 20; inferior Extra Ohio at $5 25@$6 35; round hoop Extra Ohio, shipping brands, $5 40@$5 55 ℔ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 00 @$5 10
Extra State	5 15 @ 5 35
Superfine Western	5 00 @ 5 10
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois	5 17⅛@ 6 10
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 25 @ 6 25
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 25 @ 5 36
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brds.	5 40 @ 5 55
Extra Ohio, trade brands	5 60 @ 7 10
Fancy Genesee	5 40 @ 5 50
Extra Genesee	5 60 @ 7 25
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	5 60 @ 7 25

Southern Flour is in lively demand, and is dearer; sales 3,900 bbls., at $5 35@$5 70 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $5 75@$7 50 for fancy to choice extra brands, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour is quiet, including inferior to very choice extra at $5 15@$7 50 ℔ bbl.; sales 650 bbls. Rye Flour is inactive at $3 20@$4 10 for fine and superfine ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in request, at $2 80@$2 85 for Jersey, and $3 10@$3 15 for Brandywine, ℔ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair demand, chiefly for export, but at irregular prices. We have heard of sales of 61,000 bushels, including Canada Club, at $1 25@$1 28; White Western at $1 40@$1 58; Red Western, at $1 32@$1 35; Amber Wisconsin at $1 29@$1 30; Milwaukee Club, at $1 26@$1 28; Northwestern Club, at $1 25; Chicago Spring, part at $1 24; Red State, at $1 27@$1 30; and choice Amber Long Island at $1 45, ℔ bushel. Corn is in good demand, but is unsettled. Sales 85,000 bushels, 63c. @64c. for new mixed Western; 67c.@68¾c. for old do. do.; 67¾c.@68 cents for Yellow Southern, and 70c.@72c. for White Southern, ℔ bushel. Rye is salable at 68c.@68¾c. ℔ bushel. Barley has been inactive. Sales 4,500 bushels, including State at 60c. and Canada at 65c., ℔ bushel. Oats continue in demand, including Canada at 35c.@36c.; Western at 34½c.@35¾c.; and State at 36c.@36½c. bushel.

HAY—Sales 700 bales North River, at 75c.@80c. ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are in slack request, including new at 16c. @24c., according to quality, ℔ lb.

METALS—Have been quiet at old quotations.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate request, and sales have been made of 450 bbls., in lots, at $18 75 for Mess, and $13 25@$13 50 for Prime, ℔ bbl. Cut Meats are quiet, at 8¼c.@8¾c. for Hams, and 6¾c.@7¼c. for Shoulders, ℔ lb. Lard is inquired for; sales, 350 tierces and barrels, in lots, at 9¾c.@10¾c. ℔ lb. Beef is in demand, at steady rates. There were 225 bbls. disposed of at $18 50@$11 50 for extra Mess, $8 75@$10 25 for repacked Western Mess, and $5 75@$6 25 for Country Mess, ℔ bbl. Beef Hams, $12@$15 ℔ bbl. Butter is in request, at 10c.@15c. for Western, and 14c.@19c. for State, ℔ lb. Cheese is selling at 7c.@10c. ℔ lb.

RICE—Sales 600 trcs., in lots, at $4 37@$5 ℔ 100 lbs

WHISKY—Sales, 500 bbls. at 19c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Have been somewhat brisker, but at easier rates. We quote: For Liverpool—Flour, 2s. 7d. @2s. 9d. ℔ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 9d.@9½d. Corn, 6d@6¼d. ℔ bushel; Cotton, 3-16d. ℔ lb.; Resin, 3s. 3d.@3s. 6d. ℔ 310 lbs.; Cheese, Lard and Bacon, 27s. 6d.@30s.; Tallow 25s. ℔ ton. For Glasgow, Flour, 2s. 3d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 8½d.@10d. ℔ bushel; Resin, 3s. 9d.@4s. ℔ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 35s. ℔ ton. For London—Flour, 2s.@2s. 3d. ℔ bbl.; Grain, 10d.@10½d. ℔ bushel; Resin, 3s. 6d. @3s. 9d.; Pork, 4s. ℔ bbl.; Beef, 2s. 6d. ℔ tierce; Bacon and Lard, 35s.; Cheese, 35s.; Tallow, 30s. ℔ ton.

THE UNION MEETING.

Speech of David S. Coddington.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: The iron hail at Fort Sumter rattles on every Northern breast. It has shot away the last vestige of national and personal forbearance. A loaf of bread on its way to a starving man was split in two by a shot from his brother. You might saturate the Cotton States with all the turpentine of North Carolina; you might throw upon them the vast pine forests of Georgia, then bury the Gulf storms' sharpest lightening into the combustible mass, and you would not redden the Southern horizon with so angry a glow as flashed along the Northern heart when the flames of Fort Sumter reached it. To-day, bewildered America, with her torn flag and her broken charter, looks for you to guard the one and restore the other. How Europe stares and liberty shudders, as from State after State that flag falls, and the dream breaks. Hereafter Southern history will be as bare as the pole from which the sundered pennant sinks, and treason parts with the last rag that concealed its hideousness.

This old ghost of disunion is at last a verity. For years it has been skulking semi-officially about the Capitol. Through the whole range of our parliamentary history every great question, from a tariff to a Territory, has felt it's clammy touch. Did it not drop its death's head into the tariff scales of '33, hoping to weigh the duties down to a conciliation level; did it not shoot its ghastly logic into the storm of '20, and frighten our soundest statesmanship into that crude calm called the Missouri Compromise; did it not sit grinning upon the deck of all our naval battles, hoping to get a turn at the wheel, that it might run the war of 1812 upon a rock; did it not stand up upon the floor of the first Congress and shake its bony fingers in the calm face of WASHINGTON; and did not our fathers, who stood unmoved the shock of GEORGE the Third's cannon, shudder in the presence of this spectre, when they thought how the infant Republic might be cast away upon its bleak and milkless breast. Then it was a thin, skulking, hatchet-faced ghost; at last, fed upon the granaries of Northern and Southern fanaticism, it has come to be a rotund, well fed, corpulent disaster. Southern passion may put on the war paint; Southern statesmanship may attempt to organize a pique into an empire, to elevate a sulk into a sacrament, by marrying disappointment to revolution and reducing a temporary constitutional minority into a hopeless organic political disaster. They may even propose in solemn convention to abolish the 4th of July, and throw all its patriotic powder into the murderous arsenal of fratricidal conflict, but they cannot, except through self-destruction, permanently disrupt our nationality. Talk of the wise statesmanship of the South! had they allowed Kansas to become a free State, they would have been in possession of the National Government at this moment. Although the repeal of the Missouri Compromise awoke the North from its deep sleep upon the slave question, yet the most economical outlay of prudence would have continued them in possession of the Government for an indefinite future. Then Mexico would have been possible without the awful leap which copies her morals without the possibility of possessing her territories. South Carolina once lived upon a potatoe to rout a king, and she is fast going back to that immortal vegetable in order to crown a fallacy. Our Republicanism means the whole nation, or it means nothing. Together the parts temper each other, asunder the aristocracy of the slave power makes equality a myth and the free radical North less safely Democratic.

If ABRAHAM LINCOLN has inaugurated a crash; if GEORGE WASHINGTON is to be no longer known as the successful contender for a combined and self-regulating nationality; if Bishop BERKELEY's star of empire has crumbled away into belligerent asteroids, and we are to fall, like CÆSAR, at the base of this black Pompey's pillar—we shall at least go into this holy battle for the Constitution with no law broken and no national duty unfulfilled. We have not stolen a single ship, or a pound of powder, or a dollar of coin to sully the sacred tramp with which patriotism pursues robbery and rebellion. All the ills of the South could have been remedied within the Constitution—all their wrongs righted by the victory of future votes. Shall I tell you what secession means?

It means ambition in the Southern leaders and misapprehension in the Southern people. Its policy is to imperialize Slavery, and to degrade and destroy the only free Republic in the world. It is a fog of the brain and a poison at the heart. Dodging the halter, it walks in a volcano which must explode whenever the tempestuous shock of Northern invasion shall render Slavery impossible. The day that Southern statesmanship turned pirate, Southern Slavery lost its last hold on Northern forbearance. God forbid that servile war should ever be on our consciences! but what power could restrain the frenzied passion of continuously provoked multitudes, when the taste of blood has brutalized their march?

We have not come here to talk about any man's party creed. We have not come to seek the falling fruits of patronage, but to save the beautiful and wide-spreading tree upon which all our blessings grow. Party and partyisms are dead; only grim, black powder isalive now. Who talks of Tammany or Mozart Hall? Who haunts the coal-hole or the wood pile, when all our soul's fuel is on fire for flag and country?

Did not Washington fight seven years, break ice on the Delaware, break bones and pull triggers on Monmouth field, send ten thousand bleeding feet to where no blood ever comes and pass from clouds of smoke to archways of flowers—for what? That States hould defy their best guardian, which is the nation, insult history, and make Republicanism impossible.

Here in this City of our love and pride, this cradle of the civil life of WASHINGTON, where despotism sheathed its last sword and constitutional liberty swore its first oath; where steam first boiled its way to a throne, and art and commerce and finance, and all the social amenities marshaled their forces to the sweet strain of the first Inaugural—here, where government began and capital centres, is the sheet-anchor of American loyalty. Nothing so disappoints secession as the provoking fidelity of New-York to the Constitution. From the vaults of Wall-street JEFFERSON DAVIS expected to pay his army, and riots in all the streets and in all towns and cities of the North to make their march a triumphant one. Fifty thousand men to-day tread on his fallacy. Gold is healthy, gold is loyal, gold is determined; it flows easy because the war is not to subjugate or injure any one, but to bring back within the protecting folds of the Constitution an erring and rebellious brother; a brother whom we have trusted and toasted, fought with side by side on the battle-field, voted for at the ballot-box, showered honor after honor upon his recreant head, while that brother was poisoning the milk in his mother's breast, striking a parricidal blow at the paternal Government which has protected and prospered us all as no people were ever so prospered and protected. Heretofore in our differences we have shouldered ballots instead of bayonets. With a quiet bit of paper in our hands we have marched safely through a hundred battles about tariff, bank, anti-liquor, anti-rent, and all those social and political questions about which a free people may amicably differ. If Slavery cannot be appeased with the old life of the ballot, depend upon it the bayonet will only pierce new wounds in its history. We have heretofore kept all our lead moulded into type that peaceably and intellectually we might enter the Southern brain, until passion and precipitation have forced us to melt down that type into a less friendly visitor.

KOSSUTH says that bayonets think, and ours have resolved in solemn convention to think deeply, act promptly, and end victoriously.

Do you wonder to-day to see that flag flying over all our reawakened national life, no longer monopolized by mast-head, steeple, or liberty-pole, but streaming forth, a camp signal from every private hearthstone, breaking out in love pimples all down our garments, running like wild vine flowers over whole acres of compact anxious citizenship. Why has that tender maiden turned her alabaster hands into heroic little flag-staffs, which, with no loss of modesty, unveils to the world her deep love of country? Do you see that infant show off its playthings, tottering under rosettes, and swathed in the national emblem by foreboding parents, who would protect its growth with this holy talisman of safety? Do you see, too, those grave old citizens, sharpened by gain-seeking, and sobered with law-expounding, invade their plain exterior with peacock hues, which proclaim such tenacity to a flag that has fanned, like an angel's wing, every form of our prosperity and pride?

It seems hard for palliosophy to divine how any section of the country, so comprehensively prosperous, could allow a mean jealousy of another portion a little more wealthy and populous as to hurry it on into rebellion, not against us, but a common Government and a common glory to which both are subject and both should love.

Does not each State belong to all the States, and should not all the States be a help and a guide to each State? Louisiana's sugar drops into Ohio's tea-cup, and should not every palace built on the Fifth-avenue nod its head amicably to whatever cotton receipts its bills? Over-pride of locality has been the scourge of our nationality.

When our thirty-one stars broke on the North Star, did not Texas as well as Pennsylvania light up the bleak arctic sky?

When the old flag first rose over the untouched gold of California, did not Georgia and New-York join hands in unveiling the t

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A GIRL, WHO HAS five years' recommendation from her last place, is desirous of a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or would go as waitress and chambermaid in a small family. Can be seen at No. 147 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., first floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A Scotch Protestant girl, a situation to do chamberwork and sewing, or to assist with the washing. Has good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 224 West 36th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—SITUATION WANTED by a respectable Protestant young woman, as chambermaid; good references. Can be seen for two days at No. 219 24th-st., corner 7th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a Protestant young woman, in the capacity of chambermaid and waitress, or chamberwork and plain sewing; good references can be given from her last place. Address No. 67 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a young woman as chambermaid, and to do fine washing and ironing; four years' reference from her two last places; is a good shirt ironer. Call at No. 264 16th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a competent young woman as chambermaid and nurse; thoroughly understands the care of children, or would go and sew in private families by the day; no objection to travel; can give 4 years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 196 East 21st-st., near 1st-av., top floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman a situation in a private family as chambermaid and seamstress or to mind children; can get the most unexceptionable recommendation from her last place, where she has lived over two years. Call at No. 105 East 26th-st., for three days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY two respectable girls, situations—one as chambermaid or laundress, the other to do waiting and chamberwork, or as waitress; both can produce the best of City reference. Can be seen for three days at 171 East 12th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a young woman as chambermaid, or would assist in taking care of children; everything satisfactory can be said in her behalf. Call at No. 10 Amity-place, second floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a young woman to do chamberwork and fine washing; has several years' City reference. Can be seen for two days at No 155 East 22d-st., between 2d and 1st avs., next house to the wire mills.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A LADY REMOVing to the country wishes to obtain a situation for her chambermaid, whom she can recommend very highly; she is fully competent to fill the place of chambermaid or seamstress. Wages no object. Apply at No 15 West 30th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable Protestant girl, a situation in a private family to do chamberwork and fine washing; has the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 22 East 12th-st., near University place.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED A SITuation, by a respectable young girl to do chamberwork and washing, or chamberwork and waiting; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 126 East Houston-st., second floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation by a respectable Protestant girl as chambermaid and laundress or as chambermaid and to assist in the care of children; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 362 2d-av., Room No 5.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED A SITuation as chambermaid and laundress; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 250 2d-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A very respectable girl, with City references, a situation to do chamberwork and sewing, or as nurse and chambermaid. Inquire at M C. Gaillard's, 51 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable girl, a situation to do chamberwork or washing and ironing; or chamberwork and waiting; would have no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 218 7th av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTABLE girl wants a situation as chambermaid or waitress; has no objection to go in the country; has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 45 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOman wants a situation as chambermaid, and to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 242 West 16th-st., in the rear.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress by a young woman, who can be well recommended, and would not object to go to the country. Can be seen, for two days, at the residence of her present employer, No. 65 Remsen-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; references given and required Call at No. 98 West 26th-st., for two days. No objection to go a short distance in the country.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived for some years. Call at No. 166 23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a young girl to do chamberwork or waiting in a small family; has no objection to go into the country. Can be seen for two days at her last place, No. 48 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable, young, neat, tidy girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as children's nurse and good plain seamstress, and a good embroiderer; does willingly what is required of her; has the best of reference; no objection to the country; call at No. 110 East 22d-st., for three days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; has the best of City reference; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 400 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chamberwork and to assist with children or plain sewing; good City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 210 1st-av., between 13th and 13th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable Protestant girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City references from her last place Can be seen for two days at No. 113½ 7th-av., between 18th and 19th sts., third floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted by a young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and nurse; has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 227 East 12th-st., third floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a young woman as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 50 East 23d-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman to do chamberwork and waiting; has good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No 156 East 22d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., next house to the wire mills.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted by a young woman thoroughly competent for the duties; can give the best of reference. Call at No. 134 West 26th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman as chambermaid and waitress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 259 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, OR NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable, neat girl desires a situation in City or country, in either of the above capacities; no objection to chamberwork and waiting; or nurse and plain sewing; she possesses an amiable disposition; has excellent reference. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.; wages moderate.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXperienced cook; Protestant; would have no objection to assist in the washing if required; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit, and all kinds of pastry; has the best of reference from her last place; has no objection to go in the country. Call for two days at No. 176 1st-av., between 10th and 17th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A first-class cook, in a respectable private family, in the City; understands all kinds of soups, meats, game and deserts; is a first-rate bread and biscuit baker; no objection to a large family; can furnish best of City reference. Inquire at No, 391 1st-av., near 19th-st., in the drug-store.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED IN A REspectable private family as cook; understands soups and meats, game and jellies, creams and pastry; good bread and cake baker; good reference given; country preferred; can be seen for two days at No. 89 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST class cook, in a hotel or boarding-house; understands all branches of cooking, soups, meats, pastries and jellies, and is an experienced baker; no objection to go in the country; has the best of City references. Call at No. 75 West 28th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A REspectable woman, in a private family; understands her business; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; has no objection to the coarse washing and ironing; two years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 73 West 17th-st., for three days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook; understands her business thoroughly; will do part of the washing, if required; no objection to the country; the best City reference can be given from her last place. Call at No. 1 Union-court, University place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A RESpectable young woman, as good cook in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived two years and six months. Apply at No. 488 6th-av., third floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED BY A PROTESTANT WOman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of meats, soups, and pastries; is a first-rate baker of bread and biscuit; has good city reference; can be seen for two days at No. 103 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation; is a first-class cook; has no objection to assist in the washing; the best of City reference given Inquire at No. 247 Mulberry-st., first floor, front room. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation as cook and to assist in washing an ironing, in a small private family either in City or country. Apply for two days at No. 196 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs.; has good City reference.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS A situation as first-class cook; she thoroughly understands her business; is capable of taking charge of a kitchen; she understands meats and all kinds of bread and pastry Call at No. 65 4th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK, by one who understands meats, pastry, and all kinds of deserts; and is also a good baker of bread; good City reference given from her employers. Apply at No. 65 4th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as first-class cook; is willing to assist in the washing if required; has the best of City reference from her last place; can be seen for two days at No 64 West 18th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., two doors from 6th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION; ONE who has five years City reference; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing; no objection to go in the country. Apply at No. 6 31st-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESpectable woman as cook, who understands her business, can produce good City references; no objections to the country. Apply at No. 377 2d-av., near 24th-st., in the candy store.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes to obtain a situation as cook, who thoroughly understands her business; the best of City reference given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 121 East 20th-st., a few doors off the 3d-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK by one who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, such as meats, soups and gravies, boning and larding, and pastry; anything required in a private family; can come well recommended from her last employer. Call, for two days, if not engaged, at No. 222 West 18th-st., in the rear building.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as first-rate plain cook; understands all kinds of baking; is willing to assist in washing and ironing if required; has the best City reference. Can be seen at No. 179 7th-av., near 22d st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to the country; has the best of reference. Call at No. 212 7th-av., one door from 24th-st., top floor, front room.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXperienced woman as cook, who understands all kinds of cooking; the best of City reference can be given. Call at No 135 29th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young woman a situation as good cook, washer and ironer in a small private family. Call, for two days, at No 237 Gold-st., Brooklyn, in the rear

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESpectable woman as cook in a respectable family; no objection to City or country. Call at No. 661 Hudson st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; good reference from her last place. Call at No. 77 West 27th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable woman, as first-class cook in a private family, or would have no objections to a first-class boarding-house, where there would be no washing required; understands jellies, game and pastry; is an excellent bread and biscuit-maker; has no objection to the country. Call, for two days, at No 240 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., over the bakery.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable woman, a situation to do the cooking and to assist with the washing and ironing of a small private family; has no objections to go a short distance in the country; a good plain cook and a first-rate washer and ironer; is also a good baker. Best of City reference can be given. Call, for two days, at No. 296 East 9th-st., second floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable young woman as good plain cook, washer and ironer, or would do general housework in a small family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; very best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 66 West 18th-st., first floor.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman as good cook, washer and ironer, and baker; understands pastry and poultry, and making butter, if required; no objection to the country; her employer can be seen Call at No. 91 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, for two days, first floor, front entrance in Hicks-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; understands her business thoroughly, and can produce the best of reference. Apply at No. 201 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., in the rear.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED D. A SITUATION BY a respectable young woman, as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; is an excellent bread and biscuit maker; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 127 West 19th-st., near 7th-av., first floor. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wants a situation in a private family as a good cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; is a good baker; can be seen for two days at No. 175 33d-st., near 8th av. third floor, front room. Best of City reference from her last place.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED BY A RESPECTAble widow woman, a situation as cook and assist with the washing and ironing, or laundress; no objection to go a short distance in the country; can give good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 87 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable girl as cook, washer and ironer; has the very best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived 8 years; is willing and obliging. Call at No. 119 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable young woman, as first-rate cook, and to assist in washing and ironing; has no objection to going in the country; good City reference will be given from her last place Call at No. 118 7th-av., third floor, back room. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS first-c ass cook, by a respectable woman, who understands cooking in all its branches. meats, soups, game, poultry and jellies; is a good pastry cook; has no objection to the country; has the best of City reference. Inquire at No. 13 Minetta-st., near Bleecker-st. and 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable girl as good plain cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to do the general housework of a small, private family; good reference can be given. Can be seen for two days at No. 210 1st-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTAble young woman, a situation to cook, wash and iron, or to do chamberwork. Can be seen for two days at the house of her present employer, 152 West 39th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A competent person as cook, and to wash and iron; good references can be given. Apply at No. 4 Horatio-st., in the rear, Room No 12.

AS COOK, &c.—A LADY, WHO IS GIVING UP housekeeping is desirous of procuring a situation, in a private family, for her girl, as plain cook, good washer and ironer. Call at No. 125 West 45th st.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A young girl as cook, washer and ironer; best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 6 Leroy-st., near Bleecker.

AS COOK-CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUAtion, by a Protestant Englishwoman and her daughter; the former as good cook and baker; understands the care of milk and butter; the latter as chambermaid and waitress or child's nurse; is a good sewer; is fond of children; have City reference Call at No. 111 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs Can be seen for two days; no objection to the country.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED by two Protestant Scotch girls sisters, the one as cook; would assist in washing and ironing, and the other as chambermaid; would assist in washing and ironing; prefers going a short distance in the country. Can be seen for two days at No 2 Gansevoort-st., near 8th av., and West 13th-st.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTed, situations by two respectable girls; one to do cooking, washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children; has the best of City reference from their last place for three years. Can be seen at No. 111 Smith-st., first floor, back room.

AS COOK, CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, situations by two women; one as cook, understands baking; is willing to assist in washing; the other as chambermaid and fine washer, or chamberwork and sewing; are willing to go in the country; good references given. Call for two days at No. 53 Butler-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED by two respectable girls, situations, one as good plain cook washer and ironer, and the other as chambermaid and waitress, or house-work; have the best of City references from their last place Can be seen at No. 265 West 24th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—TWO sisters wish situations: one as cook, washer and ironer; the other to do chamberwork and take care of children. Address No. 270 Atlantic-st., between Smith and Boerrum sts., Brooklyn; can be seen for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK AND CHAMBERMAID.—A FAMily giving up housekeeping wish to find situations for their cook, and also for their chambermaid or waitress, both of whom they can recommend. Apply at No, 224 Madison-av.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A TRUSTworthy woman, fully competent for her duties desires a situation in City or country, in the above capacities; is a good cook and baker; a thorough laundress; can produce the best references for honesty, sobriety and competency. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, situations by two sisters, who wish to live together; one as cook and the other as chambermaid; they have excellent City reference. Apply in person, or by note, at No. 148 East 41st-st.

AS COOK—WAITRESS.—WANTED, SITUAtions by two respectable women, one as cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches, all kinds of soups, game, and pastry and jellies; is a good baker. The best of reference given. Also, one as waitress, by a respectable young woman, who perfectly understands her business; is capable of taking charge of the silver and dining-room. The best of reference given. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 15 West 18th-st., near 5th-av.

AS COOK—WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, SITUations by two Protestant young women—one as cook and to assist in washing; the other to do waiting and assist with chamberwork if required; has no objections to go in the country for the summer; would prefer to be in one house if convenient. Call, for two days, at No. 275 6th-av., between 17th and 18th sts.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A clean, civil and capable woman, with excellent City references, wishes a situation as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook; is also a good cake and pastry baker, and an excellent laundress; has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 372 6th-av., over the drug-store.

AS DAY DRESSMAKER.—A COMPETENT dressmaker wants to make engagements by the day or week; superior reference. Apply at No. 635 8th-av., between 44th and 45th sts, in the millinery-store.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, by a respectable girl, a situation in a small private family, to do general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer, and can do plain cooking. Can be seen for two days at No. 391 7th av., between 34th and 35th sts., top floor, front room. Good City reference from her last place.

AS GENERAL HOUSE SERVANT.—A VERY tidy, respectable and well recommended girl wants a situation in the City or country to do cooking, washing and ironing or general housework; is a first-rate washer and ironer, economical and an obliging servant. Apply at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

AS HOUSEKEEPER, STEWARDESS OR COMPANION.—A situation wanted by a respectable widow woman; best of City reference. Address Mrs. GORDON, for one week, Box No. 159 *Times* Office.

AS LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a Protestant woman; understands hair-dressing, French fluting, and making up embroideries; is a good trimmer and sewer, and can produce first-class City reference; no objection to travel. Address for 2 days, A. F., No. 84 Hammond-st., corner of Bleecker.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a young woman as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing; or would go as chambermaid and seamstress; understands her business perfectly. Good City references can be given. Call at No. 16 East 31st st., New-York, for two days.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation, by a respectable woman, as lady's maid and seamstress; would be willing to do light chamberwork. Has good reference from her last place Call at No. 399 6th-av., third floor front room. Can be seen for two days.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a young woman as laundress; who thoroughly understands her business; has lived three years in her last place, where good City reference can be given. Can by seen for two days at No. 256 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., top floor.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as laundress by a girl who thoroughly understands her business and can do French fluting; has the best of City references. Call at No. 298 West 36th-st, near 10th-av., in the rear. Can be seen for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS NURSE by a very steady, competent person; she can take the entire charge of a young infant or grown children; can do plain sewing, if necessary; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 77 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman, a situation as nurse; she has been in that capacity for many years; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; has the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 76 4th av., corner of 10th-st., in the fancy-store.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A NEAT, COMPEtent young woman, a situation as nurse in a respectable private family; can come well recommended. Apply at No 408 3d-av., near 30th-st., for two days,

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a Protestant young woman as nurse and seamstress, or as chambermaid and seamstress; would have no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 44 32d-st, between Madison and 4th avs.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman a situation as nurse; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth, or grown up children, and do plain sewing; the best of City reference from her last place; no objections to go a short distance in the country with a respectable family. Address R. F., Box No. 186 *Times* Office.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid; would have no objections to the country for the Summer; is capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth. Can be seen for one day at her present employer's, No. 133 East 16th-st.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable young girl as child's nurse and seamstress; no objection to make herself generally useful. Call at No. 6 31st-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS wet Nurse, by a respectable married woman in a private family. Can be seen for two days at 99 West 19th-st., first floor, front room.

AS NURSE OR CHAMBERMAID.—A SITUAtion wanted, by a respectable American Protestant girl as nurse or chambermaid in a small, private family; no objections to go in the country for the Summer; good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 122 West 26th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable middle-aged Protestant woman, as nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking care of a baby from its birth; or would be willing to wait on an aged lady; no objections to go to the country for the Summer. Best of City references given. Call, for two days, at No. 94 West 24th-st., first floor, back room

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a young woman as nurse and seamstress; is fully competent to take the entire charge of a young infant; or as chambermaid and seamstress; is fully competent to fill any of the above capacities; has the best of City reference from where she has lived in the highest families. Call at No. 156 East 11th-st., corner of Avenue A; can be seen for two days.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A Protestant young woman wishes the above situation in City or country; has the best of City reference; is of kind disposition and very fond of children. Can be seen at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable young woman as nurse and seamstress; can operate on a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine; best City reference given. Call at No. 67 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like to go out by the day or week to sew; understands all kinds of family sewing and children's clothing and dressmaking; no objection to travel with a lady to Europe; unexceptional reference given as to capability and integrity. Call for two days, or address a note, No. 123 1st-av., between 7th and 8th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a respectable young woman as seamstress; can operate Wheeler's machine, or as chambermaid and waiter; would like the country for the Summer; has four year's reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No 217 West 23d-st., corner 8th-av., first floor, front room, over grocery-store.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION As seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; has no objection to grown children or to do light chamberwork. Can be seen for two days at No. 400 2d-av., in the dry goods store; would like to get with a lady traveling.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable American girl, a situation as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; would also assist in taking care of children, or would do light chamberwork and sewing; would have no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at No. 218 7th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a competent young woman as seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, take charge of growing children; would board with the lady. Apply at No. 108 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Good reference can be given; can be seen for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY AN American Protestant woman, a situation as seamstress and to wait upon grown-up children, or to wait upon an elderly lady; lived seven years and eight months in her last place. Can be seen at No. 244 West 16th-st., third floor.

AS SEAMSTRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted by an English Protestant girl, a situation as seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress, Can be seen, for two days, at No. 211 10th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

AS WAITRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl wishes a situation as waitress or chambermaid and waitress; is willing and obliging; no objection to go to the country; can give the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 40 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a Protestant young woman as first-class waitress; understands her work thoroughly; or chamberwork and sew; can fill either situation to give entire satisfaction; has got the best of City reference. Call at present employer's, No. 119 West 14th-st., for three days.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable girl, as waitress, or to do chamberwork and waiting; best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days at 90 West 28th-st., second floor, front room.

AS WAITRESS.—SITUATION WANTED BY A young woman, as first-class waitress in a private family; good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 63 West 20th st., one door from 6th-av., 2d floor.

AS WAITRESS OR NURSE.—A YOUNG woman wants a situation as waitress or would take care of children and do plain sewing. Can be seen for two days at No 85 West 25th-st., near the 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Situation wanted by a young woman as competent waitress or chambermaid, and to assist in the washing and ironing, or to do general housework; is a good washer and ironer; good reference from her last situation; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at No. 201 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., in the rear

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—WANTED, situations for a large number of excellent servants of every description, highly recommended by Brooklyn Ladies whom they have served, many of which are desirous of going in the country. Employers who favor us with their patronage will find our business conducted on honorable principles, and in every instance where there is a disappointment or no servant supplied, no fee will be charged.

MANNING & CO.,
No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation in the linen department of a hotel or institution, or any situation where the services of a trustworthy person would be required and valued; the very best reference will be given. Call or address No. 92 24th-st., near 6th-av., for one week.

WANTED.—CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES who wish to economize by employing good faithful women and girls, at moderate wages, are invited to call or send to the Institute and Home, No. 69 6th-av., founded in 1842, where efficient domestics, in every department, can be had. The proprietor, E. CARROLL, has known many of these women and girls from 5 to 15 years.

A RESPECTABAE COUPLE WISH TO take charge of a public building, with offices, or a private house. They will be well recommended by their present employer. Call at Pennemen's Building, No. 42 East 14th-st. Can be heard until engaged.

TO TRAVEL.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES TO travel to Europe with a family; would take care of children, and is willing to return, if required. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 89 5th av., between 16th and 17th sts.

HOME WANTED—FOR A SMART, INTELLIgent American girl, 14 years of age. Wages no object as she is desirous of obtaining a comfortable home. Address, A. B., Box 175 *Times* Office.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS ALWAYS ready for City or country—German, English, Scotch, Irish, &c, at the Institute and Home, conducted by an American lady, No. 138 11th-st., corner of 6th-av. Open from 7 A. M. till 9 P. M.

A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE GIRL 18 YEARS of age, wishes a situation with a good family in Jersey City; best of references. Apply at No. 86 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

MALES.

AS BOOKKEEPER, &c.—THE ADVERTISER is desirous of obtaining a situation in a store or office in any capacity where he could make himself useful; understands bookkeeping by double entry, and would be glad to take the situation of some one, while they are absent in the service of their country. Best of references given. Address LALOR, Box No. 552, Post-office.

AS BUTLER.—THE ADVERTISER, A STEADY, respectable man, wants employment in the above capacity; has a thorough knowledge of his business, with the best City reference; satisfactory cause given for leaving. Can be seen for one week at present employer's, No. 18 Washington-square, New-York City.

AS CLERK, OR ASSISTANT SALESMAN.—Wanted, by the son of a late British Consul, a situation in any wholesale store, as junior clerk or assistant salesman; he writes a very good hand, and has a thorough knowledge of German, having studied that language in Germany. Address Messrs. CAMP & PHILIPS, No 61 Broadway.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a single man of long experience in the care and treatment of horses in Europe and America; is a most thorough groom and steady driver; is not afraid of hard work. Has the best of City reference. Address or call at No. 79 Bleecker-st., or a note addressed to L. D., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, will be promptly attended to.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTAble single man, a native of England, a situation as coachman; one who thoroughly understands the treatment and management of horses in general; has no objections to go to any part of the country; can give the best of City references. Address A. B., at Mr. Disbrow's Riding Academy, corner 6th-av. and 39th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A MAN WANTS A SITUAtion as coachman; has the best of City references; knows his business in all its branches; reason for leaving his present place the family is going to Europe. Can be seen at his employer's, No. 39 Union square, from 9 till 2 o'clock.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED A SITUATION, BY a respectable young man as coachman in a private family; is a good groomsman and a careful driver; is well acquainted with New-York and Brooklyn. Can be seen at No. 264 5th-av., with his last employer; is not afraid of work; has good City reference.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman by a Protestant single man who has lived in some of the best families in this City for twelve years; can be well recommended by any of them. Can be seen at No. 50 4th-av., opposite the Bible House, or at No. 901 Broadway, corner 20th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable young man, as coachman and gardener; he understands his business in all its branches; the best of reference given from his last employer. Address P. L., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN, &c.—WANTED, BY A Protestant young man fully competent and willing to work, a situation as coachman and vegetable gardener; has excellent City reference. Address T. D., Box No. 199 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A neat tidy girl, a situation to do chamberwork and waiting, and assist with the washing and ironing; will be found willing and obliging, and can bring the very best City reference; would be willing to go with a family to the country for the Summer. Call for two days at No. 109 11th-st, in the store, between 1st and 2d avs.

AS COACHMAN—COOK.—WANTED, BY A married couple without encumbrances, situations; one as coachman the other as cook; the man has a thorough knowledge of his business in all its branches, and can furnish most satisfactory references from his last and former employers; the woman is a good plain cook; they have no objection to go into the country. Can be seen for two days by applying at P. Stilling's, No. 1,023 Broadway, or a note addressed to J. W., at the same place, will be promptly attended to.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTed, by a respectable married man, a situation as coachman and gardener; is a good farmer; understands his business thoroughly; can take charge of a gentleman's place; is the very best of City and country references. Address M. D., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, or Mr. Thorburn, No. 15 John-st., for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A SITUation as coachman and gardener wanted by a respectable single young man; understands his business perfectly in both branches; understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables and flowers, and everything connected with the care and management of a gentleman's place; can come well recommended from his last place. Address P. R., Box No. 199 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN OR GARDENER.—WANTed, by a single young man, English, a situation as coachman or plain gardener. Address J. J., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED by a single young man a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses perfectly; has no objection to City or country, and is willing to make himself generally useful; understands plain gardening if required. Address M. C., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, A situation by a single man of temperate habits and good moral character, as coachman and groom; understands the care of horses and carriages, plain gardening, farming, &c. Can give good references. Address J. S., Box No. 124 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a Protestant German single man, a situation as coachman and groom; has had long experience in the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; has excellent City reference; no objection to the country. Can be seen for three days at No. 124 4th-av., near 12th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SITUATION wanted by a young man as coachman; is a good groom and a careful driver; six years and a half good reference given; no objections of taking care of a vegetable garden. Address, for two days, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, by a young man, a situation as coachman and groom; understands the care and management of horses, and is careful driver; is willing to assist in a garden; can give good reference from last employer. Address M. E., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

COACHMAN OR GROOM.—A SITUATION wanted by a young man who can show the most satisfactory recommendations for honesty, sobriety and capability; is willing and obliging; would keep a small garden in order if required. Address M. M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable man, as farmer; he thoroughly understands farming in all its branches; is a good gardener; can get first-class reference from his last employers as to capability and integrity. Address H. D., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for two days, or B. R. Bidle, No. 35 Wall-st.

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AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, by a respectable man, a situation

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 23, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the TIMES Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

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Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—NIXON'S ROYAL CIRCUS.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—THE SEVEN SISTERS.

WINTER GARDEN—RICHELIEU.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—THE RIVALS.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE—THE QUEEN OF THE ABRUZZI—THE GOLDEN AX—THE DEATH TOKEN.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN. Evening—CAPITOLA.—CURIOSITIES AT ALL HOURS.

CHURCH'S PAINTING—"THE HEART OF THE ANDES"—at Low's Building, corner Court and Joralemon streets, Brooklyn.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Telegraphic communication with Washington is still an impossibility, but we receive gratifying assurances through other channels that the Capital may now be considered safe against the assault of any force which is likely to be brought against it. The number of troops now there must be at least ten thousand, and will probably be twenty thousand within twenty-four hours.

The report relative to the bombardment of Baltimore by Fort McHenry is not confirmed, though it is stated, on the authority of persons who have recently passed through there, that it is menaced by its guns. From all accounts which reach us, Baltimore must be in a condition of almost utter anarchy, from which the efforts of the authorities are insufficient to wrest it. That an attack on Fort McHenry is contemplated there is not the slightest doubt, and that the commander of the fort will retaliate by opening upon the city is considered certain.

Among the startling reports which reach us from the South is one to the effect that the City of Norfolk and the Gosport Navy-yard at Portsmouth have been burned, and that all the United States vessels there have been sunk, by order of the Government. Passengers from Norfolk who arrived at Baltimore on Saturday, by the steamer *Louisiana*, state that the officers had destroyed or removed all the Government property, and it was understood that the place would be be destroyed by fire *on Saturday*. They reported the Government ships, the *Merrimac* and *Germantown*, as already scuttled. To give credibility to these rumors, the ship *Julia E. Tyler*, at this port, in twenty-one hours from Hampton Roads, having sailed on Saturday afternoon, reports, on the authority of a pilot, that both Norfolk and the Navy-yard were in flames. No explanation was given. Captain LOWRY had distinctly noticed the flames before the pilot arrived to take the ship to sea. Among those who are best informed as to the designs of the Government, the destruction of the Navy-yard is considered probable, while the sinking of two valuable naval ships is seriously doubted; and if Norfolk has been burned, it is referred to a rising of the slave population, which is known to have been in a very uneasy state for years.

The Board of Aldermen last night concurred with the Councilmen in passing the ordinance raising $1,000,000 by City bonds, to be appropriated to the prosecution of the war. A resolution was offered appropriating $500,000 for the use of the Union-square Committee, and another was adopted appointing a Committee to report as to the probable cost of uniforming and equipping the volunteers. The salaries of City employes enlisting were continued. The Mayor sent a message recommending the million war loan, but the Aldermen transacted all their war business first, and then sent the message to a Committee afterwards. In the Board of Councilmen, besides the $1,000,000 appropriated for the equipment of soldiers and for the support of their families, $500 were voted for a stand of colors for the Firemen's Brigade, and $1,000 for a full-length portrait of Major ANDERSON. A Committee was appointed to receive, on their arrival in this City, the remains of the Massachusetts soldiers who were murdered by the Baltimore mob. The death of Mr. SLIDELL, the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Board, was announced, and resolutions of respect to his memory were adopted.

The promptness with which the State of New-York is responding to the call for volunteers is parallel with that of Massachusetts. A dispatch from Albany informs us that eighty-three companies have already applied for inspection—that six regiments are complete, and seven more will soon be awaiting orders. There have been forwarded to the Springfield Armory orders for twenty-three thousands stands of arms.

A monstrous meeting of the New-York Bar was holden in the new City Hall yesterday afternoon, to take measures and raise means for the benefit of the families of those who have enlisted in the defense of their country. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and $25,000 were subscribed for the purposes mentioned.

The Exempt Firemen held an enthusiastic meeting at Firemen's Hall last night, and, with acclamation, adopted resolutions binding them to hold themselves in readiness to do the duties of active firemen during the absence of the Zouave Fire Brigade Regiment from the City.

Whatever may be the strength of the secession sentiment in Maryland, it is evident that it pervades but a very small portion of the population of Delaware. At Wilmington, yesterday afternoon, a most enthusiastic Union meeting was held, embracing men of all parties, at which strong resolutions in favor of sustaining the Government were passed.

Fort Monroe being now garrisoned by a sufficient number of "good men and true," may bid defiance to all attempts the Secessionists may make against it. It is one of the strongest forts in the United States, and constitutesthe north point of the entrance to James River, and, with Fort Calhoun, which is one mile distant, commands the entrance to that river. The fort itself is very large. The walls are more than a mile in circuit, very thick and high, surrounded by a moat which is from sixty to one hundred feet wide, with eight feet of water, drawbridge and outer batteries. It mounts some three hundred heavy guns, has mortars for throwing shells, furnaces for heating balls, &c. Nothing could approach within three miles, except under the fire of all these batteries. The walls inclose seventy-five acres, in the centre of which is a vast parade ground—the quarters of the troops facing the latter on all sides.

We are authorized to say that the steamship *Fulton* will positively sail as advertised, for Southampton and Havre, on Saturday, 27th inst., at noon. Among her passengers are many of the American Ministers and other officials going to Europe.

The Mail steamship *Bienville*, J. D. BULLOCK, Commanding, from Havana on the 18th inst. at 1 P. M., with the mails and passengers, arrived last evening. She left at Havana the steamer *Cahawba*, to sail on the same day for New-Orleans. Also, the steamer *Empire City*, from Indianola, with United States troops, which would sail on the 19th at 4 P. M. for New-York. On the 22d inst., at 9 A. M., the *Bienville* passed the steamers *R. R. Cuyler*, *Columbia* and *Harriet Lane*, bound south. The health of Havana still remains good. The last received intelligence from England *vid* New-York, having been of a favorable character, holders of sugar increased their pretensions to 6¼@6½ reals per arrobe for D. S. No. 12, upon which basis considerable activity existed. Molasses continued without any improvement, and Freights without any alteration in rates, the continued influx of tonnage preventing any advance. Sterling Exchange (60-day bills) 8@9 per cent. premium; New-York (60-day bills) par to 1¼ per cent. discount; New-Orleans (short) par to 2 per cent. premium.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, there was only one trial. The prisoner was convicted of seduction. Two or three pleas were taken, and the Court adjourned to attend the war meeting of the lawyers.

There was an average recovery of *three per cent.* on the Stock Exchange yesterday, and less feverishness on the influence of the Civil War, at the close of business. Exchange on London is ¼ per cent. lower, quoted for the *Persia's* mail of Wednesday at 106@106¼ per cent. No change in Money rates.

Business in Cotton was active and prices were higher. A better demand prevailed for Breadstuffs at, however, irregular prices. The movements in Coffee, Rice and Whisky were more extensive. Provisions, Molasses, Metals, Oils, Hides and Leather were inactive. The changes in other branches of trade were not important.

The People Demand Action.

Measured by intensity of feeling and a proper appreciation of the crisis, the President and the Cabinet at Washington are far behind the people. They are like a person just aroused from sleep, and in a state of dreamy half-consciousness. They have not yet, for the first time, accepted the logic of facts as palpable as noonday. From the first, Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS has been aiming at the capture of Washington, when he would very likely hang the whole of them could he catch them, while they have been deluding themselves that he was only playing a part, and would some day, perhaps, form one of their number, as he did of the Cabinet of Mr. PIERCE.

The class of people they come in contact with, unfortunately, are office-seekers. These men could never come to a realizing sense that the traitors were in earnest. No events could impress them with this conviction. The seizure of the Mint at New Orleans, and the Navy-yard at Pensacola, and the great treason of TWIGGS, seemed to be looked at as the freak of some wild fellows, but as indicating nothing like a deliberate and well-conceived plan. Take the case of Virginia. A majority of the Convention never thought of proposing terms of reconciliation that did not strike at the root of all Government. Its ultimatum was an insult to common sense. The whole drift and tendency of things was towards *secession*. This was the inevitable result. Yet Government, blind to this fact, left a large quantity of arms at Harper's Ferry, which would have been seized by the traitors but for the forethought and gallantry of Lieut. JONES.

This case may be taken as an example of the uniform dilatory action of the Government from the start. The trade between the North and the rebels, whereby the latter have been supplied with tons of powder and vast quantities of arms and munitions of war, has been prosecuted with the utmost energy up to the present day, without an effort of Government to put a stop to it. The loss of thousands, and probably tens of thousands, and the waste and destruction of millions of property must be the consequence. We showed a long time ago that the South could not carry on a single campaign unless the North supplied their munitions of war, and filled their commissariat. This we have done for a pretty tough campaign, at least, with the entire consent and approbation of the Government. This want of appreciation of the contest, has really given the enemy all the strength it possesses. But for what the North has supplied to it within the past three months, it could not have ventured upon a single pitched battle. The South had been arming with tremendous vigor, from our own workshops, while our Government has had almost its entire thoughts occupied in the distribution of offices.

The past cannot now be remedied, and we would not complain could we see any symptoms of improvement for the future. But we fear that precious hours and days may still be frittered away by red-tapeism on the one hand, and inertness on the other. We are repeating the experience of England in the Crimean war, when all was ardor and action on one side, and incompetence and indifference on the other. Who does not remember the fearful penalty paid both in life and money? These blunders lost England her prestige in the eyes of the whole world. But for the people the Government would have been everlastingly disgraced. We must take care, or we shall fall in the same way. Let every one consider the present popular feeling, and ask himself whether the Administration adequately represents and embodies it. The men to incarnate this feeling and to stand forth as its type, the occasion is yet to bring forth.

But subordination is natural to the North. We must act according to precedent and law. Those who are at present wielding the power must continue to guide events. The people consequently must act upon them, and infuse into them something of their life and order. They must be fused by being mixed with the molten mass of humanity. Their duties can be suggested in a manner which cannot be disregarded. Let them consider that we are in a contest of life and death. One of the combatants must go down. An instinct of self-preservation should teach them to stop supplies of all kinds. Starve the enemy out. Seal up instantly every Southern port. Close the Mississippi and the railroads. Concentrate 100,000 at the most important strategetical points. If 100,000 are not enough, call for 200,000. The temper of the North is up. A half a million of men and a hundred millions of dollars can be had for the asking. Deal a blow that shall strike terror into every traitor's heart. Any day now wasted in inaction will cost a thousand lives. In war no policy is so cruel for a strong Power as a temporizing one. A great battle is to be fought. Fight it with the enemy half prepared. Let those who stand as the legal representatives of our power reflect and embody the spirit of the nation, and all will be well. If they do not all will be lost.

THE MASSACHUSETTS DEAD.—We think few men read Gov. ANDREW'S dispatch to the Mayor of Baltimore, requesting him to care for the Massachusetts dead "tenderly," and to send on their remains for honored burial by the Commonwealth, without tears. Yes, those bodies battered and bruised by the brutal mob, are sacred. "Tenderness" is not too gentle a word to be used for the care of them. From the plow and the fishing-boat, those hardy men, bearing the names and the memories of Concord, and Lexington, and Bunker Hill, came forth, as their fathers did of old, to offer their lives for Liberty's dear sake. Foremost in the Second War of Independence, as their forefathers were in the First, the very day on which the men of Lexington stained the green sward with the first blood of this Revolution, saw the men of this generation stain the streets of Baltimore with the first blood of this greater struggle.

All honor, then, to those humble men of Massachusetts, the first victims in the new war of Liberty. Unlike their ancestors, they died far from home and native soil, but like them, they died for their country. The whole nation owns them. Their names shall be preserved in the country's roll of honor.

Yes, bear the battered bodies "tenderly;" they are more sacred than the relics of the saints. Wherever they pass, let the nation's flag, which they died to defend, wave over them; let cannon thunder the martial honor, and let women and children come to drop a tear over the Massachusetts dead, who died for Country and Liberty.

The American Question in Europe—Prospects of Secession There.

The tone of the English and French journals, brought by yesterday's steamer, furnishes a curious reflex of the aspect of American affairs a month ago. That period—which was the date of their latest American advices—has, by the events of the past ten days, become so separated from the "situation" which the drama has now assumed, that it is difficult to realize how narrow is the chronologic interval between us and then. It is quite a mental experience to be transported back to the time when Mr. LINCOLN was laboring under "embarrasments" as to the evacuation of Fort Sumter, troubled respecting what to do next, and unconsciously permitting the clutch of the midnight murderer to approach nearer and nearer the throat of the nation, while he valiantly pursued the Utopian theory of Presidential duty.

It is evident that the American question had reached that condition at which, without further light, it was insoluble to the European mind. "Matters are no doubt tending to a solution," says the London *Times*; "but so languidly and so darkly, that it is impossible with any confidence to predict what will next ensue." Many of the speculations in which the European journals indulge have, of course, been rendered wholly obsolete by the progress of what one of them, with prophetic forecast, designates as the "Great American Revolution." A peaceful solution was ardently hoped for—and, indeed, if we remember the confidence with which Mr. SEWARD predicted "sixty days" as the lease of life of secession, such expectations are no way surprising. "It is difficult," declares the London *Post*, "to suppose that the secession dispute will not end amicably. It is so irrational, unprofitable, and so undignified and impolitic, that sane men are not likely to shun the opportunity of reconciliation." "Sane men!" quotha; it is not with sane men, but with men insane with ambition, that the Government of these States has had to deal!

There are some passages which sharply recall the mind to the condition of coma in which the Administration seemed plunged a month ago. If, indeed, it be taken into consideration that the following utterances bear the very date of the enunciation by this journal of the necessity of a decided policy on the part of the Government, it must be evident how imperative was the demand for active treatment:

"Thus the critical days and weeks fly by," says the *Times*, "and we know no more of the plans of the American Government, and, for aught we can see, the *American Government knows no more of its plans* than on the first day when it acceded to office with a manifesto, the interpretation of which has exercised all the controversial talent of the country, and hitherto without leading to any conclusion. * * * *While the Councils of the North are thus vacillating and undecided*, the men of the South are working out the problem they have undertaken with every appearance of calmness and deliberation."

The London *News* is still more emphatic:

"In Europe we cannot understand how it is that a Chief Magistrate is without what may be called an Executive; he is in authority, but has no authority to act promptly and energetically. *With us it would have been a word and a blow. Rebellion would have encountered opposition from the first moment of its raising its head, and the struggle would not terminate until the insurrection had been put down or had achieved a revolution.* In America it is different. There are so many Sovereign States that there appears to be no compact with the measure of the law. The Republic is divided, outraged, insulted, but no action has been taken."

The "three eminent citizens, the agents of a dissatisfied people," had not reached Europe, so that their reception is yet to chronicle. The *Opinion Nationale*, of Paris, however, in anticipation of their mission to France, discusses the question of the "recognition by Europe of the Slave States," in an article not greatly encouraging to any fantasies cherished by the Slave-Secessionists. After showing up the contemptible fallacy on which secession rests, affirming that "the rebellion of those States against the Federal Government has no right to be regarded in the character of a struggle between two hostile nations," and that "their recognition by the United States is an indispensable condition of foreign recognition," it proceeds thus to state their chances of moral support on the part of European nations:

"Those Slave States, whose past is so deplorable and whose present situation is so false, are coming to implore the moral support of England and France. They forget that both France and England have assumed enormous sacrifices in order to abolish Slavery in their Colonial possessions. They forget that England boasts of being the freest nation in the world, and that France gives its blood and its treasure to aid enslaved peoples to recover their liberty. We can understand that the liberal Powers of Europe preserve friendly relations with certain countries, even though Slavery exist there, as was the case with the United States, and as is the case with Brazil; *but a retrograde faction which in the name of Slavery throws a country into confusion can neither claim nor receive the esteem or sympathy of the free nations of the world.*"

It is, in fact, not permitted for a moment to doubt what must be the attitude of the European Powers towards the Confederacy of traitors, in view of the events of the past week. No Ministry could withstand the storm of indignation which the recognition of that Slave Power would evoke. But there is no disposition on the part of Ministries to do any such thing. There is strong evidence to conclude that even the class whom the rebels hoped to cajole by commercial bribes now unmistakably see that it is but a lure and would turn to ashes. There were articles marked by a low morality on this score in the leading English journal some time since; but it is plain that even that commercial class whose sympathies those articles were supposed to express is now disenthralled of that delusion, and England is able to give practical proof of the boast which it has long been her glory to be able to make, that, with her, material interests have never stood in the way of Principle.

But if these things were so a month since, what will be the effect of the intelligence soon to reach them of the cannonading in Charleston Harbor and all the echoes it has awaked? How will the "Southern Confederacy" then appear? There can be but one result. All sophisms must then be blown away. The tide of Patriotism surging across the Atlantic will bring a return tide that will cover the traitors with the scorn and indignation of the world.

MASSACHUSETTS PROMPT IN ALL THINGS.—We learned last night from Boston, that as soon as news was received by Gov. ANDREW of the break in communication with Washington, and the consequent difficulty in obtaining immediate supplies of food for a garrison, he made arrangements to send on at once ten days' rations for the six thousand men that Massachusetts now has in the field.

A barrel of biscuit at the right moment has been said to be as good as twenty men; and we trust the wise forethought of Massachusetts will stimulate others to action.

England and America.

The British Press has swung round again. At the outset of the secession movement, its sympathies, (if such cold-blooded speculations deserve the name,) were with the American Government. It saw no good reason for destroying a Union which had made the American people so prosperous, and purchased so largely of British goods. British trade had increased largely under the stimulus of good government in the United States,—therefore these organs of British opinion were opposed to its destruction.

Presently came a nipping frost to all these sympathies. It came in the shape of the Morril tariff. The American Government proposed to tax British iron, British cloth, and various other British goods,—and it was even suspected that this was done for the benefit of American manufactures. The Negro Confederacy, on the other hand, talked about Free Trade. They proposed to form an alliance with Great Britain, and admit the products of her labor free of duty. Here was a revelation. What a chance for British iron-makers and cotton-spinners! What golden visions of wealth dazzled the eyes of John Bull. Forthwith the British Press began to consider the other side of the question. England, after all, in spite of her sympathy with law and order and government,—in spite of her hatred of negro slavery, must consult her interests. She must sell her goods, and she had no right to inquire into the moral character of her customers. Slavery was very bad to be sure,—but then, you know, we must have cotton. National relations cannot be regulated by the code of morals. There were a great many reasons against the recognition of this new Government,—but, then, the prospect of Free-trade was a powerful lure, and the British Press thought that, on the whole, England must look at things as they are and not as she would have them, and recognize the *fact* that the American Union was utterly, finally and hopelessly dissolved.

But the wind shifts again—and the British Press shifts with it. The new Confederacy puts an *export* duty on cotton! British goods may *come in* free,—but the material out of which they are made goes out burdened by a heavy duty. This is a new revelation of human depravity, and the British Press is shocked accordingly. It visits upon JEFF. DAVIS and his gang of rebels the choicest epithets in its copious vocabulary. John Bull could have forgiven rebellion, Slavery, the Slave-trade, piracy, plunder, anything and everything but an export duty on cotton. That enormity transcends his patience, and he seems quite inclined to throw his new-found nation overboard. The British Press is quite in despair at the prospect. It cannot put money in the British pocket either way. The Government of the Union swindles the British nation by the Morrill Tariff on the one hand, and the Negro Confederacy plunders it by the export cotton duty on the other. The British Press is thoroughly puzzled by this extraordinary state of things, and sees only one thing clearly,—namely, that whatever may be the issue of the secession movement, England must foot the bill. Both parties to the controversy are agreed upon this point,—if upon no other.

Just at present, therefore, the British Press seems to be neutral in the great conflict for Freedom and Civilization and Constitutional law which convulses the Western Continent. How long it will remain so depends upon the next turn of the tariff. Half a penny a pound either way decides the question. Not a thought for the great principles involved,—not a word of sympathy for the great Republic of the West,—the great Republic of History, struggling in the slimy coils of a gigantic conspiracy, which aims at the overthrow of Liberty, and the destruction of everything which freemen hold dear. All this is utterly discarded,—all thought of it repudiated, for the chance of selling goods a farthing higher! If the British Press accurately represents the British nation, in its views concerning the revolution now in progress here, it is a matter of little consequence whether we have its sympathy or not.

Letters-of-Marque and Reprisal.

The Slave Confederation could not have possibly taken a more direct road to cut themselves off from the sympathy of mankind, than by their new crusade against private property on the seas. Nothing could more thoroughly unite the commercial cities of the North against them. They will undoubtedly do us some damage, but it will be a damage far outbalanced by the loss they will occasion themselves. They will raise up by this one act a new swarm of fearless and untiring enemies. It is not improbable that adventurous John Browns will land on the Southern coasts, and arouse and arm the negroes, or furnish them with facilities of escape. This, as a strategical move, detaining the local Militia in their own territories, would be of the highest importance, and as a means of summarily ending the war, nothing more decisive could possibly be invented. In the meantime, as soon as our commerce begins to suffer, it is not at all improbable that private expeditions will be fitted out from Northern ports for these purposes. There are innumerable men, daring and skillful enough, to be able to carry through such enterprises, and there will be no want of money to fit them out.

To guard against privateers, it is absolutely necessary that the greatest precautions should be used in all our Northern ports. Committees should be formed or officers appointed in every seaboard town, to look after and examine every suspicious vessel, and whenever a craft is taking arms on board, she should be summarily arrested, until her character is fully cleared.

Permission will no doubt be given by the proper authorities for our own vessels to be fully armed. We are assured that the California steamships have for some time been well provided with a light armament, and with a crowd of well-armed hardy Californians on board, they would no doubt give a good account of themselves.

Our Government ought beside to have a number of small steamers—such as the iron-steamers on the Clyde—capable of enduring rough weather, but of light draft and able to run up into creeks and bays, where pirates might take refuge. By these various means, and by a summary *hanging* of every man caught in the business, this miserable robbery on the high seas might be effectually checked.

Show Your Colors!

It has been our duty heretofore to call public attention to the condition and reliability of the Army and Navy, and to point out the fatal consequences to be apprehended from infidelity and treachery on the part of those intrusted with command. The country has already had sad experience in this respect, and it would be difficult to exaggerate the importance of circumspection. For not only numerous Southern officers of distinction, but three or four who were born north of Mason and Dixon's line have proven faithless, in consequence of having formed matrimonial alliances in the South.

These instances of treachery or desertion of duty are of daily occurrence. We understand that an officer sent from Fort Pickens, as a bearer of dispatches to Washington, took Montgomery on his way, and was closeted for two days with the heads of the rebel Government; after which he came on to Washington, delivered his charge, and forthwith tendered his resignation, which was accepted! This we conceive to be almost as bad as the course of the Navy Department, under the late Administration, in permitting such traitors as FARRAND and HAMILTON to resign. Why was he not tried as a traitor, or dropped, after the manner of TWIGGS?

We also learn that two officers declined to leave this City on a late expedition under sealed orders, and that one of them, at least, was permitted to go to Washington and explain. It is about time that these squeamish gentlemen should be disposed of in one of two ways. They should be compelled to choose between unconditional obedience to orders, and resignation. The country, at a time like this, cannot afford to trust the fate of the country to officers whose scruples will not permit them to perform the duties assigned them. These sensitive sympathizers with treason, like the abstractionists of Virginia, are for preserving the *status* of the 4th of March; but it is all on one side. The "Confederate States" may raise troops, erect batteries and ship tons of guns and projectiles, and the *status* is not changed; but if the United States sends a provision ship to supply a long-established military post, the cry of "coercion" goes along the lightning wires, and the wails of the Virginia Press are as loud as if the enemy were at their doors. So with these scrupulous gentlemen. The reciprocity must all be on one side. They could not fight against their countrymen if ordered by the Government of the United States, but are ready enough to take service with the traitors, and then their love of their countrymen oozes out faster than Bob Acre's courage. What is so very criminal in one case becomes patriotic in the other.

We propose to bring this matter to a test; and we ask the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments to order every man whose position, in view of the conduct of others, may suggest the suspicion of a doubtful allegiance, upon such duty as shall compel him to make an election. We understand that there are many such officers now about Washington; and we suggest that of these every army officer be ordered to his company or regiment, and every navy officer to sea. Care should however be taken that no man of doubtful fidelity be placed in any responsible command by sea or land, where he could follow the example set by TWIGGS, FARRAND, and others. The test here proposed might become a dangerous experiment, without this precaution.

Let the Secretaries call on the chiefs of Bureaus for the names of all officers in Washington, and where their companies call for their presence; and let there be no more winking at pretended scruples, the hypocrisy of which may be thus easily demonstrated. Further inaction in this matter may be fatal. We happen to know that the Administration is besieged in behalf of this class of Army and Navy officers, whose nice sense of honor will not allow them to serve against their countrymen in rebellion, because their hearts are with the rebels, but who are nevertheless willing to live at ease on the Government which they can despise.

We can respect the man who in consequence of the prejudices of education, or even the politico-sectional passions of the hour, resigns high and lucrative office under a Government with which he has no sympathy, and to which his heart is no longer loyal. But traitors at heart, who still cling to the pay and perquisites of a service which they mean to desert when their services are most needed, or to betray when they have opportunity, cannot be respected, nor should they be spared the application of the touch-stone of patriotism.

In what other country under the sun would Army and Navy officers be permitted to shield themselves from the discharge of duty in times of civil commotion, on the pleas now set up in America? What would be some of the Governments of Europe if the Army officers would not aid in the suppression of rebellion? It will not be pretended that the American officers have more honor or courage than those of England and France; neither can it be said that the dynasties which rule these countries are better entitled to the loyalty of their subjects than are the Constitution and Government of the American Union to the allegiance of its citizens.

Blockade! Blockade!

The most imperative step now to be taken is the *instant* blockade of Southern ports. Unless this be done, in a month's time swarms of pirates will issue from them directed against our Commercial Marine. Such a course has been held *in terrorem* over us from the outset. The rebels well know what we have at stake, and for a long time believed the fear of loss would keep us perfectly quiet and inactive. They forgot that patriotism was still alive in the human heart. No class of men have more heartily responded to the great call than merchants, and Government should take effective measures that they be not harmed.

We have a large number of coast-wise seagoing steamers, admirably adapted to the work of blockading. These should be instantly fitted up for active service. Any lack of men in the regular service could at once be made up from our mercantile marine. We cannot conceive why Government does not instantly set about this matter. All it has to do is to detail a competent officer to this work. The means for the blockade exist in the greatest profusion. All that is wanted is some one to organize and put them in motion. Let Government confide this duty to some experienced shipmaster, and in a week's time a force would be under weigh sufficient to effectually blockade every Southern port. The routine of Government red-tapeism consumes months in doing what could be accomplished in weeks. Will not Government arouse itself to this duty, and not be dragged to it after infinite loss shall be suffered. Thus far it has busied itself in fastening the door after the horse has been stolen. Shall the manner in which Southern ports are to be blockaded furnish another striking illustration of the kind?

The Position of Maryland.

We are unwilling to believe that Maryland is given over hopelessly to the rebellion, or that Gov. HICKS has abandoned his devotion to the Union and the Constitution. He has done too much for both,—he stood up too boldly against the tremendous pressure which the conspirators brought to bear upon him; and his noble fidelity to his own convictions of duty was of too much service to the Union to permit us hastily to denounce him for having apparently yielded to the domination of a Baltimore mob. There is, beyond all question, a very strong element of rebellion in Maryland and Baltimore. It embraces the whole of that immense body of vagabonds and lawless scoundrels who have kept that city in terror so long. The attack upon the Massachusetts troops was, in our opinion, the act of the mob,—not the prearranged action of a party. The passions it aroused swept the city like a whirlwind, and the Union sentiment disappeared before it. But we do not consider this by any means decisive of the position which Maryland will finally assume in this great contest. We cannot believe that she will be so blind to her own interest as to plant herself in the path of the mighty North, rushing to the rescue of the Union. At present her attitude is that of rebellion. But she does not in the least diminish the certainty that the Union will be triumphant against rebellion. Her accession to the rebels, while it widens the field, narrows the issue. The nearer the contest comes to us, the better can we deal with it, and the more certain is our success.

We now hold, beyond question, the two great strategical points in the campaign—Washington, and Fort Monroe, at the mouth of the Chesapeake. With the command of the sea and abundant means of transportation, we can pour upon these two points all the soldiers we can raise. With 50,000 men in Washington, we shall see whether we cannot carve a way through Baltimore. Threatened on both sides by overwhelming forces, she must take the alternative of opening and keeping open the route, or allow Government to do it with a strong hand. Expostulation is out of place in a life and death struggle. We shall make very short work with Maryland, when we have power sufficient to enforce our just demands, if she refuses to concede them. We can better make our issue with her than with Virginia. We shall treat her as a part of the Union. If she assumes not to be, we shall treat her as a rebel. We intend to test the question, wherever presented, whether law or a mob is to be the stronger. We are no longer to be humbugged by this shielding of traitors and thieves under the plea of State sovereignty.

But Maryland cannot resist our march if she would. We can, in spite of her, and while she is hesitating and inactive, accumulate forces that would crush any resistance she can put forth. We still hold the fort that commands her great city. She will soon be in a dilemma in which submission will be the only alternative to disastrous defeat.

Public Opinion in the City.

The events of the last week have brought forth manifestations of public opinion and public sympathy in this City, which have startled those who had not taken into account the deep currents which flow strong and perpetual far beneath the superficial storms of party and faction which ordinarily meet the eye. As long as New-York saw in the political contests of the day only the constitutional strife of Democrat, American and Republican—as long as all parties maintained their allegiance to the Union and their devotion to law, one party might achieve a victory to-day and another party to-morrow; and the loyalty of the defeated was no more in question than that of the victors. Even when, within the last half year, party began to trench indirectly upon loyalty, so undoubting was the confidence of the people in the speedy triumph of the old forces of the Constitution, that the very depth of their devotion rendered them heedless of its assertion, till short-sighted persons even doubted its existence.

But now that the question has fairly shaped itself as one of Union against Disunion, of the Constitution against Revolution, of Law against Anarchy, the voice of the Metropolis is heard in no doubtful tones, and all parties of the past melt away into the universal and perpetual American party of Constitutional Freedom and National Unity.

The fact that these principles are now to be submitted to a test heretofore unknown in the solution of our political problems, and that we are challenged to a struggle for them on the same field on which they were originally won, has no effect in making us shrink from their solution in this or any other way.

The universal voice is that *the Republic must not be destroyed*, and that the supremacy of the Constitution must be maintained. It finds expression through the Legislature, through the Press, in Wall-street, in the Church, and through the citizen-soldiers of the Republic. There was not half as much unanimity in Seventy-six, when the first blow was struck for Freedom, as there is now in defending Freedom when the first blow is struck against it. The feeling consolidates with the hours; it has already swallowed up or swept away every contending interest and every opposing traitor. It is not too much to say that had President LINCOLN been understood in last November to stand distinctively as the representative of the principles he now so manfully upholds, and had it been foreseen that the issue would be made, the Metropolis would have chosen him President by acclamation.

The organs of the conspirators here, who stimulated the South to treason by promises of unlimited aid, finding that all their incitements to sedition have been without effect, and that all their prophecies have been reversed, are now themselves swept from their mooring by the irresistible force of public opinion; and treason can now hardly find any so poor as to do it reverence.

All this is startling enough to those who had contemplated and hoped for an exactly opposite state of public feeling and opinion among us. It was argued that New-York was so besotted by the lust of gain, that she would blindly submit to—ay, even assist in—the destruction of the Union from which have come all her riches and power. It was believed that her patriotic instincts, and her historic name, and her imperial future were all in the

market; and that because she had permitted a truculent demagogue, under plea of Democracy, to become Municipal chief, she would also follow his lead when he should attempt to plunge her into fore-ordered anarchy. The conspirators built their hopes upon the rottenness and the pusillanimity of the City; and now, to their dismay, she proves herself as loyal as she is courageous.

In this loyalty to the Union, New-York, we hope, reflects and symbolizes the sentiment and action of at least twenty-seven of the States of the Union. Her fraternal feelings are as wide as the Union,—as wide as Democracy and Freedom. In this supreme crisis of the Republic, she gathers up and concentrates in grand expression the undying hopes of the men of every clime who have found peace and liberty under its shadow; and with the help of God, proclaims her determination to uphold, till all hope is lost, that flag around which have been entwined so many of the noblest aspirations of the world.

[Advertisement.]

THE GREAT BANK ROBBERY.

HERRING'S SAFE

FOILS THE BURGLARS

AND PRESERVES

$500,000.

NEW-YORK, March 27, 1861.

Messrs. Herring & Co., No. 251 Broadway

GENTLEMEN: You have already been well informed, through the columns of the daily papers, of the desperate attempt made upon our Money Vault, and the Fire and Burglar proof Safe made by you for our Bank a few years ago. Although our vault was very strongly built, and provided with heavy Doors and the best of Locks the attempt upon the Vault was successful.

The rogues succeeded in undermining the Vault by digging a tunnel some seventy feet long under the adjoining building, and terminating at the base of the Vault itself. Here they commenced their operations upon a large scale, and, after removing the front part of the heavy stone foundation, which was strongly laid in cement, they reached the large flag-stone which formed the floor of the Vault. This stone was broken by means of a Jack-screw of great power, and the interior of the Vault thus reached.

Your Safe now became the great point of attack, and bravely did it resist every effort, holding secure its entire trust (property amounting to $500,000) against all the tools and ingenuity of the burglars.

The first great aim seemed to be to drill into the safe, but although some thirty holes were made in the outer casing, the hardened iron forming the centre lining turned the point of every tool. Disappointed here, they now attempted to dissect the Safe, and endeavored to force the strong framework apart. After removing one bar, and partially cutting off another, they gave this up, and all further operations proved unavailing. Our confidence in your safe has been reassured, and we would further add, for the benefit of the public and to your credit, that had they even succeeded in getting through the outer casing or shell of the Safe, which they did not do, that three more thicknesses of metal still remained, and each of these, in our opinion, would have given them more trouble than the single one by which they were so completely foiled.

When the great resources of these burglars are considered, the opportunity to work *from Saturday night to Monday morning*, the great number of the best kind of tools in their possession, and the skill and ingenuity displayed, we have reason to feel proud of your Safe.

We wish you to send the large Safe purchased by us at your store, to our new Banking House in Greenwich-st, and as soon as we get moved you shall have the old one as a trophy. S. VAN DUZER,
President N. Y. Exchange Bank.

The public are invited to call and see the above Safe, which is now on exhibition at our store.

HERRING'S CHAMPION BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES, made of Boiler Iron, lined with HERRING & FLOYD'S new patent CRYSTALIZED IRON, (which cannot be drilled) and inside casing of bars of Steel, are the only reliable security from Bank Robbers and expert thieves.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES—the best security from fire now known.

HERRING & CO., No. 251 Broadway.
FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.
HERRING & CO., New-Orleans.
HERRING & CO., Chicago.

[Advertisement.]

PRICES OF ENGLISH CARPETING REDUCED!—A great opportunity now offered for bargains in new Spring carpeting; English medallion and velvet carpeting, 6-4 wide; Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpeting, rugs, mats, matting, window shades, table and piano covers, druggets, stair carpets and rods, Dutch carpeting, &c., displayed in the spacious salesrooms, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. Housekeepers and carpet buyers are invited to call.

[Advertisement.]

VOLUNTEERS, READ THIS!—For the derangements of the system, change of diet, wounds, eruptions and exposures which every volunteer is liable to, there are no remedies so safe, convenient and sure as HOLLOWAY'S Pills and Ointment. Thoroughly tested in the Crimean and Italian campaigns.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF Safes and Herring's New Patent Burglar-Proof Safes, lined with patent crystalized iron—the only material that cannot be drilled. No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-street, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—Look in at the great manufacturing dépôt of WARNER, PECK & Co., No. 579 Broadway, opposite Niblo's, for new styles of gas fixtures.

[Advertisement.]

THE WORLD IS ALL AGOG to see the Sights and enjoy the Plays at BARNUM'S Museum.

Army Blankets,
FLANNEL SHIRTS.
Men's furnishing goods in great variety, at Shirt and Collar Dépôt, Nos. 87 and 89 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
G. M. TRACY & GRANNIS, Agents.

Purify the Blood.
MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS
AND
PHŒNIX BITTERS
Cure Scrofula, Ulcers, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, and all diseases arising from impure blood. Bilious and Liver complaints, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs yield to their curative properties. Prepared by Dr. WM. B. MOFFAT, and for sale at his office, No. 335 Broadway; at his branch office, No. 186 Church-st., and by druggists generally.

Lyons' Magnetic Insect Powder,
The original and genuine article, will exterminate Roaches, Bugs, Ants and all vermin. Free from poison. LYONS' MAGNETIC PILLS
Are sure death to Rats and Mice. Sold by all Druggists, everywhere. D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, No. 13 Park-row, and No. 434 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a perfectly natural black or brown; no staining the skin or injury to the hair; the ill-effects of bad dyes removed; the hair invigorated for life by using this dye. Factory, No. 81 Barclay-st. Sold and privately applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Make a Quiet Comparison between the elegant, highly finished Self Hats, manufactured by ESPENSCHEID, No. 118 Nassau st., and those retailed by mere dealers, and see whether in style, quality and cheapness, the Espenscheid fabrics do not bear away the palm.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for DRESSING BEAUTIFYING, CLEANSING, CURLING, PRESERVING AND RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines—At reduced prices. with Glass Cloth-Presser, improved Loop-Check, new style Hemmer, Binder, Corder, &c. Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Humphrey's Homeopathic Specifics,
DEPOT NO. 562 BROADWAY.
The only true and genuine article. Beware of imposition.

Maldavia Cream forces the Hair and Whiskers to grow luxuriantly. Sold at W. A. BATCHELOR'S new invented Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Military Shirts
At McLAUGHLIN'S,
Corner of Murray and Greenwich sts.

The Ladd & Webster Sewing-Machine may now be had for Fifty Dollars.
LADD, WEBSTER & CO., No. 289 Broadway.

Soldiers, Attention.—Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, &c. GLOVER & THORNE, No. 4 Ann st., Barnum's Museum.

Use
A. H. THOMPSON & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
TOMATO CATSUP,
Prepared from the
FRESH TOMATO,
and free from all
IMPURITIES.
Sold by all grocers.

Dr. Gifford's Homeopathic Bilious Pills, No. 34.
DR. GIFFORD'S HOMEOPATHIC BILIOUS PILLS, No. 34.
DR. GIFFORD'S HOMEOPATHIC BILIOUS PILLS, No. 34.
DIRECTIONS FOR USING.
These Pills, like all pure Homeopathic remedies, produce no pain, sickness of stomach, or any uneasiness whatever, but cure disease by acting directly upon the organs affected, thereby gently and promptly restoring them to the normal condition, and their effect is perceptible only as they commence to cure; nor is any other effect ever desirable than an immediate restoration of the system to a perfect condition of health.
They are prepared with special reference to the various BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, so well known in all communities: INACTIVE LIVER, CONSTIPATION, DEPRAVED APPETITE, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, JAUNDICE, &c. Two pills, night and morning, will generally remove all difficulties of this kind in a few days—continue, however, until cured.
Twenty-five cents per box, or five boxes for $1, with book, sent by mail free of charge.
Address PHILIP LEE, No. 136 William-st., N. Y.
Sold at BUSHNELL'S, No. 10 Astor House, Nos. 417 and 489 Broadway, and by JOHN MEAKIM, No. 679 Broadway; also in Brooklyn, by Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., and MILNE, No. 217 Fulton-st.; and by Druggists and dealers generally.

The Stereoscopic Emporium, Wholesale and Retail.—E. ANTHONY, No. 501 Broadway. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. Photographic materials for amateurs and the trade. DEPOT OF PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF CELEBRITIES. List sent on receipt of stamp.

Batchelor's new invented Wigs and Toupees are truly wonderful specimens of art. Call and see them at No. 16 Bond-st., or send for a measure card.

MARRIED.

COFFIN—VULTE.—In this City, on Thursday, April 18, at the Church of the Holy Communion by Rev. Dr. Wm. A. Muhlenberg, assisted by Rev. J. W. Diller, CHARLES H. COFFIN to EVELENE TROWBRIDGE, daughter of Frederick L. Vulte, all of this City.

BELL—POTTER.—In this City, on Monday, April 22, at the Ascension M. E. Church, in Norfolk st., near Grand, by Rev. J. D. Rogers, Mr. WILLIAM G. BELL to Miss SARAH J. POTTER, both of this City.

WALTON—BURRILL.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 18, at Clinton-av. Congregational Church, by Dr. W. I. Budington, ROBERT WALTON to MRS. JUNIA M. BURRILL, daughter of the late Capt. Anthony Maxwell, U. S. A.

BRIDELMANN—HUGHES.—In Lawrenceville, N. J., on Thursday, March 18, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. Gosman, Mr. O TURLEY BRIDELMANN, of New-York City, to Miss JULIA P. HUGHES.

☞ Trenton and Princeton, N. J., papers please copy.

SUFFERN—VAN SHAICK.—In Augusta, N. Y., on Wednesday April 17 by Rev Dr. H. N. Pohlman, of Albany, Mr. CHARLES EUGENE SUFFERN, youngest son of Judge Edward Suffern of Suffern, to Miss HENRIETTA, second daughter of Benjamin Van Schaick, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

ROBINSON.—In this City, on Monday, April 22, of consumption, WM. M. ROBINSON aged 49 years. The deceased was for some years employed as a compositor in the office of the TIMES

The friends and acquaintances of the deceased are invited to attend the funeral.

The members of the New York Typographical Union, No. 6, are hereby requested to attend the funeral this day, (Tuesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of Mrs. Fitzgerald, No. 64 West 36th st.

JOHN L. BROWN, President.

D. W. FLYNN, Rec. Sec.

☞ Boston and Roxbury, Mass., papers please copy.

STUBBS.—In this City, at his residence, on Monday, April 22, WILLIAM L. STUBBS, aged 47 years, 4 months and 7 days. Deceased was for several years employed as a compositor in the office of the *Tribune*.

The friends of the family, and his acquaintances, are invited to attend the funeral.

The members of Typographical Union No. 6 are hereby requested to attend the funeral this day, (Tuesday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 27 Pitt st.

JOHN L. BROWN, President.

D. W. FLYNN, Rec. Sec.

☞ Boston and Portland papers please copy.

BELLOWS.—In this City, on Monday afternoon, April 22 ELISE DELANO, wife of Charles B. Bellows, and daughter of Christopher Delano in the 33d year of her age.

Her friends, and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday afternoon 24th inst, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 190 West 29th st., without further invitation.

NEALE.—In this City, on Friday, April 19, at his residence, No 23 Cannon st, of pleurisy, CHARLES NEALE, aged 67 years.

His remains were interred in the Cemetery of the Evergreens on Sunday, 21st inst.

BIDDLE.—In this City, on Monday morning, April 22, at 1¾ o'clock EDDIE, infant son of Charles and Alice Biddle, aged 2 years and 15 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral this day, (Tuesday) April 23, at 3 o'clock, at the residence of his parents, No. 230 Varick st.

☞ Beloit, Wis., papers please copy.

BREVOORT.—In this City, on Monday morning, April 22, HENRY D. BREVOORT aged 46 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his brother, Samuel Brevoort, No. 27 Summit st., Brooklyn, this day, (Tuesday) at 2 P. M., without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

FERRIS.—In this City, THOMAS T. FERRIS, aged 34 years 6 months and 14 days.

The friends of the family, and those of his sons, Edwin, John, Read and William, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 197 West 22d st., corner of 8th-av., on Wednesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood.

DAVEAU.—In this City, on Monday, April 22, HESTER D., youngest daughter of Elijah and Caroline Deveau, aged 2 years, 6 months and 7 days.

CONKLIN.—In this City, on Saturday, April 20, GEORGE CONKLIN, aged 58 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 71 London terrace, corner 23d st. and 9th av., this (Tuesday) morning, 23d inst., at 11 o'clock.

JOHNSON.—In this City, on Sunday morning, April 21, WILLIAM EDGAR, infant son of John E. and Fanny E. Johnson, and grandson of Rev. W. A. Hallock, aged 5 months and 7 days.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday morning, at 11 o'clock, at No. 108 West 13th-st

HAMPTON.—At the residence of her son in-law, John Wray, on First Day evening, 21st inst., MARY, widow of Joseph Hampton, of Rahway, N. J., aged 73 years.

Her friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Third Day, (Tuesday,) 23d inst, at 1 o'clock, from Friends' Meeting House, 27th-st., near 6th av., without further invitation.

TALLMAN.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 21, CORNELIA G., wife of Daniel S. Tallman, aged 45 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, 23d inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 285 Carlton-av.

SCUDDER.—On Saturday, April 20, JOHN H. SCUDDER, of this City, aged 63 years.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Chelsea Presbyterian Church, 22d st., near 9th av., this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

WRIGHT.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 21 GRACE, only daughter of Theron O. and Marie E. Wright, aged 1 month and 25 days.

BISHOP.—On Sunday, April 20, EDWIN L. BISHOP, aged 27 years.

The funeral will take place at the residence of his father, Leander Bishop, Bound Brook, N. J., on Tuesday, at 2 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Cars leave Jersey City (Cortlandt st. Ferry) at 12 o'clock M., and return at 4 P. M.

BUSHNELL.—On Wednesday morning, April 17, of consumption, GEO. W. BUSHNELL, of Rahway, N. J., eldest son of HARRY BUSHNELL, aged 34 years.

TIEBOUT.—In Westfield N. J., on Monday, April 22, MARY, daughter of John W. and Julia A. Tiebout, aged 1 year and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, 24th inst., at 1½ o'clock, at the ferry foot of Cortlandt st. The remains will be interred in Greenwood.

CORNELIUS.—In Salem, Mass., on Thursday, April 18, MRS. CATHARINE CORNELIUS, of New-York City, aged 83 years and 7 months

☞ Westchester County, N. Y., papers please copy.

ANABLE.—At St. Bartholomew, W. I., on Thursday, March 28, VIRGINIA DENSEY, wife of Rev. Courland W. Anable, of Brooklyn, N. Y., aged 26 years and 3 months.

WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
OF THE
KENTUCKY, MISSOURI, AND DELAWARE STATE LOTTERIES.
AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE.
The subscribers, Commissioners appointed to superintend the drawing of a Lottery authorized by the Legislature, having this day attended the drawing of the Kentucky State Lotteries for the benefit of the town of Frankfort, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers which were this day drawn from the wheel:
EXTRA CLASS, No. 241, April 22, 1861.
50, 36, 45, 75, 32, 78, 38, 63, 48, 47, 60, 55, 61, 26, 3.
CLASS No. 242, April 22, 1861.
27, 23, 13, 24, 59, 8, 6, 42, 35, 41, 65, 18, 31.
Witness our hands at Covington, Ky., this Monday, April 22, 1861.
Commissioners, { J. P. NOONAN, JACKSON SPARROW, THOMAS BIRD.
Circulars containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.
Covington, Ky., St. Louis, Mo., or Wilmington, Del.
NOTICE.—All tickets in the Delaware State Lottery will hereafter be decided by the drawings of the Kentucky State Lottery, at Covington, Kentucky.
W. E. & CO., Managers.

CABINET FURNITURE.—J. M. DOE & CO. offer at retail their large assortment of ROSEWOOD, WALNUT, MAHOGANY AND OAK FURNITURE, of their own manufacture, at very low prices.
Every article warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Warerooms and Manufactory, Nos 96 and 98 EAST HOUSTON-ST., four doors east from Bowery.

USEFUL AND ECONOMICAL.—HEGEMAN & CO.'S Benzine for the instant removal of grease spots, paints, &c., &c., and for cleaning gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., equal to new, without injury to color or fabric. Sold by druggists; only 25 cents per bottle. See that you get the genuine article.

BRIDGEWATER PAINT.
FIRE AND WATER-PROOF.
Best color for villas, cottages, barns, decks of vessels. Will stand any weather or climate. W. W. BETTS, General Agent, Dépôt No. 74 Maiden-lane.

FLAG-STAFFS AND POLES COMPLETE on hand at INGERSOLL'S largest and cheapest boat and oar bazaar in the world, Nos. 243 and 244 South-st. One hundred ship and pleasure boats of all kinds and descriptions on hand.

CLOTHES MANGLE FOR SALE CHEAP—As the owner is about breaking up housekeeping. For particulars inquire at No. 169 South 1st-st., Williamsburgh, of Mrs. JANE DE FRAE.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!
Don't fail to procure
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
No mother who has ever tried Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children will ever consent to let her child pass through the distressing and critical period of teething without the aid of this invaluable preparation. If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.
Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.
PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.
None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New-York, is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the only thing that you can rely upon to GIVE REST TO YOURSELF, AND RELIEF AND HELP TO YOUR INFANT.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been the means of restoring the drooping spirits of many mothers.

THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
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TO USE
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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
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To every mother who has children suffering from any of the complaints incident to the period of teething, we say do not let your own prejudices, or the prejudices of others, stand in the way of the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Druggists everywhere now keep MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. No medicine in the United States sells like it.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
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IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
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ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
Physicians order and use it wherever its magical effects have been witnessed.
During the thirty years of unprecedented and increasing popularity of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, innumerable "CORDIALS" and other nostrums, prepared by pretended M. D.'s, have sprung up and lived but a mushroom existence, while the SOOTHING SYRUP has been constantly increasing in popularity and become a household word, and thousands of mothers thank Mrs. WINSLOW for the health of their children by the use of her invaluable article.
When the present race of "Cordials" shall have followed in the footsteps of their "illustrious predecessors," Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP will continue to be a popular favorite and a blessing to every mother.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER BOTTLE.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, NO. 13 CEDAR-STREET, NEW-YORK.

REMOVAL.
Having leased our up-town show-rooms at No. 42 East 14th st., and being now engaged in removing the fine stock of goods to our main store, we are desirous of reducing our very large stock at No. 488 Broadway, and shall at once offer,
FOR CASH,
$100,000 WORTH OF THE FINEST GOODS IN OUR LINE AT
AN UNPRECEDENTED REDUCTION IN PRICE.
The goods are displayed on our first floor for the convenience of the public, and comprise in part,
REAL BRONZES, COMPOSITION BRONZES, MANTEL ORNAMENTS, VASES, SILVER PLATED WARE, DECORATED DINING SETS, DECORATED TEA SETS, PLAIN AND CUT GLASS WARE,
And a splendid
GALLERY OF OIL AND PASTEL PAINTINGS,
By Culverhouse and other well-known artists.
Also,
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES,
At extremely low prices.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, cor. Broome-st.

AN APPEAL TO PATRIOTS.
For the Benefit of the Families of those who may fall IN DEFENSE OF THE FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES.
The entire profits of the sale of the PORTRAIT OF MAJOR ANDERSON, *which was taken at Fort Sumpter*, will hereafter be deposited in Bank for the benefit of the families of those who may fall in the present contest in defense of the Flag of the United States, and paid over to the Committee authorized to take charge of such contributions by the great Union Meeting of April 20.
K. ANTHONY,
No. 501 BROADWAY New-York.
NOBLE MEMORIES CLUSTER ROUND THIS PORTRAIT! TWENTY MILLIONS OF FREEMEN CAN, WITHOUT FEELING IT, SOON ROLL UP A FUND THAT WILL GLADDEN THE HEARTS OF THE WIDOWS AND THE FATHERLESS AND DO HONOR AT THE SAME TIME TO THE BRAVE ANDERSON.
The Press throughout the United States will serve their country well by giving the above as wide publicity as possible.

TO THE CONSUMPTIVE.
Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate, through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided Consumption by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. WILBOR'S COMPOUND COD LIVER OIL AND LIME, without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heretofore used, is endowed by the Phosphate of Lime with a healing property which renders the Oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be exhibited to those who desire to see them. For sale by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court st., Boston; in New-York by J. MILHAU & CO., No. 183 Broadway, and by BARNES & PARK.

PORTRAIT OF MAJOR ANDERSON.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
NOW READY.
TWO PORTRAITS OF MAJOR ANDERSON:
I. A STEEL-PLATE ENGRAVING, suitable for framing. Price 25 cents, 50 cents, and India Proofs, $1.
II. A "CARTE DE VISITE PORTRAIT," for Albums. Price 25 cents.
Either of them sent by mail free on receipt of price.
A liberal discount to dealers.
D. APPLETON & CO.,
Nos. 443 and 445 BROADWAY.

NEW-YORK
KANSAS RELIEF COMMITTEE.
WM. C. BRYANT, Chairman. J. E. WILLIAMS, Treas
Chas. H. Marshall, Seth B. Hunt, R. H. McCurdy,
Morris Ketchum, G. C. Bronson, Chas. W. Elliott,
Daniel Lord, Daniel Drew, J. S. Wadsworth.
Donations of money may be sent to J. E. WILLIAMS Treasurer, President Metropolitan Bank, New-York.
Bundles of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, may be sent to the office, No. 25 Cooper Institute.

"UNION TIE."
RED, WHITE AND BLUE.
SMITH & BROUWER, Manufacturers.
No. 36 Warren st., New-York.
At wholesale only.

NOTICE.
By order of Commodore EDWIN A. STEVENS, a special meeting of the New-York Yacht Club will be held at the Club House, Elysian Fields, Hoboken, on WEDNESDAY, April 24, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration what action should be taken by owners of yachts and members of the Club in the present crisis of public affairs.
By order of the Commodore.
H. MORTON, Secretary.
Dinner will be provided by the Steward for members requiring the same, provided the usual notice is left at No. 5 Pine-st., at or before 5 o'clock P. M. to-morrow.

NEW-YORK COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY.—A special meeting of the New-York County Medical Society will be held at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, corner of 23d-st and 4th av., on TUESDAY, April 23, 1861, at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of hearing scientific reports, and electing Delegates to the American Medical Association at Chicago, in June next, and to the National Sanitary Convention in Cincinnati, in May.
H. D. BULKLEY, M. D., President.
HENRY S. DOWNS, M. D., Secretary.

MILITARY.
2,000 DOZEN FLANNEL SHIRTS
OF ALL STYLES.
JOHN DAVIS & SONS,
No. 55 Warren-st.

MILITARY CLOTHING
OF ALL
DESCRIPTIONS.
Large orders executed at the shortest notice, and at the Lowest prices, by
DEVLIN, HUDSON & CO.,
Broadway and Grand sts.
Broadway and Warren sts.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, HEAD-QUARTERS—DEPOT OF VOLUNTEERS, AND ADJUTANT-QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT—DIVISION ARMORY, CORNER WHITE AND ELM STS.
THE PROVISIONS OF THE FOLLOWING Sections of General Orders No. 13, from *General Head-quarters*, will be observed:
SECTION III. The force volunteering under the provisions of the said act *will be enrolled for the term of two years*, unless sooner discharged.
IV. Privates and non-commissioned officers below the age of 18 years, or above the age of 45 years, will not be enrolled as volunteers, nor will any person of any age who is not "in physical strength and vigor."
V. Company rolls, in the form prescribed by the Adjutant-General, (who upon application will furnish the same,) must be signed by those volunteering, who shall indicate upon these rolls the names of the persons they shall desire to be commissioned as captains, lieutenants and ensigns of their respective companies. The persons thus indicated for the several company offices will, in like manner, specify upon the same rolls the names of the persons as field-officers under whom they desire to serve. Whenever any such roll shall have been signed by at least thirty-two persons, and not more than seventy seven, inclusive of the indicated commissioned officers of the company, it shall be transmitted to the Adjutant-General, who, upon its approval by the Commander-in-Chief, will direct some proper officer to inspect the company making the return, and to preside at an election, to be determined by written ballot, for the choice of persons to fill the offices of captain, lieutenant, ensign, four sergeants and four corporals. Upon the return of such inspection and election, the Adjutant-General will transmit to the officers so elected their commissions and warrants, with a notification that the company has been accepted into the service of the State, pursuant to the above-mentioned act, and will also direct the commandant of the company to report himself and his command to such Brigadier-General as he may designate in charge of a dépôt of volunteers.
VI. Upon the assembling at any designated dépot, of six or more companies, thus organized, who shall have indicated the same persons as their choice for the field officers of the regiment to which they desire to be attached, the Brigadier-General in charge will direct the assembling of their commissioned officers for an election, at which he shall preside, to determine, by written ballot, the choice of persons to fill such field-offices. Should it so happen that companies assembled at any dépôt, without having indicated a preference for their field-officers, on the reporting of at least six of such companies, the Brigadier-General in charge will, in like manner, direct the assembling of their commissioned officers for an election to fill the field-offices of such regiment, and make return of these elections to the Adjutant-General, for the commissions of the officers elected, who will at once be assigned to their respective regiments.
Commandants of Companies which have been organized and accepted, according to the foregoing provisions of General Orders, will report themselves forthwith, with a copy of their company rolls and the commissions of their Officers.
WANTED IMMEDIATELY!
TEMPORARY QUARTERS FOR THE VOLUNTEERS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.
All persons having large halls or vacant buildings, suitable for such, are urgently requested to offer the same at once to the Assistant Quartermaster-General, at the Division Armory, corner of White and Elm sts.
CHARLES YATES,
Brig.-Gen. Com. Dépôt for the City of New-York.
NEW-YORK, April 20, 1861.

EXEMPT FIREMEN GO IN.
An actual service in the Fire Department of this City for over thirty years, is my apology for taking the liberty of inviting the Exempt Firemen of Brooklyn to meet at the Firemen's Trust Insurance Company's office, No. 9 Court-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, 23d inst., at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a Company of Home Guard. Come one, come all! Brothers, your country calls to duty.
GEO. HALL.
BROOKLYN, April 22, 1861.

IRISH ZOUAVES!!!
One hundred Young Irishmen—healthy, intelligent and active—wanted at once to form a Company under the command of
THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER,
to be attached to the
69th REGT. N. Y. S. M.
No applicant under 18 or above 35 years of age will be enrolled in this Company.
Application to be made at No. 35 Beekman st., corner of William-st., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

ARMY AND NAVY
BLANKETS
BY THE PAIR OR BALE,
ALL SIZES, COLORS, WEIGHTS
AND
PRICES,
The largest assortment in the City.
PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

DICKEL'S HUSSARS.
The ex members of Dickel's Hussars and of Troop E, First Regiment, N. Y. S. M., are requested to attend a meeting of the present members of Troop E, on TUESDAY, the 23d inst., at 7 o'clock P. M., at Dickel's Riding Academy, 130th st., near 5th-av.
W. WALLACH,
Second Lieutenant Troop E, 1st Regiment.

ATTENTION, VOLUNTEERS!
All persons volunteering their services to sustain the Government in this great emergency, will be supplied with a pocket case of HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS free of charge, by calling at No. 562 Broadway.

HOME GUARDS!!!
A company of merchants is being formed, under the command of an able and experienced officer, for the purpose of drill and actual service if necessary, to be organized immediately. Address, with name and place of business, Box No. 1,886 Post-office.

MILITARY SHIRTS.
RED, BLUE AND GRAY.
GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.,
Nos. 290 and 292 Bowery.

COMPANY, HALT!!
ROWYER'S SPIKNARD OINTMENT,
Invaluable for cuts, bruises and blistered feet. No recruit should go to the war without it. For sale at No. 612 Broadway, and at the druggists generally.

VOLUNTEERS, ATTENTION.
Get your knife, fork and spoon, and cup and plate from
HIRAM YOUNG, No. 39 John-st.

MILITARY.
MILITARY CLOTHS.
ARMY AND NAVY BLUE AND CADET MIXTURE
—ALSO—
BLUE FLANNELS.
FOR SALE BY
STONE, BOWMAN & BLISS,
No. 20 Park-place.

CAMP BLANKETS.
HARMER, HAYS & CO.,
No. 72
BEEKMAN-ST.

MILITARY CLOTHS AND BLANKETS.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT STANDARD.
REGULATION SHADES.
ARMY-BLUE OVERCOATINGS.
ARMY-BLUE CLOTHS.
NAVY-BLUE CLOTHS.
BLUE CAMP BLANKETS,
NAVY-BLUE CLOTHS.
CADET-MIXED CLOTHS.
All conforming to Government contracts.
For sale by the Agents,
SPAULDING, VAIL, HUNT & CO., No. 53 Park-place

THE ZOUAVE REGIMENT—ENLIST FOR THE WAR.
TO THE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.
A Regiment of Volunteers, composed of members of the New-York Fire Department, to be commanded by Col. ELLSWORTH, late of the Chicago Zouaves, is now forming, to aid the General Government in the suppression of rebellion, and the citizens of New-York are earnestly requested to aid, by advancing the necessary funds, to complete the arrangements, and provide the necessary uniforms, equipments, &c.
A meeting was held on Friday evening at the house of J. Kelly, No. 21 Irving-place, for the purpose of raising funds. Many well-known friends of the Fire Department were present. The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee to obtain subscriptions for that object.
Subscriptions will be received by any of the following named gentlemen:
John Decker, Fore'n of Engineer, No. 21 Elizabeth-st.
W. H. Wickham, Pres't F. D., Wharf foot of Canal-st., or No. 54 South-st.
A. J. Delatour, Vice-Pres't. F. D., No. 25½ Wall-st.
John R. Platt, Secretary F. D., No. 79 Murray-st.
John S. Giles, Treasurer F. D., No. 34 Elizabeth st.
Henry A. Burr, President Board Trustees, corner of Cliff and Frankfort sts.
Geo. F. Nesbitt, Secretary Board Trustees, corner of Pearl and Pine sts.
Zophar Mills, Trustee, No. 144 Front-st.
A. F. Ockershausen, Trustee, No. 21 Rose-st.
Jas. Y. Watkins, Trustee, No. 16 Catharine-st.
David Milliken, Ex-President.
Henry R. Venn, No. 384 Bowery.
James Kelly, No. 32 Chambers-st., and No. 21 Irving-place.
William Wright, of Maitland & Co., Beaver-st.
John A. Cregier, No. 65 Wall-st.
O. W. Brennan, No. 88 Elm-st.
At a meeting held at the same place, on Saturday evening, A. F. Ockershausen was chosen Chairman, Geo. F. Nesbitt, Secretary, and James Kelly, Treasurer. Over three thousand dollars was subscribed. It was also resolved, to meet every evening, until a sufficient amount is raised to pay for the uniforms, which are to be made up and furnished the regiment without delay.
A. F. OCKERSHAUSEN, Chairman,
No. 25 Rose-st.
GEO. F. NESBITT, Secretary, corner of Pearl and Pine sts.

SEND TO HEADQUARTERS
FOR UNION BADGES, UNION COCKADES, &c., &c.
Now ready
The Washington Union Cockade, price.....25 cents.
The President Union Cockade, price.....25 cents.
The Eagle Union Cockade, price.....20 cents.
The Eagle Union Badge, price.....12 cents.
The trade supplied on liberal terms. Address J. G. WELLS, corner Park-row and Beekman-st., New York

MILITARY CONTRACTS.
L. J. & I. PHILLIPS, Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, Call the

AUCTION SALES.

MORTIMER GRIFFIN & CO., Auctioneers.

MODERN FURNITURE.

EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE FIRST-CLASS ROSEWOOD FURNITURE AT PUBLIC AUCTION

THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) at 10½ o'clock, at No. 48 West 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.,

Consisting of rosewood, mahogany, black walnut and cane seat dining-room furniture, mirrors, brocade and lace curtains, elegant bedsteads, feather beds, hair mattresses, fine curtains, marble top centre tables, stationary, oil paintings, velvet and Brussels carpets, tables, chairs, china, glass, silverware, table cutlery; magnificent 7 octave rosewood piano-forte, drawing-room suites, &c.

The property of a family relinquishing housekeeping. Sale peremptory.

S. & G. BOGART, Auctioneers.

AUCTION NOTICE.

THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 93 St. Mark's-place, 8th-st., near 1st-av., Household furniture—One rosewood Erard's grand-action pianos; mahogany chairs, rosewood and mahogany parlor suites, cottage suite, cottage bedsteads, feather beds, feather pillows, counterpanes, hair and straw mattresses, dressing bureaus, inclosed wash-stands, French plate mirrors, superfine Brussels carpets, oil-cloth, gas chandeliers, mahogany book cases, mantel ornaments, gilt framed engravings, marble top centre tables, stoves, dining-tables, quartette tables, crockery and glassware, kitchen utensils &c. Deposits required. The goods positively to be removed the same day.

GILBERT G. HORTON, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

G. G. HORTON will sell THIS DAY, April 22, at 10 o'clock, at No. 264 West 28th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., also No. 382 Hudson-st. the entire furniture in said house, consisting of rosewood and mahogany parlor suites, Brussels and ingrain carpets, centre and pier tables, mahogany and walnut bedsteads, cribs, children's bedsteads and mattresses, feather beds, pillows and bolsters, 30 hair and spring mattresses, curtains, cornices, sofas, book-cases, hat-racks, crockery and glassware, lounges, also kitchen furniture.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 23, 1861, at 11 o'clock, at No. 72 West 11th-st., near 5th-av., all the furniture, consisting of handsome rosewood parlor furniture in plush, pier glasses, oval mirror, mahogany side board, rosewood and mahogany bed room furniture, rosewood and oak extension tables, marble-top tables etageres, rosewood cabinets, beds, bedding, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil cloths, handsome China and glass ware, etc.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN,—WEDNESDAY, April 24,—at 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 236 Livingston-st., opposite Hanover place, one of Phelan's best billiard tables, cost $500; splendid French plate pier glasses, with tables to match; rosewood etagere, mirror front and back; walnut parlor furniture, in hair cloth centre tables, mahogany and enameled marble-top bedroom furniture, feather beds, hair mattresses, lace curtains &c. in green rep, oak dining-room furniture, velvet, Brussels and three-ply carpets, oil-cloths, china, glassware, &c.

SAME DAY,

At 12 o'clock, M., at No 334 Atlantic-st. near Hoyt. Rosewood tête-à-têtes, chairs tables, lace curtains walnut hatstand, bureaus, bedsteads, washstands, walnut extension table, china, &c.; heater and fixtures, Brussels carpets, oil cloths.

SAME DAY,

At 2 o'clock P. M., at No. 195 Duffield-st., near Fulton-av.,

Furniture in good order; walnut parlor suite, in hair cloth; rosewood marble-top centre tables, walnut marble-top bedroom furniture, hair mattresses, bedding, walnut hat-stand, walnut dining-room furniture, Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, china, &c.

SAME DAY,

At 3½ o'clock P. M., at No. 193 Duffield-st., near Fulton-av.,

A general assortment of rosewood and mahogany parlor and chamber furniture, mattresses, &c.; lace curtains, oak extension table, chairs crockery, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 23, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 34 East 16th-st., near Irving-place, elegant household furniture, consisting of heavy velvet carpets, large size mantel and pier mirrors, extra heavy French plates, with cornices and piers to match, elegant carved rosewood parlor furniture en suite covered in rich crimson; satin d.; Turkish suite of sofa and ottomans, en suite, covered in orange satin brocade; elegant rosewood carved etagere; do. centre and card tables; bronze and ormolu chandeliers; library etagere, bookcases, splendid rosewood 7 octave Erard piano, fine tone and finish; Driggs' patent dining-room furniture, of oiled black walnut; buffet extension dining table en suite, with chairs upholstered in morocco; bedroom furniture of the best quality, in mahogany; bedroom wardrobes; cedar chest; Brussels carpets; first quality hair mattresses, pillows, &c; dinner and tea sets; glassware, and a very complete (batterri de cuisine) for French cooking, with which the sale will commence, all of which will be sold without reserve, as the present owner is leaving for Europe.

BROWER & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at Maple Cottage, on 4th-st., New Brighton, S. I., the residence of J. Currell, Esq., all the elegant furniture, consisting of solid rosewood centre tables, ture contained in said cottage, made by Hutchings & carved in Louis XIV. style; ditto secretary bookcase, library table, lounges, &c.; solid rosewood etagere richly carved, superb parlor suite in figured satin; rosewood jardinieres, artists' proof, engravings, bronze, ormolu, Louis XIV.; clock and candelabras, articles of virtu, bijouterie, &c.; lace curtains; brocatel ditto; sundries; rosewood hanging bookshelves, brackets, &c., oak dining table and buffets; ditto arm chairs and cerb piano-forte, steel and cover, music, Canterbury, lounges; French China dinner and tea sets; rich cut glassware, cutlery, &c.; rosewood and black walnut bedroom furniture, dressing bureaus, washstands, commode, wardrobes, &c.; mattresses, beds, bedding, bolsters, pillows, table linen and kitchenware; also three superior cows and one heifer, garden utensils, &c.

C. M. LEVY, Auctioneer—Office No 167 Macdougal-st. WILL SELL THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) April 23, at 10½ A. M., from the private residence, No. 289 Greene-st., between Washington and Clinton places, the entire contents of a superbly furnished house, embracing velvet and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel glasses, richly-carved rosewood parlor suites, centre and side tables, marble clocks, China vases, lace and brocatel curtains, fine rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, oil-cloths, stair carpets, splendid carved rosewood bedsteads, bureaus and washstands, pure hair mattresses and feather beds, bedding, &c., enameled chamber suites, fine cut-glass and silver-plated table ware, cutlery, kitchen furniture, &c. &c., with which the sale will commence. Also, a mahogany buffet and extension table and chairs to match. Catalogues at the house on morning of the sale.

BROWER & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, (TUESDAY,) APRIL 23, AT 1 o'clock, in front of salesrooms, No. 36 Nassau-st., a splendid coupé horse, black as jet, 16 hands high, eight years old, sound, kind and gentle; a very stylish driver and a splendid traveler. Also, a dépôt wagon, in good order, together with silver plated harness, saddle and bridle.

ALSO,

One four-seated rockaway.
One Concord wagon.
Two light trotting wagons.
Four-seat no-top buggies.
Three top buggies.
Double and single harness in great variety.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT AT NEW-HAMBURGH.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 26, 1861, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York,

A NEW-HAMBURGH ON HUDSON RIVER.—The farm of the late George Vanderbilt, containing 100 acres near Milton Ferry dépôt, Hudson River Railroad, in good condition, plenty of fruit and ornamental trees, good stone house, and other buildings; there is a dock on the premises, stone quarry, clay bed, &c. Further particulars and maps at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &C.—M. DOUGHTY will sell on WEDNESDAY, April 24, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 184 6th-av., near 13th-st., household furniture, consisting of mahogany sofas, chairs, tête-à-têtes, mirrors, tables, carpets, bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, mattresses, palliasses, lounges, together with a general assortment of basement and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL ON THURSDAY, APRIL 25, AT 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of B. Loffing well, Esq., Referee, No. 96 James-st., 25x100 feet 6 in., frame building; No. 98 James-st., 22x76, 3-story brick building; No. 100 James-st., 22x74, 3-story brick building. Maps at the Office, No. 48 Wall-st., Jauncey Court. SMITH & WOODWARD, Attorneys, No. 74 Wall-st.

E. & J. BOGART, Auctioneers.

AT AUCTION—COAL, COAL CARTS, COAL-sacks, 2 horses worth $150 each, harness, screens, shovels, office furniture, &c.; also, a set of Fairbank's best fr. iron-steel patented 14 feet platform scales, suitable for a depot; has double beam, is complete in every respect, near new, and has been in use but a short time. Sale WEDNESDAY, April 24, at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 57 Stanton-st., corner Orchard-st.

BROWER & NICHOLS, Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at our salesrooms, No. 36 Nassau-st., large sale of second-hand furniture, consisting of rosewood, black walnut and mahogany parlor, dining-room, bedroom and library furniture, gilt frame mirrors, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets. Also, rich China and glass ware, silver-plated ware, table cutlery, &c. Catalogues early on the morning of sale.

JOHN K. OAKLEY & CO., Auctioneers.

AT AUCTION.—RECEIVER'S SALE OF PIANO-FORTES, by order of Judge Leonard, Supreme Court.—By JOHN K. OAKLEY & CO., Hamilton Salesroom, No. 16 Court-st., corner of Joralemon-st., Brooklyn, for the benefit of the creditors late firm of Cooper & Atherton. Sale positive on TUESDAY, April 23.

JOHN McDONALD, Receiver.

WARD NOLAN, Auctioneers.

FIELD & NOLAN WILL SELL, ON FRIDAY, April 26, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Orramel Bushnell, Esq., Referee, No. 731 8th-av., and No. 104 West 60th-st., two four-story brick stores and dwellings on the southwest corner of 8th-av. and 56th-st.

Maps, &c., at the office, No. 2 Pine-st.

CHARLES H. ROOSEVELT, Attorney, No. 111 Broadway.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—RICHARDS & WHITING will sell on THURSDAY, April 25, at 10 o'clock, at store, No. 23 Dey-st., the entire stock of Messrs. S. ULLMAN & CO., all in good order, and will be sold without reserve, by order of N. K. ROSENFIELD, Assignee.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.

600 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS, at auction, by RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, April 24, at 10½ o'clock, at store No. 44 Courtland-st., being a full assortment of Spring goods. Catalogues on morning of sale.

M. C. EBBY, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—EZRA LUDLOW, Jr., will sell this day, at No. 60 Amity-st., (corner Amity-place), at 10½ o'clock, all the household furniture contained in said house—parlor, chamber, dining-room and kitchen furniture.

CALVIN T. HAMM, Auctioneer.

CARPETINGS, OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, rugs, &c., at auction, TUESDAY, April 23, at 11 o'clock, the entire stock of a carpet-store, No. 269 and 270 Canal-st., near Broadway.

I. H. WILSON, Auctioneer.

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.—H. WILSON will sell about 1,000 cases, at the late store of A. D. GALE, No. 45 Bey-st., on TUESDAY, April 23, at 10 A. M., adapted to Spring trade.

AUCTION SALES.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEES' SALE OF SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E. & F. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at their salerooms, No. 154 Broadway, the stock of one of the first cabinetmakers of this City, consisting in part of elegant solid carved and plain rosewood suites, in satin and brocatel; superb rosewood sideboards, glass, magnificent rosewood round-corner bedsteads and bureaus; do in black walnut, varnished and in oil; black and gilt cabinets, centre and work-tables, rosewood and walnut secretary and library bookcases, elegant rosewood etageres, carved walnut and oak buffets, extension tables and dining room chairs, elegantly-carved oak dining-room sofas, oak and walnut library stair chairs, oak and walnut hall-stands and chairs. Also, a large assortment of elegant mahogany parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture. The above elegant furniture is all of the very best manufacture and will be positively sold by order of the assignee. The particular attention of those in want of elegant furniture is respectfully requested to this sale, and it is undoubtedly the finest sale of first class furniture that has taken place in this city.

J. S. FREEMAN, Assignee.

NOTICE—As we will remove to our new sales-rooms, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, on the 1st of May next, this will positively be the last sale of this elegant furniture.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

GREAT SALE OF THE STOCK OF THOROUGH BRED AND TROTTING STOCK OF

Messrs. WM. H. GIBBONS and FRANK LATHROP. By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, April 22, at 11 o'clock, at the Barney Carter farm, Madison, N. J., the following celebrated stock, viz.:

NANNIE LEWIS, by imported Glencoe, out of Motto, by imported Barefoot; also colt by her side.

PASTA, by Revenue, out of Emilie Thomas; also colt by her side, by Two Bits.

CONSUELO, by Commodore, out of Rosebud.

ALDABARAN, by Commodore, out of Nannie Lewis.

MALAKOFF, Trotting stallion, by Peter Dorlan.

Also, several other very valuable thoroughbred and trotting horses, both single and in pairs. Catalogues, with full particulars, are now ready, and can be had at our office, No. 161 Broadway. The Morris and Essex Railroad trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st. at 8:30 A. M., and return, leaving Madison at 3 and 6 o'clock P. M.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, on WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 257 Clinton-st., between Degraw and Harrison sts., Brooklyn, all the furniture contained in the above house, consisting, in part, of rosewood piano forte, rosewood parlor suites, marble-top etageres, centre table, &c., Brussels and ingrain carpets, mirrors, curtains, &c.; rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, new mattresses, sofas and chairs, hair mattresses, beds and bedding, china and glassware, &c. Also, the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E & F H. SCHENCK, on WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 10½ o'clock at No. 21 West Houston-st., corner Mercer st., all the genteel household furniture contained in the above house, consisting in part of rosewood and mahogany parlor furniture, Brussels carpets, centre table, bookcases, mirrors, curtains, paintings, &c.; mahogany and walnut chamber furniture beds and bedding, hair mattresses, crockery and glassware, &c.; also, the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—WILL BE SOLD at auction on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, April 25 and 26, a large and valuable stock of watches, jewelry, precious stones, jewelers' safes, office furniture, tools, fixtures, &c., by JOSEPH HEGEMAN, at No. 10 Maiden-lane. Sale to commence at 9 A. M.

JOHN LEVISON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE—AT NO. 133 WEST HOUSTON-st., near Sullivan. JOHN LEVISON will sell on TUESDAY, 23d, at 10 A. M., the entire stock of furniture, mirrors, carpets, gas-fixtures, &c., contained in above house. Sale peremptory, rain or shine, as the family are breaking up housekeeping.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET FURNISHED—ONE OF THE MOST finely located sites on the Hudson River, half an hour by Railroad from 31st-st., three minutes from depôt, fifteen minutes to steamboat on Harlem River, and about one hour's drive to the City on Bloomingdale Road and through the Central Park. The house is beautifully situated on an eminence commanding an extensive view of both rivers. It is of modern construction, having full-sized rooms, ample closets and pantries, store room, bath room, water closet hot and cold water, range, furnace, and large cistern near the kitchen. The house is lighted with gas manufactured on the premises. The grounds contain about five acres under super or cultivation, with fruit, shade and ornamental trees, large garden, grapery, stable, carriage-house, hen house, and ice-house, filled. Also, a bathing house attached to the premises. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET FOR six months, on Brooklyn Heights; contains 10 rooms, modern improvements, nicely furnished, and a most comfortable house. Rent low to a good, responsible tenant. Apply at No. 1 Garden-st., between State and Joralemon sts., five minutes' walk from Wall-st. Ferry.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY—16 miles on the Harlem Railroad, and near a dépôt. The house is in excellent order, nicely furnished, and pleasantly located, with plenty of choice fruit &c. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply to J. B. HARRIOTT, No. 139 West 26th-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A MODERN genteel three-story and attic house, within a few doors of Washington Park will be let, neatly furnished, to a respectable family on reasonable terms. Apply to Mr. J. C. ANGELL, No. 29 William-st., or to Z. E. D., Box No. 171 Times Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, ON STATEN ISLAND heights, the beautiful residence known as Forest Cottage, having 16 rooms; splendid views; best of water, garden, stables, &c. Inquire of J. P. NESMITH, No. 77 Cedar-st., or of Dr. WINSLOW, on the premises.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, NEAR COZZENS', West Point, a cottage with 15 rooms furnished; flower, fruit and vegetable garden attached. Inquire of G. W. READ, No. 120 Chambers-st., or to B. F. RILEY, upon the premises.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT.—FOUR stories, brown-stone, 20 feet front 40 feet deep, dining-room extension. Situated No. 56 West 25th-st., first house East of 6th-av. Rent $1,500. Apply at No. 15 West 26th-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED—DESIRABLE FIRST-class house in 10th-st. near 5th av containing eight chambers, furniture all first-class, with library. House to be let low to a desirable party. Apply to VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 1 Pine-st.

A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE to let for one year, to a private family only. It is delightfully located in 34th-st., near Broadway. Rent $2,000 to a desirable tenant. Inquire at No. 114 West 34th-st.

A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE to let, for six months from 1st May, for $50 a week, to a private family only. Apply to WOODBURY & SMITH No. 14 Water-st.

TO LET—A VERY PLEASANT FURNISHED cottage at Astoria, L. I. Inquire of M. WILLSON, at Harper & Brothers.

TO LET—FROM THE 1ST OF MAY—THE FURnished house, No. 36 East 12th-st., near University-place. Address Box No. 1,668 Post-office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP TO CLOSE A TRUST.—The three-story brick house and lot No. 142 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh, (new Brooklyn,) is in first-rate order; rooms and hall handsomely papered; contains 9 rooms, besides closets and pantries; marble mantels in first and second stories, grates, folding doors, gas and gas fixtures, Ridgewood water, range in kitchen and good cellar; iron railing in front, grass plot, &c. Apply immediately, to FRANCIS T. WALKER & BRO., No. 46 Pine-st., New-York, where permits can be had to see the house.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—19TH WARD, ONE of those elegant, new, two-story, basement and sub-cellar brick houses, on Rodney-street, near Lee-avenue, finished with modern improvements, gas, range and water. Apply on the premises, to

WILLIAM LAMB, Builder.

Eight minutes' walk from the Ferry.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—A FIRST-CLASS house on 2d-av., near 51st-st., with furniture or without furniture; three-story and basement high stoop house, with all the extra modern improvements. Also, a first-class brown stone house on Lexington-av. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, No. 415 2d-av., or No. 315 4th-av.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—(Late Williamsburg,) several new brick and frame houses, beautifully situated on 3d and 4th sts., between north 8th and 9th sts., at very low prices. Also, 600 lots for sale or lease. Apply to CHARLES FOWLER, corner North 9th and 3d sts.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON GILFORD-PLACE, 45th-st., between 2d and Lexington avs., brown-stone front houses, with all the modern improvements; also, a house on 50th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Inquire on the premises 45th-st. Terms easy.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET OR LEASE—AN elegantly furnished first class, brown-stone front house, substantially built, with or without furniture. Apply to J. B. GLENTWORTH, No. 7 Broad-st.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE cheap, or to let, with all the modern improvements rents $480 to $600. C. COCKCROFT, No. 3 Pine-st

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND DAUGHTER desire a few rooms, convenient for housekeeping, where there is but a single family; location must be agreeable; house quiet; rent moderate. Address, (stating terms, &c.,) M. N. D. Box No. 147 Times Office.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED IN BROOKLYN—To suit for sitting room, three bedrooms and a kitchen. Address, with terms, which must be moderate, Z. X., Box No. 117 Times Office.

FARMS.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR PROPERTY in or near this City, a farm near Kalamazoo, Mich.; said farm consisting of 176 acres, including 11 acres of a beautiful sheet of water, with first-rate buildings, and under a high state of cultivation. Apply to W. L. COUTELYOU, Bowery Insurance Company, 8 Pine-st.

FARM WANTED—WITHIN A CONVENIENT distance of New-York, in exchange for fine first-class tenant-houses, yielding a handsome income.

S. COCKCROFT, No. 3 Pine-st.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

WM. A. READ & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER & CHEESE,
STANDS NOS. 61 AND 63 CATHARINE MARKET
Opposite the Ferry, New-York.
GROCERIES AND SHIPPING
Supplied at the lowest market prices.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH
PURE COUNTRY MILK.
Address, or apply to T. W. DECKER, office 205 E. 37th-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE TIMES BUILDING.—Apply at the Times Office, to GEORGE JONES, or at Room No. 3, to JAMES M. SMITH.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW AND ELEgant five-story, marble-front store on the northeast corner of Broome and Greene sts., 50 feet front on Broome st. by 100 on Greene-st., with vaults on both streets, and basement 13 feet high. Can be divided into two stores if required.

Also, the first floor and basement of the adjoining store on Broome-st., 25x86 feet; both stores are built in the most substantial manner, and the vaults covered with granite flagging.

Also, a five-story, marble-front store, 22x75 feet, on the north side of Howard-st. 100 feet west of Broadway.

The above stores will be ready for occupation by the middle of April, or before.

Apply to ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., between 12 and 1 o'clock, or to Mr. GRIFFITH THOMAS, Architect No. 473 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A FIRST-CLASS three story and basement, high-stoop brown-stone house, in complete order; modern improvements, and gas fixtures, corner Court-st. and 2d-place; large lot, 25x93½ feet. A very cheerful house and excellent neighborhood. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Inquire of GEO. W. BLACKWALL, No. 59 William-st., New-York.

TO RENT ON MURRAY HILL—FURNISHED or unfurnished, one of the most desirable English basement houses in the City. The house has a depth of 100 feet and half of the adjoining lot. Price, furnished, $2,000 without furniture, $2,500. Will be let for one or more years. Inquire of S. T. BENEDICT, Broadway, corner 36th-st.; or L. MURRAY FERRIS, Jr., No. 62 South-st.

HOTEL TO LET—CONGRESS HALL PATERSON, N. J.—A large first class Hotel, now in full operation, and full of boarders. 15 miles from New-York, on the line of the New York and Erie Railroad, located in the most central part of the city. Apply to J. S. ROGERS, Paterson N. J.; or HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—FOR A LARGE PRIVATE FAMILY, OR a Summer boarding-house, with about 50 rooms, beautifully located within a fine park of trees and about 3 acres of ground, known as the Le Roy-place, New-Rochelle Westchester County, New York. For further particulars inquire of DAVID ALLEN, New-Rochelle Flouring Mills. Terms easy.

TO LET—THE MODERN FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone front house, with gas chandeliers, &c., No. 61 East 37th-st. Rent $800. Also the three-story brick house, with all the modern improvements, No. 110 East 38th-st.—rent $500; and the three-story house, No. 224 Elizabeth-st. will be let very cheap, in floors or apartments. Apply to P. McCAFFERTY, No. 110 East 38th-st.

TO LET—THE HIGH STOOP AND BASEMENT brown-stone house No. 192 West 29th-st., opposite Lamartine-row; is in good order, and has all the modern improvements; would prefer letting it furnished for one or two years, if desired, would board out the rent with a small genteel family. Inquire of ROOME & WELLS, 167 9th-av., or on the premises.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—CLINTON-STREET, near Degraw, two 3-story, attic and basement houses, in good order, with large dry cellars and fine yards; lots 25x100; gas and Nassau water; rent moderate and possession given immediately. Apply at No. 252 Clinton, corner of Degraw-st., or to CHAS. LENZMANN, No. 84 Cedar-st., New-York.

TO LET—A HANDSOME COTTAGE, CARRIAGE-house and garden of 8 lots, corner of 84th-st. and 10th avenue. Stages from the corner of 32d-st. and Broadway every 20 minutes; fare 6 cents. Rent $400. Apply on the premises, to J. W. ANDREAS, No. 16 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 o'clock, or to A. ANDREAS, cottage corner 9th-av. and 49th-st.

TO LET.—THE FIRST FLOOR, CONTAINING four pleasant rooms, with basement, also the second floor, containing five rooms in that fine building northwest corner of 45th-st. and 6th-av.; has range, gas, bath, sterbling-tube, &c., also a fine, large yard. For rent, which will be made low to a good tenant, apply to C. BUNCE, No. 25 West 54th-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-story attic basement and sub-cellar brick dwelling house, No. 98 Pacific-st., second door east of Henry-st., fourteen minutes walk from South Ferry; has modern improvements; is a very desirable residence, and will be rented low to a good tenant. J. A. RUTHVEN, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—LOWER PART OF HOUSE HAVING a high basement, with large front and back rooms and one between; also, 2 cellars, 2 pantries, with front and back parlor on first floor above; also 1 room on 3d floor. Rent $250 to $300. Apply at house No. 174 1st-av., between 10th and 11th sts.

TO LET—ON 54TH ST., NORTH SIDE, 137 FEET east of 5th-av. and west of Broadway, a new white marble-front house, 18.2x50, with modern improvements. Rent $750. Seen from 1 to 4 o'clock. Apply to RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1 129 Broadway, or A. B. BELKNAP, No. 20 Exchange-place.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY FIRST-CLASS dwelling-house No. 106 2d-av., between 6th and 7th sts. Also the new three-story brown-stone-front dwelling-house on the south side of West 38th st., first house east from Broadway. Possession of both houses given at once. Apply to EDWARD P. CLARK, 128 Broadway.

TO LET—HOUSES WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements, and in good order, in Ludlow-place (Houston-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal,) and in Macdougal-st., near Houston-st. Rent, $700.

F. B. TALLMADGE, No. 51 Macdougal-st., or No. 59 Wall-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS CORNER HOUSE, brown-stone front, size 27 feet 6 inches by 63; handsomely frescoed; has rosewood parlor doors, two marble cases; situate corner of 4th-st. and Washington-square late residence of F. A. Palmer, Esq. Inquire of T. A. SEGEN, 72 East 20th-st., or A. J. MIXSELL, 306 4th-st.

TO LET—AT MOTT HAVEN, THREE MINUTES' walk from Third-avenue Railroad and steamboat at Harlem Bridge—Rent $200 a year—A cottage house containing 7 rooms, with an extra large lot filled with flowers and fruits. Apply between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., to W. H. DE LANCEY, JR., Nos. 8 and 10 Pine-st., N. Y.

TO LET.—THE FOLLOWING DWELLINGS, having all the modern improvements, three-story brick houses, Nos. 85, 89 and 91 West 41st-st., near 7th-av and Broadway. Also, No. 230 West 31st-st., near 8th-av. Rents moderate. Apply to J. B. NONES, No. 263 Broadway.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY ENGLISH BASEment dwelling, No. 75 Hudson-st., Jersey City, fronting the bay, and with fine view of the harbor and suitable for a gentleman doing business in the city. Rent, $400. Will put the house in good order on 1st of May. Apply to E. D. TRUESDELL, No. 276 Washington-st.

TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF YEARS, LOTS IN 14th-st., south side, between 10th-av. and river; also, brick buildings, suitable for mechanical purposes. Apply to R. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., or JOHN C. WHITE, No. 13 West 21st-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—TWO NEW TWO story and basement brick houses in De Kalb-av., adjoining Skillman-st., with all the modern improvements. Apply to BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 237 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE TWO STORY HOUSE NO. 116 Franklin-st.; first floor suitable for any light business; store and basement, No. 52 John st.; offices in house No. 113 Nassau-st.; workshops in rear of building No. 208 William st.

TO LET—IN 72D ST., BETWEEN 8TH-AV. AND Broadway, a pleasant place, near westerly entrance of Central Park, a two story house, barn, fruit, &c.; 8th-av cars and Bloomingdale stages near; rent low. Inquire of E. VAN AKEN, No. 20 West 28th-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR STORY BROWN stone front house, high stoop, replete with the modern improvements, situated at No. 116 East 34th-st. near Lexington-av. Inquire of JAMES OWENS Builder, No. 102 East 34th-st.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house, with all modern improvements, and in first-rate order. Gas fixtures let with house. No. 100 East 32d-st. Rent low. Inquire of E. L. & B. S. BURNHAM, No. 611 Hudson-st.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT, 24x84, SUITED to upholstery or manufacturing purposes, cheap. Also large second floor. Rent $240. A large cheap basement. Also lower part of house in first-class location. Apply No. 343 3d-av.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—No. 8 TIMES Building. Two parties will retain desk-rooms if agreeable, paying nearly one-half the rent. Offices are carpeted. Inquire at the Times counting-room.

TO LET—AT CARMANVILLE, TENTH-AVENUE and 152d-st., three handsome 2-story brick houses. Rent, $280 each. Inquire of R. F. CANNAN, No. 1,254 Broadway.

TO LET—THE COTTAGE HOUSE AND 6 HAND somely shaded lots of ground, situated near the corner of Broadway and 54th-st. Furniture for sale. Apply on the premises. W. J. STEWART.

TO LET—A NEAT AND CONVENIENT THREE-story brick house, No. 309 West 30th-st; rent $325; would be let in apartments to small families. F. CURRY, No. 89 West 33d st.

TO LET, IN BROOKLYN—IN CLERMONT-av., near Lafayette-av., a brown-stone front English house, 3 stories. Apply to JOHN GOULD, No. 44 State-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET.—BOND-STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.—The large house No. 13 Bond-st., will be let low to a good tenant. The first floor furnished if required. Apply to R. C. ROOT, ANTHONY & CO., No. 16 Nassau-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-STORY brick house and store on Bedford-av., adjoining the corner of DeKalb-av. Rent $260. Apply at BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 237 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET—ORANGE, N. J.—THREE DWELLINGS, with one or more acres of ground; 9 minutes' walk from dépôt. Rent, $225, $280 and $300. Apply to A. D. BALDWIN, No. 231 Pearl-st.

TO LET—A HANDSOME THREE-STORY STONE-front house, No. 114 East 34th-st. House is in fine order, and contains all the modern improvements. Apply to J. H. BILL, No. 185 5th-av., corner 23d-st.

TO LET—THE HANDSOME THREE STORY AND basement house No. 269 West 19th-st., replete with every convenience, gas fixtures, &c. Rent $600. Immediate possession given. Apply at 267 West 19th-st.

$150.—TO LET.—UPPER PART OF HOUSE No. 116 Ainslie-st., Williamsburgh, consisting of six rooms, with gas and water; 12 minutes' ride by Grand st., railroad; fare three cents.

TO LET—THE STORE WITH FOUR LOFTS AND dry cellar, No. 206 Pearl-st. Apply to D. FIELD, No. 131 Broome st., or at front office on second story over Fulton Bank, corner Pearl and Fulton sts.

TO LET—THREE-STORY, BASEMENT AND SUB-cellar brick house, with the modern improvements, in 62d-st., near 3d-av. Rent $400.

STEAM POWER TO LET AT THE EMPIRE Works, foot of East 24th-st.; rooms 46x209. SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—Large and small. Possession immediately. Apply to J. & G. H. WALKER, Nos. 160 and 162 Centre-st.

TO LET.—"EXCELSIOR COAL YARD," DEGraw-st., Brooklyn; in perfect order, and the most convenient yard in the City. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—DWELLING IN West 15th-st.—old No. 116, new No. 152. Apply to ROBERT J. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

TO LET—ON THIRTY-FOURTH-STREET, THE new four-story brown-stone front house No. 111 East 34th-st. Inquire of R. KELLY, No. 115 East 34th-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT AND PARLOR, OR 2d and 3d stories of house No. 66 3d-st. Rent $300.

TO LET.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS at LOW RATES, by JOHN GAUDY, No. 143 Walker-st.

TO LET.—THE FOUR-STORY MODERN HOUSE, No. 208 West 14th-st.; 3-story plain house, No. 204 West 14th-st.; 3-story plain house, No. 125 East 28th-st.; 3-story modern house, No. 91 East 29th-st.; small modern house, No. 142 East 27th-st., No. 172 Thompson-st., 3-story modern house, No. 172 Thompson-st.; 3-story modern house, No. 79 Greene-st.; house and vacant lot 100, &c., East 13th-st.; stable (rear) No. 26 Second-st.; vacant lots 55 and Broadway; 16 lots 37th-st. and 1st-av.; house and 7 lots, 30th-st. and 1st-av. Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—AT MODERATE RENTS, TO SMALL families grown persons preferred, two rooms, with fire-places, on the fourth floor front; rent $6 50; also, room kitchen and two bed-rooms, front house, third floor, rear apartments; rent, $10 50; also, two rooms, kitchen and bedroom, on first floor, and large room in the attic, in Suffolk-st., near Grand. Apply at No. 153 Bowery.

A BARGAIN.—TO LET OR LEASE, IN A BEAUtiful neighborhood up town, three doors from Broadway, a 20 by 50 feet new four-story, high-stoop, brown-stone house, having all the late improvements and gas fixtures. Rent lower than any other of its class and location. Apply to Dr. A. HEATH, No. 647 Broadway, or JOHN S. AMES, No. 7 Nassau-st.

TO LET.—THE ENGLIS

FINANCIAL.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 489 CANAL, CORNER OF VARICK-ST.,
Open daily from 10 to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M.
DEPOSITS FROM 10 CENTS TO $5,000 RECEIVED.
Six per cent interest allowed on all sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on larger sums.
THIS BANK HAS RECEIVED
ON DEPOSIT $470,150 00 DURING THE P ... IN MONTHS.
Deposits made on or before April 20, will bear current from April 1.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE OFFICE, } No. 32 Pine-street, April 11, 1861.
THE OUTSTANDING ISSUE OF THE SCRIP of 1857 of this Company will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after TUESDAY, 7th of May next, with the interest accrued thereon, from which date all interest will cease. The Transfer Books will be closed after the 30th of April.
By order of the Board.
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Secretary.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner of Pine and Nassau-sts., New-York,
Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travellers, available in the UNITED STATES, CANADA, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in EUROPE, CHINA, &c., &c.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.
The Union Bank of London, as agents of Messrs. DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., bankers, New-York, hereby give notice that they will receive money on account of that firm, for which they will issue, free of charge, letters of credit or circular notes of £10 and upwards, similar to those in such extensive use on the Continent of Europe and elsewhere, payable at all the principal cities and towns in the United States, Canada, West Indies, South America, &c.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner Pine and Nassau sts.,
NEW-YORK,
Buy at current rates in sums to suit on ALSOP & CO., Baltimore, San Francisco, Cal. Also purchase San Francisco City and California State Interest Coupons.

BONDHOLDERS OF THE
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.
Holders of Bonds of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the Ohio and Indiana Railroad Company, the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company and the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company are notified that the necessary legislation having been obtained from the several States, and the terms of sale of said road being about to be obtained, it will be necessary for the bondholders to unite in the agreement for reorganization and to deposit their bonds in order to become interested in the purchase.
Deposit of Bonds will be received by the Trustee, JOHN FERGUSON, No. 35 Pine-st. Signatures will be received by either of the Purchasing Agents, or at No. 19 Pine-st.
J. F. D. LANIER, Chairman.
JOHN DAY FERGUSON Secretary.

TO CAPITALISTS.
KINGS COUNTY COURT-HOUSE LOAN.
Bids will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, on SATURDAY, the 27th April inst., at the office of the County Treasurer, Court-st., opposite the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, for a loan of $100 000, for the purpose of building a Court-house for the County of Kings; the bonds to be of $1,000 each, bearing six per cent interest, with coupons payable on the first day of May and November respectively.
The security offered for the proposed loan is equal, if not superior, to anything in the country; not only the good faith, but the obligatory force of the laws compelling the County authorities to provide means for its prompt payment and pledging the entire property of the City of Brooklyn and the five towns of Kings County as security therefor.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
Sight bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland,
in sums from £1 upwards.
Issued by
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st., and No. 76 WALL-ST.

TAYLOR BROTHERS, BANKERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
HAVE OPENED A NEW BRANCH OFFICE AT NO. 247 BROADWAY, corner MURRAY-ST., to which we invite the attention of our up-town friends.
The Wall-st. Office is continued as usual.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl, and
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall st., New-York,
Issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of Europe through the Messrs. Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

LAND WARRANTS FOR SALE.
ALL THE SIZES.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st.,
And No. 76 WALL-ST., corner of Pearl.

CALIFORNIA AND SAN FRANCISCO
CITY COUPONS BOUGHT BY
AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
No. 50 Wall-st.

PROPOSALS FOR $375,000 OF THE CROTON WATER STOCK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until Saturday, April 20, 1861, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of $375,000 of the Croton Water Stock of the City of New-York, authorized by chapter 301 of the Laws of 1860, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor, August 9, 1860, for increasing the supply of Croton Water, and constructing the necessary works for accumulating and distributing the same.
The said Stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable quarter-yearly, and the principal will be redeemable on the first day of November, 1888.
The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the name of the person or persons who propose to take the same. Those proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, within ten days after the opening of the bids, the sum awarded to them respectively, including the premiums on the same.
On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the Stock, bearing interest from the dates of payments.
Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Croton Water Stock of the City of New-York," and the same inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.
The right is reserved on the part of the Comptroller to reject any or all of the bids if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the City.
ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.
CITY OF NEW-YORK, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, March 20, 1861.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD CO., } Corner 4th-av. and 27th-st.,
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, April 19, 1861.
NOTICE.—A SEPARATION OF THE GENUINE from the spurious stock in this Company having been judicially made, and the injunction restraining the Company from paying Dividends been removed, notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books are now opened and a Dividend of Three Dollars on a Share will be paid to the stockholders on demand.
J. R. BULKLEY, President.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, the 6th May ensuing, to commence at 12 o'clock and close at 2 P. M.
The transfer books will be closed on and after the 30th instant until the 7th day of May.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, No. 163 BOWERY, } NEW-YORK, April 16, 1861.
A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF per cent., payable on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has been declared payable on and after the 1st day of May next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. By order.
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

BANK OF NEW-YORK.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of New-York are hereby notified that the Annual Election will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY, May 14, ensuing, to commence at 12 o'clock, ending at 1 o'clock P. M. The Transfer-books will be closed on the 7th May and opened on the 15th May.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, NEW-YORK, April 20, 1861.
MR. G. B. LAMAR HAVING RESIGNED, Mr. JOHN F. CRANE was this day elected President by unanimous vote of the Board.
R. H. LOWRY, Cashier.

BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK.—The annual meeting of the shareholders of this association will be held at the Banking-house, corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., on MONDAY, May 13, at 12 o'clock.
H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

U. S. 6 PER CENT. NEW LOAN, HAVING twenty years to run, in Coupons or Inscribed Bonds of one thousand each, for sale by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & MASON, No. 20 Wall-st.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LIMITED COPARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the undersigned have formed a limited copartnership, pursuant to the provisions of the revised statutes of the State of New-York, under the name and firm of JAMES CALLENDER, for the purpose of transacting business in merchandise on their own account and on commission.
That JAMES CALLENDER resides in the City of Brooklyn, Kings County, State of New-York, and is the general partner; that ALLAN HAY resides in the City and County of New-York, and is the special partner, and as such has contributed in cash to the common stock as capital the sum of $25,000.
That the said partnership is to commence on the 15th day of April, 1861, and to terminate on the 15th day of April, 1863.
ALLAN HAY.
NEW-YORK, April 15, 1861. JAMES CALLENDER.

THE TURF.

TROTTING STALLION "JUPITER," WINner of the first premium at the great National Horse Show, Springfield, Mass., last September, will stand this season at LUFF & CROCHERON'S, corner of 110th-st. and Harlem lane, at $50, payable in advance.

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!
HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. DR. LARMONT'S Paris London and New York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (60th edition, 250 pages, 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Incapacity, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary loss of Semen, nights with the urine, or at stool; Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Strictures, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, primary and constitutional, &c.
Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female—all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in reproduction; European hospital practice; quacks, (advertisers,) their tricks and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c.
All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copaiba, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this valuable work, for $1, of RICHARDSON, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House; ROSS & TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; H. DEXTER & CO., No. 113 Nassau-st., N. Y. T. B. Peterson, No. 306 Chesnut-st., Philadelphia. J. H. Johnson, No. 76 State-st., Chicago; or consult the Doctor, at No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., daily, and 7 to 9 Thursday evenings.
"We concur with other papers in recommending DR. LARMONT and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

DR. COX, AGENT FOR THE JAPAN SECRET OF FEMALE FRIEND. A most important charm to females for removing obstructions and producing monthly regulations without any inconvenience to the patient. This medicinal secret was the first discovered, prepared and administered by a very celebrated physician in Jeddo from a plant grown in Japan, and not found elsewhere, and every patient in Dr. Cox's practice, since his agency, has produced its charms. Price of the Japan Secret $3 a package, sent to any address. Caution! Married ladies are expressly requested not to use the remedy without consulting Dr. A. E. Cox personally or by letter. Ladies desiring to consult, a short interview is only necessary to acquire his mode of treatment. Consultation free. Ladies will be received at his rooms without any interruption from other patients. Dr. A. E. COX, No. 17 West Houston-st., N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price, $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Mulberry-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 16 Ann-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S great Benefactor, the greatest periodical remedy ever discovered. Infallible for the immediate removal of obstruction. Office No. 13 Laight-st., corner Canal, where Dr. WARD is consulted confidentially day or evening.

CONSULT DR. WARD, NO. 13 LAIGHT-st., corner Canal-st.—Dr. WARD'S Unfortunate's Friend and other great remedies are the unfailing relief. Dr. WARD'S Balm Gilead cures impotence, nervous disorders, spermatorrhœa. No interruption to business by his treatment. Open till 10 P. M.

CATARRH.—THE VICTIMS OF THIS MALADY must remember that the only positive cure for it is prepared by Dr. GOODALE, and to be had, with directions for using, at No. 612 Broadway, New-York.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 2 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. Its roots and the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine any where but at the old office, No. 2 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence; is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease; exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—THE ARTISANS' BANK Plaintiff, against LOUIS HIRSHFELD and JACOB HIRSHFELD, Defendants—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.) To the defendant above named, and each of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which was duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, State of New-York, on the 13th day of March 1861, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber at his office, No. 54 Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Two Thousand Dollars, with interest from the 4th day of July, 1854, on Nine Hundred and Fifty Dollars, part thereof, and from the 4th day of September, 1858, on Ten Hundred and Fifty Dollars, the residue thereof, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, March 13, 1861.
WILLIAM R. MARTIN,
ap2-law6wTu* Plaintiff's Attorney.

UNITED STATES COURT-ROOM, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—Pursuant to the Act of Congress approved Aug. 8, 1846, I order a panel of Grand Jurors consisting of thirty six names, to be drawn and summoned forthwith, according to law, and to be returned to the Circuit Court of the United States for this District, on Wednesday next, at 10 A. M. of that day, to inquire and find whether acts of piracy, treason, or other offences against the laws of the United States, have been committed by any person or persons in this District, or within the jurisdiction of the Circuit Court therein.—New-York, April 22, 1861, 9 A. M.
SAMUEL R. BETTS.
To KENNETH G. WHITE, Esq., Clerk of the Circuit Court.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOSEPH A. CONSTANT, late of the City of New-York, gentleman, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of WM. S. CONSTANT, one of the undersigned, No. 41 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of April next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 8, 1860.
ELIZA S. CONSTANT, Executrix,
o8-law6mTu* WM. S. CONSTANT, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against RICHARD CORNELISON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of business, No. 84 Cedar-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of May next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 27, 1860.
HUGH McKAY, Executor, &c.,
o30-law6mTu* of Richard Cornelison, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against OSCAR C. ROBERTS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his law office, No. 128 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of October next.—Dated New-York, 8th day of April, 1861.
JOHN LIVINGSTON, Administrator,
ap9-law6mTu* With the Will annexed.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM HUYLER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the Subscriber, at her residence, No. 14 Morton-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of October next.—Dated, New-York, April 1 1861.
ap2-law6mTu* LETTY HUYLER, Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against M. JANE DAVIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 66 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of July next.—Dated, New-York, Jan. 14, 1861. SALEM T. RUSSELL, Administrator.
ja15-law6mTu*

INSURANCE.

METROPOLITAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NO. 108 BROADWAY.
CASH CAPITAL.....$300,000
THREE-FOURTHS OF THE PROFITS DIVIDED TO POLICY HOLDERS.
AS THIS COMPANY WILL HEREAFTER PAY TO its dealers 75 PER CENT. of the profits or, when preferred, make a liberal discount from standard rates.
No Liability is Incurred by the Assured.

JAMES LORIMER GRAHAM, President.
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, BOWES R. McILVAINE,
LEONARD APPLEBY, GILBERT L. BEECKMAN,
FREDRICK H. WOLCOTT, EDWARD MACOMBER,
WILLIAM K. STRONG, CHAS. P. KIRKLAND,
JOHN C. HENDERSON, DUDLEY B. FULLER,
DANIEL PARISH, WATSON E. CASE,
GUSTAVUS A. CONOVER, LORRAIN FREEMAN,
MARTIN BATES Jr., JAMES O. SHELDON,
PASCHAL W. TURNEY, JOSEPH B. VARNUM, Jr.,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO, J. L. GRAHAM, Jr.,
HENRY V. BUTLER, GEORGE W. HATCH,
SAMUEL D. BRADFORD, Jr.
EDWARD A. STANSBURY, Secretary.
ROBT C. RATHBONE, Ass't Secretary.
ITHAMAR CONKEY, Surveyor.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HOBOKEN FERRY LEASE AT AUCTION.—By virtue of the authority vested in him, the Comptroller will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder with adequate security, at the City Hall, on TUESDAY, the 23d day of April, 1861, at 12 o'clock noon, the lease of so much of the bulkhead at the foot of Hoboken-st. as is owned by the Corporation, and now used for ferry purposes, with the right to run a ferry therefrom to the City of Hoboken, N. J., (the landing at Hoboken to be selected by the lessee at his own cost,) for the term of ten years from the 1st day of May next. The lease to contain all the conditions and covenants usual in ferry leases made by the Corporation.
The conditions and terms of sale can be obtained on application at this office.
ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.
Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, New-York, March 23, 1861.

COAL.

COAL.—LIVERPOOL COAL AT $10 PER CHALdron. SIDNEY COAL at $6 per ton.
CANNEL COAL at $12 per ton.
Screened and delivered to any part of the City.
Coal Yard, No. 341 3d-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

HELMBOLD'S REMEDIES.

AWFUL SACRIFICES!
DISEASE!!
DEATH—DEATH.
AWFUL SACRIFICES! AWFUL SACRIFICES!
DISEASE! DEATH! DISEASE DEATH!
STRIKE AT THE ROOT OF THE DISEASE!
FOUR FIFTHS FOUR-FIFTHS
FOUR-FIFTHS FOUR-FIFTHS
Of the diseases to which the Old and Young, Male or Female, and to which the Human Family are subject, have their origin from diseases of the
GENERATIVE ORGANS,
GENERATIVE ORGANS,
Arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses, Indulgences in
MARRIED AND SINGLE MEN,
MARRIED AND SINGLE LIFE,
Or abuse of these Organs.
This is the opinion of the most eminent of the Medical Faculty and intelligent public. Among which diseases will be found
CONSUMPTION, EPILEPTIC FITS, GRAVEL,
DROPSY, LANGUOR, NERVOUSNESS.
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.
Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System.
Dimness of Vision. Impotency and Insanity.
Pallid Countenance, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Hectic Flush, &c., caused by LOSS OF BLOOD.
MARRIED PERSONS,
MARRIED PERSONS,
Observe the statements. Physicians say Consumption is hereditary. Do not misconstrue their meaning; it has been transmitted to your children; you are to blame for excessive indulgences; it will be made evident to you at that critical age when the system undergoes a change, from 16 to 25, requiring healthy constitutions, and to yourselves from 30 to 50, when another change is manifest. Being aware of the cause of your sufferings—none will confess. The family physician yourselves may advise. Punish, aye, even tie the hands; the desire and the disease still exist. Visit our
HOSPITALS—ASYLUMS—PRISONS,
HOSPITALS—ASYLUMS—PRISONS,
And there be convinced of *the fact*. We contend that it is a disease requiring the aid of medicine to allay the passion, subdue the fever heat or inflammation from whatever cause originating.
All affections of the
SEXUAL ORGANS
Being about the same result
IN EITHER SEX, IN EITHER SEX,
IN EITHER SEX, IN EITHER SEX,
And all ages. We will here add to the young Man, the young Miss, and the more advanced in years, take no more pills, powders, nauseous compounds, cough medicines, &c., for those affections; knowing the cause of their existence.
TAKE
HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.
Prepared according to
PHARMACY AND CHEMISTRY.
PRESCRIBED AND USED BY
The most eminent Physicians; indorsed and recommended by distinguished Clergymen, Governors of States, Judges;
THE PRESS AND ALL WHO USE IT—EVERYWHERE.
Evidence of the most reliable and responsible character open for inspection.
IT IS NO PATENT NOSTRUM.
It is advertised liberally, and its basis is merit, and, depending upon that, we offer our preparation to the afflicted and suffering Humanity with entire confidence.
THE PROPERTIES OF THE DIOSMA CRENATA
Were known as far back as two hundred years, and its peculiar effects on the Mental and Physical Powers are spoken of in the highest terms by the most eminent authors of the present and ancient date, among whom will be found Shakespeare, Byron and others, stating that in the nervous and prostrated system, from over taxation of powers,
IT REANIMATES.
Its effects are more pleasing, and it does not depress the nerves or spirits—the
ULTIMATUM
Of Narcotics and other stimulants.
From this fact it has proved eminently successful in those symptoms of a nervous temperament arising from sedentary habits and protracted application in business, literary pursuits and confinement from the open air, and is taken by
MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,
THOUSANDS OF THE YOUNG
THOUSANDS OF THE YOUNG
Of both sexes die annually of the above diseases, and from diseases arising from "Habits of Dissipation." Diseases of these organs require the aid of a diuretic.
HEMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,
and a positive and specific remedy for diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS,
GRAVEL, DROPSY,
NON-RESTRICTION AND INCONTINENCE OF URINE,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS, ABUSE,
Syphilitic and Venereal Diseases,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
And all diseases of the Generative Organs, whether existing in
YOUNG OR OLD,
MALE OR FEMALE,
MALE OR FEMALE,
From whatever cause originating, and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is pleasant in its taste and odor, immediate in its action, free from all "injurious properties," and is taken without "hindrance" from "business."
Little or No Change in Diet,
Little or No Change in Diet,
Cures at "Little Expense" and "No Exposure,"
Cures at "Little Expense" and "No Exposure,"
Cures at "Little Expense" and "No Exposure."
If you are suffering, send or call for the remedy at once. Explicit directions accompany. Price $1 per bottle, or six for $5, delivered to any name, initial,
HOTEL, POST, EXPRESS OFFICE OR STORE.
HOTEL, POST, EXPRESS OFFICE OR STORE.
TRY ONE BOTTLE. *TRY ONE BOTTLE.*
TRY ONE BOTTLE. *TRY ONE BOTTLE.*
PHYSICIAN IN ATTENDANCE
From 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
HEMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.
EXTRACT BUCHU, EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.
PHYSICIANS PLEASE NOTICE.
We make no secret of ingredients. The Compound Extract and Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubebs and Juniper Berries, selected with great care by a competent Druggist, and are the best quality.
PREPARED IN VACUO,
By H. T. HELMBOLD.
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
Sold at HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
No. 104 SOUTH 10TH-ST., below Chesnut, Philadelphia,
Where all letters must be addressed.
Sold in New-York at Wholesale, by
SCHIEFFELIN BROS. & CO.,
A. B. & D. SANDS,
WARD, CLOSE & CO.,
McKESSON & ROBBINS,
HALL, DIXON & FRAZER,
HEGEMAN, CLARK & CO.
D. S. BARNES, P. D. ORVIS,
T. C. WELLS & CO.,
And Wholesale and Retail by all Druggists everywhere.
Beware of Counterfeits.
ASK FOR "HELMBOLD'S"—TAKE NO OTHER.
ASK FOR "HELMBOLD'S"—TAKE NO OTHER.
Describe symptoms in all communications.
Advice gratis. Cures Guaranteed.
Advice gratis. Cures Guaranteed.
NOTE.—Dépôt, No. 104 South TENTH-STREET. Send, call or write at once. The Medicine adapted to each and every case *will be prepared*, if necessary—entitling the patient to the benefit of advice and a speedy and permanent cure.
THE END
SO MUCH DESIRED,
OR NO PAY. OR NO PAY.
All communications confidential.

SHIPPING.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
FOR LIVERPOOL,
Is intended to leave New-York on or about
MAY 25.
PASSAGE MONEY:
First Cabin.....$130
Second Cabin (with very superior accommodations) 75
GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.,
Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$130
Second Cabin Passage..... 75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$110
Second Cabin Passage..... 60
The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.
PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone. CANADA, Capt. Anderson.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott. AMERICA, Capt. McAuley.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. E. M. Hockley. NIAGARA, Capt. Moodie.
EUROPA, Capt. J. Cook.
SCOTIA, (now building.)
These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.
CANADA, Anderson, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 3.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 10.
AMERICA, Cook, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 17.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 24.
NIAGARA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, May 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, May 8.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 22.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling green

STEAMER OF TUESDAY, MAY 14, TO IRELAND, ENGLAND OR SCOTLAND, VIA GALWAY.
The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company's magnificent steamer
ADRIATIC,
(Formerly of the Collin's line,)
JEFF. MAURY, Commander,
will leave from Pier No. 41, foot of Canal-st., on the above date, touching at St. Johns to land mails and passengers.
Passengers by this steamer will have a free ticket from Galway to many of the cities on the main lines of railway in Great Britain and Ireland, thus making it the most pleasant route for persons going to Europe, enabling them to see a good portion of Ireland without extra cost, avoiding the danger of channel navigation, the delay and expenses at Liverpool, and shortened sea voyage, at very low rates.
For passage or further information apply to
WM. H. WICKHAM,
At the office of the Company on the Wharf,
Foot of Canal-st., N. R.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 27.
THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,
Will sail from Pier No. 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, April 27, at noon.
This steamer (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double-engines under deck, inclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.
The steamer ARAGO will sail May 25.

STEAM FROM NEW-YORK AND BOSTON TO IRELAND, ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND VIA GALWAY.—The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company will dispatch from Boston, on
TUESDAY, April 30,
their new and magnificent paddle-wheel steamship COLUMBIA, ROBERT LEITCH, Commander, touching at St. Johns to land passengers and mails.
RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK OR BOSTON.
First cabin to Galway, Dublin or Liverpool $75 and $100
First cabin to St. Johns, N. F..... $35
Third cabin to Galway, Liverpool, Glasgow, or any town in Ireland or Scotland, by railway..... $30
Persons taking passage in New-York for the above ship will receive free passages from New-York to Boston.
NOTICE.—Persons wishing to bring out their friends from the old country can obtain RETURN TICKETS at VERY LOW RATES.
The steamer ADRIATIC will follow the *Columbia*, sailing from New-York on TUESDAY, May 14.
For passage or further information, apply to
WM. H. WICKHAM,
At the Office of the Company, on the wharf foot of Canal-st., North River.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.
Agents in Boston, NAZRO BROS. & SWEENEY.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL.—Landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, (Ire land.) The Liverpool New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built iron steamships as follows:
GLASGOW.....SATURDAY, April 27
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....SATURDAY, May 4
VIGO.....SATURDAY, May 11.
And every Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
First Cabin.....$75 | Steerage.....$30
First Cabin to London.. 80 | Steerage to London.... 33
Steerage Return Tickets, good for Six Months..... 60
Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.
☞ Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here.
For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS' STEAMship BREMEN, H. WEBBEL, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on
SATURDAY, May 11, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
at the following rates:
First cabin, $100; second cabin, $80; steerage, $35.
For freight or passage apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP PERSIA, FOR LIVERPOOL.—The PERSIA, JUDKINS, commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 24th inst. A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, and the PERSIA from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. In consequence of the great number of persons who go out in the small steamers, and the great risk arising therefrom, passengers are respectfully requested to take leave of their friends on the wharf, as they cannot be taken on board. The ASIA will sail 8th May.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, LONDONDERRY AND DUBLIN FOR $30.—The A 1 powerful Clyde-built steamship UNITED KINGDOM, Capt. CRAIG, will sail from Pier No. 39 North River, foot of Perry-st., on TUESDAY, April 23, at 12 noon. This steamship is fitted in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers. Rates of Passage—Cabin, $60; Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $30, including an abundant supply of cooked provisions.
The UNITED STATES will sail TUESDAY, July 9, at 12 noon. Apply to FRANCIS McDONALD & CO., No. 87 Broad st., corner of South William.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Capt. LE MESURIER, will sail for the above ports from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY.....30th March.
SATURDAY.....27th April,
SATURDAY.....25th May.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
To Nassau.....$45
To Havana.....50
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, NO. 262 BROADWAY. Passports issued through J. B. NONES. Adopted citizens must produce certificates.

STEAMBOATS.

FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Monday, April 1, 1861, the elegant and fast-sailing iron steamer FLUSHING, Capt. WM. H. NIMMS, will commence running daily, Sundays expected, without any alteration of time, up to the 1st day of October, 1861, as follows: Leave Flushing at 7:30 A. M., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning leave New York from Fulton Market wharf at 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. No freight taken to College Point on the 5 o'clock trip. Arrangements have been made to run a line of stages to Whitestone on the arrival of the boat at College Point. Fare 15 cents.
WM. M. SM

THE GREAT REBELLION.

[Continued from First Page.]

Alderman FROMENT's suggestion—to which all war resolutions, hereafter submitted, must be referred. Messrs. FROMENT, FARLEY and BOOLE were appointed on that Committee.

On motion of Alderman GENET, a resolution was adopted granting the Chamber of the Board to the Committee appointed by the Union meeting of Saturday, during the pleasure of the Board.

TEMPORARY MILITARY QUARTERS IN THE PARK.

On motion of Alderman CRIPP, a resolution was adopted authorizing the erection by the State of a temporary building in the Park, to be used as a meeting place for volunteers.

Mayor WOOD's message was then read, as follows:

THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, New-York, April 22, 1861.

Gentlemen of the Common Council:

Events of a most extraordinary character have been precipitated upon the country. Military aggressions have been commenced against the Federal authorities within the borders of the American Union, which threaten in their extent and character to subvert our institutions, destroy our commerce, and lay waste our homes and firesides. It is a war apparently not of self protection upon the side of the belligerent, but of active hostilities against the property, the honor, and the continuance of the Government under which we live. This City is the metropolis of the American Union. It is the great centre of all that constitutes the might and power and strength of the nation.

It is distinguished not only for the supremacy of numbers, but for wealth, intelligence, patriotism and liberality; and it has been peculiarly distinguished for its unfaltering adherence to the local institutions and constitutional rights of our brethren of the South.

It is our interest, therefore, as it is our duty and our right, to speak out boldly, and to act promptly at this critical emergency in the affairs of the country.

Representing the Corporation of the City, it devolves upon us to make proper provision for the public. It is true our opulent classes are coming forward with characteristic liberality, but no one class should bear this burden. Every man among us is willing to participate not only in the fighting but in the expense. To make it equal, therefore, that all may share in the honor of the conflict, the Corporation should raise by tax a sum sufficient to cover the whole expenditure. The extent of this sum, of course, cannot now be ascertained, but that sufficient means may be provided at once, I recommend the immediate appropriation of one million dollars. I am aware that the Tax levy, as adopted by the Legislature, contemplates no expenditure on this account, but what of that? A noble people, who are willing to give up their blood for such a cause, should be allowed to tax themselves without permission, and I have no fear that a responsibility now assumed for such an object will not meet with the hearty approval of the next Legislature. At any rate, this is not a time to give heed to technical difficulties. Let us vote the required funds, and trust to the patriotism of the people to sustain us. If the sum is not now in the Treasury, the Banks will doubtless prefer the amount upon the credit of the City. These institutions are in the hands of patriotic men, who will be ready to make common cause with the people in a cause so dear to us all. FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

VALENTINE'S MANUAL.

A resolution was passed authorizing the Comptroller to draw his warrant in favor of D. F. Valentine for the sum of $3,500, as compensation for compiling the Corporation manual.

THE MILLION LOAN ORDINANCE.

The ordinance of the Councilmen providing for the raising of $1,000,000 for war purposes, after sundry objections as to irregularity, was concurred in unanimously.

Alderman DAYTON suggested that Alderman BAGLEY, who was absent, was engaged in his duties with his regiment, (the Sixty-ninth.) The lobby, upon the announcement of the vote of concurrence, headed by Ex-Alderman Starr, gave three lusty cheers for the Common Council of New-York.

Sundry papers from the Councilmen, relating to the war, were received and laid over.

The Clerk was directed to make the customary compilation of the laws of the last Legislature relating to this City.

THE NEW CHARTER.

The act passed by the last Legislature providing for a Commission to form a new City Charter, to be submitted to the people and the Legislature, was read for information, and referred to the Corporation Counsel for his opinion as to its legality.

IS THE DAY-BOOK A SECESSION ORGAN?

Alderman BOOLE offered a series of resolutions denouncing the *Day-Book* as a secession organ, and taking away the Corporation printing.

Alderman GENET—I am sorry to see any desire on the part of any member to create difficulty at the present time, and that without any specific knowledge as to the action of the *Day-Book*, the contents of the paper, or the principles it advocates. I think that, at this time, it comes with an ill grace from any member of this Common Council Now, Sir, we have in our midst, probably, many men whose minds are wavering on this question—men with different opinions from those which the gentleman of the Twelfth (Alderman BOOLE) wishes to promulgate. The gentleman down stairs (Mayor WOOD) has changed his opinions, and so it is that the editor of the *Herald*, for instance, has just taken a ground exactly different from those he formerly held—what was called, in fact, in favor of secession. He turned a very short corner in only 24 hours. Now, Sir, I want to take, not only the *Day Book* and *Herald*, but the *Tribune*—the foundation of all this secession. If the gentleman will state to me in what articles the *Day Book* has advocated secession, I will vote for withdrawing the Corporation advertising.

Alderman BOOLE—Well, I will take the gentleman at his word.

HONOR TO THE MASSACHUSETTS BRAVES.

The resolution of the Councilmen, providing for a Committee to take measures to do honor to the remains of the Massachusetts soldiers on their return from Baltimore, were unanimously concurred in, and a Committee appointed to carry them into effect.

RECEPTION OF MAJOR ANDERSON.

Alderman TOUMEY announced that Major ANDERSON would be welcomed at the City Hall to-day, and receive his friends from 11 to 1 o'clock.

EXPENSES OF ENTERTAINING MR. LINCOLN.

The bill of $2,500, for expenses of receiving Mr. LINCOLN in his transit through the City, came up.

Alderman DAYTON opposed it because the items were not forthcoming, as promised.

Alderman CORNELL was willing that the bill should pass, with the understanding that items should be submitted in future. The bill passed

Alderman CORNELL thereupon took an affectionate farewell of his Aldermanic friends, he being about to depart with the Eighth Regiment in the service of his country.

PAYING PATRIOTIC CITY EMPLOYES.

The resolution from the Councilmen authorizing the continuance of the salaries of employes of the City enlisting in the war, came up for consideration.

Alderman DAYTON wanted it more explicit, and the resolution was amended so as to include only those City employes who had been regularly employed during the past month.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

APPROPRIATION OF $1,000,000 FOR THE WAR—THE MURDERED MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS—STAND OF COLORS FOR THE FIREMEN'S BRIGADE—DEATH OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS—A PORTRAIT OF MAJOR ANDERSON.

A regular meeting of this Board was held last evening, the President in the Chair.

When, in calling the roll, the Clerk came to the name of Councilman OTTIWELL, of the Eighteenth Ward, his colleague, Mr. STEVENSON, arose and announced that Mr. OTTIWELL had left the City as one of the officers in command of the Twelfth Regiment. This announcement was received with clapping of hands by all the members present.

The President presented an ordinance appropriating $1,000,000 for procuring the necessary outfit and equipments for and to provide for the families of the military force of this City, now engaged, or hereafter to be engaged in the service of the General Government—the money to be paid from time to time by the Comptroller upon vouchers to be approved by a Committee to be known as the "Union Defence Committee of the City of New-York," and to consist of the the Mayor, Comptroller, Presidents of both Boards of the Common Council, and the gentlemen comprising the Committee appointed at the mass meeting in Union-square. The ordinance authorizes the issuing of City Bonds to the amount appropriated, at the legal rate of interest, and redeemable in one year from date.

After some discussion, in which all agreed on the propriety of the appropriation, the ordinance was unanimously adopted.

Mr. LENT offered a preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted, setting forth that in the opinion of the Board it was an auspicious omen that the first blood in this second revolution should be shed by the descendants of those brave men who inaugurated the revolution that achieved our independence, and that it occurred on the anniversary of the battle of Lexington; and appointing a Committee of three to receive and take charge of the remains of the two Massachusetts soldiers killed in Baltimore, on their passage through this City.

A resolution was adopted appropriating $500 for a stand of colors for the Firemen's Brigade raised by Col. Ellsworth.

Wm. H. Maloney, assistant clerk of the Board and a volunteer in the Firemen's Brigade, was granted leave of absence, with pay.

Resolutions of respect to the memory of Nicholas M. Stidell, the Sergeant at-Arms of the Board, were adopted, and Mr. PINCKNEY pronounced a feeling eulogy upon the deceased.

One thousand dollars was appropriated for a full-length portrait of Major Anderson, to be placed in the Governor's Room. Adjourned.

THE VESSELS UNDER CHARTER.

The steamers *James Adger*, *Marion*, *Roanoke*, *Chesapeake*, *Monticello* and *Parkersburgh*, yesterday still remained at the Pier with steam up, so as to be ready at any moment's notice. The steamship *Montgomery*, which arrived Sunday evening from Savannah, has also been chartered by the United States Government. The steamship *Jno. P. King* is also to be put in order for service at once, in anticipation of Government employment. This vessel has been rebuilt, and is every way as strong and serviceable as any steamer in port. She is capable of carrying 12 guns on deck. She proved herself very fast on her trial trip, and would no doubt make an excellent man-of-war for blockading purposes.

THE MILITARY FURORE.

THE SIXTY-NINTH OFF TO THE WAR.

FIVE THOUSAND MEN MORE THAN REQUIRED.

Col. CORCORAN received orders yesterday to embark his regiment, the Sixty ninth, on board the *James Adger* at 11 A. M. to-day. The order also indicated that the regiment should not number more than 1,000 men. This instruction caused great disappointment to more than 5,000 men, who had signed the roll of the Sixty-ninth in the hope of being able to fight under its banner, many of whom came from Boston, Hartford and New-Haven. The following order was issued yesterday:

HEAD-QUARTERS 69TH REGT. N. Y. S. M. }
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1861. }

SPECIAL ORDERS.—The troop attached to this Regiment, not being required for service at Washington are hereby detailed to take charge of the Regimental Armory and perform such other duties as they may be directed to by Major JAMES BAGLEY, who, together with Capt. JAMES B. KIRKER, are hereby detailed to forward supplies which cannot be procured at present.

Major BAGLEY will report to the Major-General for orders immediately after the departure of the Regiment.

A leave of absence for two weeks is hereby granted to Chaplain DENIS F. SULLIVAN and Lieut. SULLIVAN, A Company, this Regiment. By order of

Col. MICHAEL CORCORAN.

AID FOR THE SIXTY-NINTH REGIMENT.

There have been over $1,500 contributed for the relief of the families of the members of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, including a subscription of $500 from W. and J. O'BRIEN, Bankers and Brokers, Wall-street, and $250 from the members of the Stock Exchange. Such contributions are very much needed, as a majority of the soldiers of this Regiment leave large families in very poor circumstances.

THE WASHINGTON GREYS OFF.

The following general orders have been issued:

HEAD-QUARTERS, EIGHTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S. T. }
NEW-YORK, April 20, 1861. }

GENERAL ORDER, No. 8.—In pursuance of Division and Brigade orders, this Regiment will porade, in full fatigue, with overcoats, knapsacks, and one day's rations, on Tuesday, the 23d inst., to proceed to the National Capital. The Troop will parade with the full battery. Line will be formed on Seventeenth street, right on Broadway, at 8 o'clock A. M. The Band, Drum Corps and Non-Commissioned Staff will report to the Adjutant at 7¾ o'clock A. M., on the Parade Ground.

Each man will provide himself with a blanket, (to be rolled on knapsack,) change of under-clothes, an extra pair of boots or shoes, a cup, spoon, knife and fork. Two servants will be allowed each company. The Quartermaster will report to Major-General SANDFORD, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on Monday, the 22d inst., for orders for transportation and ammunition. Each officer will be allowed a small trunk, marked with name and number of Regiment, to be sent to the Regimental Armory before 7 o'clock, on the morning of the 23d inst. By order of

COL. GEORGE LYONS.

D. B. KEELER, Jr., Adjutant.

COL. DURYEA'S ZOUAVES.

Col. DURYEA's men mustered in great force, yesterday, at the head-quarters of the Regiment, No. 632 Broadway, and marched down by companies to the splendid new marble building just erected for DEVLIN, HUDSON & Co., in Canal-street, near Broadway. There the afternoon was spent in drilling, and the men exhibited considerable proficiency. The command is composed of men carefully chosen, and they look as if they were able to do their country good service. The spacious building will be the barracks of the Regiment for the present. The troops were quartered there last night. On Wednesday or Thursday, if not before, they will start for the seat of war.

CERRO GORDO LEGION.

Under the auspices of Col. E. D. BAKER, U. S. Senator from Oregon, as Brigadier-General, who led the Second Illinois and New-York Regiments at Cerro Gordo, after the fall of the gallant SHIELDS. This Regiment will be composed of experienced Field and Line Officers from those who served with distinction in the volunteer and regular service during the war in Mexico. This Regiment will be organized under the direction of the gallant Lieut. JAS. DECATUR POTTER, who served under Gen. TAYLOR on the Rio Grande, and also in the New-York Volunteers under the Commander-in-Chief, Gen. WINFIELD SCOTT, and was transferred from the Volunteer Infantry to the Third Regiment U. S. Dragoons for his gallantry at the famous battle of Cherubusco, where he was severely wounded.

From the officers who are to lead this Legion, the people may rest assured that the honor of the Federal Government will be maintained.

The motto of the Cerro Gordo Legion is: "The Stars and Stripes on every flag-staff from Maine to Texas."

By order, Lieut. JAS. DECATUR POTTER.

NURSES FOR THE SOLDIERS.

A meeting of American women will be held in the Chapel of the New-York University on Wednesday evening next, April 24, (not Thursday, which was stated by mistake,) to arrange the preliminaries for sending nurses to attend the soldiers who may be wounded in the coming conflict. The meeting will begin at 8 o'clock.

Ladies who are anxious to do something for the cause may prepare bandages, lint, &c., and send bottles of old wine, medicinal wines, or anything else that a suffering soldier may need. Any of the above articles may be sent to the Woman's Library, Room No. 2, adjoining the Chapel, directed to the care of Miss POWELL, or to HENRY J. RAYMOND, President of the Board of Trustees of the Woman's Library.

ANOTHER CALL UPON THE WOMEN.

The ladies of the Church of Ascension are requested to meet on Tuesday, April 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Sunday-school house, No. 68 Eleventh-street, to organize themselves into an association for preparing lint and bandages for the use of the United States Army.

A CAVALRY REGIMENT.

Gen. J. J. CHAMBERS has raised a company of cavalry, of which he is Captain, in Westchester County. He joins Col. BAYARD CLARKE's Regiment, which is ready for service, and only waiting to be called.

BARRACKS IN THE PARK FOR SOLDIERS.

The Quartermaster-General wrote to Comptroller HAWS yesterday morning, asking him if he would give the right, in the name of the State, to use a plot of ground in the Park upon which to place a temporary building for feeding 1,500 New-York Volunteers. The favor was granted, and yesterday morning the Comptroller immediately measured off a plot of ground for the desired purpose on the west side of the new Court-house, known as the old Almshouse site, 235 feet on Chambers-street, and 120 feet deep. The temporary building, one story high, will be put up this afternoon. A part of it will be partitioned off for kitchen uses.

STEAMER SENT AFTER A VESSEL WITH ARMS.

A three-masted schooner sailed on Sunday night from Perth Amboy, loaded with arms, and Surveyor HART yesterday morning sent an armed tug after her.

TRANSPORTS FOR THE SOUTH.

There had been no steamers sailed from the seat of war up to 9 P. M. last evening. The *Chesapeake* has on board 3,500 bbls. of provisions, and a Company of United States Riflemen, from Governor's Island, as an escort. She will probably sail in the morning. The steamer *Parkersburgh* has steam on, waiting for the Albany Regiment, which consist of 700 men. The other steamers, being the *Monticello*, *Roanoke*, *James Adger*, and *Marion*, are also ready.

THE MEN OF MUSCLE.

Col. WILSON's volunteers were inspected yesterday afternoon by Lieut.-Col. WEEKES, who expressed himself well pleased with the fine, able-bodied appearance of the men. The medical examination takes place to-morrow.

Mr. J. R. FORD, of No. 10 Pine-street, contributed $500 towards the expenses of the Regiment. Five clergymen also called upon Col. WILSON, and left with him $100 for contingent expenses.

COL. ELLSWORTH'S ZOUAVES.

This Regiment was mustered into service yesterday morning, and will march to Fort Hamilton to perform garrison duty and complete their drilling to-day.

THE NATIONAL MINUTE MEN.

A special meeting of the National Minute Men was held last evening at their headquarters, No. 599 Broadway, when resolutions were unanimously adopted to organize a regiment for the defence of the City, and recommending all those who can, to go into active service.

THE FIRST REGIMENT NATIONAL GUARD ENROLLED.

The First Regiment National Guard, Col. W. H. ALLEN, was duly mustered and received into service yesterday by Major HUBBEL, and the medical examination was conducted by Dr. ALEXANDER MOTT. Out of the entire regiment, there were but seven men rejected by the inspecting officers.

THE FIRST REGIMENT OF VOLUNTEERS.

This regiment has its quarters in this City, under the auspices of late Adjutant-General TOWNSEND, at No. 89 Mercer-street. WM. E. BLAKE is named as Captain. THOMAS J. FAYE, a well-known patriot, will be Lieutenant.

THE IRISH ZOUAVES.

A company under this designation, thoroughly drilled, equipped, and supplied, is now being formed as an auxiliary corps to the Sixty-ninth Regiment, and will be commanded by THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER, Esq. It is specially provided that it shall not be composed of any but young, strong and hearty men. Recruits may apply for enrollment at No. 38 Beekman-st., corner of William.

N. Y. S. M. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR OF THE NEW-YORK DEPOT OF N. Y. S. VOLUNTEERS, Corner of White and Elm streets. }

General Orders:

1. All requisitions for medical supplies for Regiments in the State Volunteer service, must be made upon the Medical Director.

2. Colonels of Regiments will report to the above office the names of candidates for Regimental Medical posts, previous to their appointment.

3. Inasmuch as a portion of the New-York Hospital has been arranged for State use, hospital accommodations will be provided for officers or privates in the service of the State, upon the order of the Medical Director. Colonels of Regiments or Surgeons of Regiments will send to the Medical Director for Hospital permits. C. R. AGNEW, M. D.,

Medical Director.

FOOD FOR VOLUNTEERS.

All parties volunteering for the service of their country will be provided with food, free of expense, from 6 P. M. till midnight, by applying and showing their certificats at No. 47 Ludlow-street.

JOHN W. FARMER.

VOLUNTEER CAVALRY.

More than one hundred members have already been enrolled for the Cavalry Regiment that was proposed by Mr. G. W. RICHARDSON, of No. 21 Maiden-lane. To-night, at 8 o'clock, a meeting will be held at No. 765 Broadway, to receive recruits.

SEIZURE OF UNIFORMS INTENDED FOR THE SOUTH.

Information having been received at the Police head-quarters that a clothing house No. 4 Dey-street under the firm of M. NEUBRIK & BRO., had been in the habit of sending arms and clothing to the support of the Southern army, Sergeant BARCOORT, with a guard of men, was sent to the establishment this morning, when they found 2,000 uniforms, all packed and ready to be shipped South. It is said the same firm, on Saturday, sent a consignment of army caps, and had been in the habit of stowing away muskets in the boxes of clothing which they shipped. We do not know on what authority the statement is made. M. NEUBRIK & BRO were not to be found and the clerks in the establishment professed entire ignorance in relation to the matter. The Police took possession of the store, which they now hold. A large crowd collected around the establishment, and threats were made to lynch NEUBRIK & BRO., if they dared show themselves

ANOTHER PATRIOTIC EXAMPLE.

City Judge JOHN H. MCCUNN has resumed the command of the Eighty-fifth Regiment, (Rifles,) and the Regiment is rapidly preparing for service. Judge MCCUNN, who has never been suspected of sympathy with Republicanism, declares that "in so sacred a cause he is not only ready to spend his blood, but a half-million of dollars, if it be needed."

FUNDS FOR THE VOLUNTEERS.

At the close of an eloquent discourse, preached by Rev. JOSEPH P. THOMPSON at the Broadway Tabernacle, on Sunday evening last, a collection was taken up in behalf of the families of the volunteers who are now enlisting in their country's cause. The sum total amounted to $425.

AN INCIDENT.

As the Volunteers were passing down Canal-street, on Sunday, one of the recruits who was scantily clad for a sea voyage, was hailed by a citizen in the crowd, who took his coat from his back and gave it to him. The citizen who performed this benevolent act was ROBERT DENT, a Sandy Hook pilot, of the *G. W. Blunt*, No. 11.

NOTE FROM THE PRINCIPAL OF PACKER INSTITUTE

SOMERVILLE COTTAGE, Westchester Co., }
Sunday, April 21, 1861. }

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have just been informed, by a messenger from Brooklyn, that some of its patriotic citizens paid a visit to the Packer Institute, and to my residence last evening, to inquire in relation to my loyalty to the Flag of our country.

I am greatly surprised that my sympathies are not known to a very large portion of our citizens, as I have uniformly, in private and in public, counseled unity of feeling and energy of action, in suppressing, by the whole force of the Government, the rebellion now threatening the dearest interests of humanity.

Last Friday morning I recommended every young lady belonging to the Packer Collegiate Institute, to encourage her father or her brother to raise at once the Stars and Stripes upon the house tops of every one of their residences, and I expressed a willingness to join the force myself, if it should be necessary to crush this most wicked rebellion.

A. CRITTENDEN,

Principal Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn.

BEWARE OF POISONED LIQUOR.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The captain of the *State of Maine* represents that poisoned liquor and poisoned tobacco was sold to the soldiers of the Massachusetts Regiment which he took to Fort Munroe, while the regiment was in New-York; that every effort was made by the officers to prevent the purchase, although no reason existed for foul play, but several men got it and these men died in consequence. This statement will be made by the captain if called upon by your reporter, and is too important not to be published.

HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THE HEAT.

As the heat of a Southern sun is one of the hardships our boys will have to encounter, permit an old soldier to state in what way the French army in Algiers guard themselves during the day when on the march or standing sentry: Take a yard of *thin, white flannel*, fold, it together once and sew up one end; a ribbon or tape may be inserted to draw and tie it around the neck. This thrown over the cap or shako, and falling behind, completely shields the head and shoulders from the rays of the sun. Woolen is preferable to linen or cotton, is equally light, costs less than the former, and is easier washed and kept clean.

VOLUNTEERS FOR MARINE SERVICE.

To capitalists, or whom it may concern: We, the undersigned, having resigned the Engineer Corps of the U. S. Navy several years since, now tender our services to the Government, or parties who may be allowed to fit out an armed vessel for the protection of our commerce to any Northern port.

JOHN H. LONG, E. F. BROWN.

HOME DEFENCE.

A meeting of citizens who are able and willing to bear arms in defence of the City, is to be held at the Astor House on Wednesday evening next. The application is to able-bodied men whose business prevents them from leaving the City.

A STUDENT'S REGIMENT.

NEW-YORK, Monday, April 22.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Through your columns we wish to make a proposition to the students of the various Colleges, Universities, Theological Seminaries, Medical Colleges, Law Schools, etc., that they, at their several localities, organize companies and secure military drill, in order that, as soon as possible, they may be ready to organize a *Student's Regiment*, subject to the call of the Governor.

SEVERAL MEMBERS OF UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.

BANDAGES, LINT AND LINEN FOR THE NATIONAL ARMY.

Donations will be received at No. 744 Broadway, corner of Astor-place, for the above purpose, after 11 o'clock A. M. Monday, April 22, 1861. Good strong cotton drilling for bandages, by the piece, is what is wanted. Contributors will leave their names and the amount, when it will be sent for as directed. Surgeons and medical students are requested to volunteer to roll the bandages, &c. Regimental surgeons will be supplied upon application at No. 744 Broadway.

WM. HENRY CHURCH.

A PATRIOTIC BONNET.

We have seen a lady's hat from WM. BROWN & Co.'s, No. 603 Broadway, elegantly and tastefully trimmed with the national colors and silver stars. The heart that beats under that bonnet must ever be true to the Union.

THE STATE GUARD.

The State Guard, Second Regiment New-York State Militia, Col. TOMPKINS, is rapidly being filled to a war complement; and expect to be ordered out within a few days. A few men are wanted for Company C, Capt. JOSEPH BYRNE, at No. 240 Pearl-st., corner of Burling-slip, or at the Armory near Tompkins Market.

ARRIVAL OF THE ALBANY REGIMENT.

Six Companies of Infantry and Riflemen, in command of Col. E. M. BRYAN, came down from Albany by the last evening train, arriving about 10 o'clock P. M. They are six hundred strong, and are almost wholly from among the business men and mechanics of Albany. They were escorted from the depôt by a detachment of Police, and were headed by a company of Albany firemen. They did not receive the order to march until Sunday. An excellent supper awaited them at the Astor House, when, about 12 o'clock, they re-formed and marched on board of the steamer *James Adger*. They sail early this morning.

MEETING OF THE EXEMPT FIREMEN.

A meeting of the Exempt Firemen took place last night at Firemen's Hall, Mercer-street. It was a crowded meeting of the most enthusiastic stamp. The principal speakers were Messrs. P. W. ENGS, MORRIS FRANKLIN, ZOPHAR MILLS, J. W. PURSER, and WILSON SMALL. They aroused the patriotism of their hearers to a pitch that could not find its vent without frequent starting to the feet, and the raising of cheer upon cheer for the Union. CARLISLE NORWOOD was the President, JOHN T. ROLLINS the Secretary. Resolutions were adopted by acclamation which pledge the Exempts to do active duty during the absence of the members of the Department.

THE WAR FEEING IN BROOKLYN.

A large meeting was held last night in Music Hall, at which Ex-Mayor HALL presided, to organize a Home Guard.

The Brooklyn Common Council last night authorized the proper officers to borrow $100,000, and expend it for patriotic purposes.

The Thirteenth and Twenty-eighth Regiments leave for the Seat of War this morning.

THE EXCITEMENT IN JERSEY CITY.

The war excitement in Jersey City continues unabated, and every effort to get the Second Regiment in readiness at the earliest possible moment is made.

The Governor has tendered three additional regiments to the General Government which has been accepted, and another regiment is to be raised immediately in Hudson County.

The Company of Zouaves received an accession of ten members, fully uniformed, from the Company at Paterson.

The Independence Guards enrolled 88 new members yesterday. WM. DUNNING was promoted to First Lieutenant, and J. H. HUGHES from Orderly Sergeant to Second Lieutenant.

CARE FOR THE WOUNDED.

AN ORGANIZATION OF LADIES.

In consequence of the notice in the TIMES of yesterday morning, a very large number of ladies met at the residence of Mrs. H. J. RAYMOND, No. 56 Ninth-street, at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing an association to prepare *lint and bandages* for the wounded in the coming war. Not less than two or three hundred ladies were present, all of them deeply interested in the object of the meeting, and many of them from out of the City. Dr. ROBERT NELSON and Dr. HORACE GREEN, who were present, made some interesting and valuable explanations as to the proper method of preparing the desired articles.

It was then decided to form an association to embrace all the ladies who are willing to engage in this work, especially those living in that part of the City. It is presumed that similar associations will be formed in other Wards, and throughout the country. Mrs. WILLARD PARKER was elected President of the Association; Mrs. H. J. RAYMOND Treasurer, and Mrs. RAYMOND Secretary.

An Executive Committee of *seven* was then appointed, consisting of Mrs. BACON, Mrs. BEATTY, Mrs. Dr. WOOSTER, Mrs. W. H. ASPINWALL, Mrs. Dr. BUCK, Miss ANNIE POTTS, and Miss MURRAY. This Committee propose to *purchase material* for making bandages, lint, &c.,—to give it out to ladies who are disposed to make it up—to receive the articles when made, and send them forward to the place where they may be required. The Committee will hold frequent meetings for the purpose of arranging the proposed work. Ladies who prefer to provide the material the themselves, can receive from the Committee all needed instructions. The Committee *hold their first meeting to-morrow, at 12 o'clock*, at the chapel of Rev. Dr. POTTS' Church, corner of University-place and Tenth street, where they will be glad to meet all ladies who desire to coöperate with them, and to receive articles that may have been prepared.

It was announced that money would be needed for the purchase of materials,—whereupon the following subscriptions were handed in:

Mrs. Beadelston	$50	Mrs. H. J. Raymond	$100
Mrs. H. N Camp	10	Mrs. Griffin	10
Miss Blatchford	20	Dr. H. Green	25
Mrs. Wooster	10	Mrs. Parkin	5
Mrs. L. W. Jerome	20	Mrs. Russel	10
Mrs. E. L. Corning	5	Mrs. L. Frisbie	10
Mrs. D. Smith	10	Mrs. C. Darling	20
Mrs. Bishop	25	Mrs. J. Hoey	20
Mrs. J. M. Pinckney	50	Cash	19
Miss Fellows	10	Total	$429

It was announced that a meeting will be held to-day, at 12 o'clock, at the Infirmary, No. 126 Second-avenue, to organize a *corps* of Nurses for the Hospitals. All who are willing to serve in that capacity are invited to attend.

The meeting then adjourned.

EX-PRESIDENT PIERCE ON THE CRISIS.

CONCORD, N. H., Sunday, April 21.

Ex-President PIERCE made the following speech from the balcony of the Eagle Hotel to a mass meeting last night:

FELLOW CITIZENS AND NEIGHBORS:—If I had been apprized of your meeting last night seasonably, I should have been present. But the notice did not reach me till this morning. I wish to say in advance that since my arrival here the resolutions which you have passed have been read to me, and have my cordial approval. You call for me, my friends, as lovers of our country and of the blessed Union which our forefathers transmitted to us, on an occasion more grave, more momentous and more deeply fraught with painful emotion than any under which I have ever addressed you. But I rejoice that that flag, (pointing to the flag of the United States) floats there. (cheers.) Love for the flag of our country is a sentiment common to us all; at least to my heart it is no new emotion. My father followed it from the battle of Bunker Hill uninterruptedly till the enemy evacuated New York in 1783. My brothers were with the gallant men who upheld it in the war of 1812. Can I, can you, fail to remember how proudly it floated at a more recent date, from Palo Alto to Buena Vista, on our line of operation from the Castle of San Juan D'Ulloa to the City of Mexico on another. Never can we forget that the gallant men of the North and of the South moved together like a band of brothers and mingled their blood on many a field in the common cause. Can I, if I would, feel other than the proudest sadness when I see that those who so often stood shoulder to shoulder in the face of foreign foes, and now in imminent danger of standing face to face as the foes of each other. But they should have thought of this as well as we. At all events there is no time now to consult our feelings. The question has resolved itself into one of patriotism and sternest duty. We cannot fail to see what the nature of the contest is to be, and to some limited extent the fearfulness of the progress and consequences. We must not, however, turn our face from them, because the true way to meet danger is to see it clearly and to encounter it on the advance. [Applause.] I for one will never cease to hope as long as the fratricidal strife is not more fully developed than at the present time, that some event, some power, may yet intervene to save us from the worst calamity that ever depended over a nation. The opinions of many of the vast crowd before me, with regard to the cause which has produced the present condition of public affairs, are known to me, and mine are well known to you. I do not believe aggression by arms is a suitable or possible remedy for the existing evils; still, neither of these matters ought to be considered now; they may be well waved, nay, they must be, until we have seen each other through our present trials and future dangers. Should the hope which I have expressed not be realized, which, may a beneficent Providence forbid, and a war of aggression is to be waged against the National Capital and the North, then there is no way for us, as citizens of the old Thirteen States, but to stand together and uphold the flag to the last, with all the rights which pertain to it, and with the fidelity and endurance of brave men, I would counsel you to stand together with one mind and one heart, calm, faithful, and determined. But give no countenance to passion and violence, which are really unjust, and often in periods like these are the harbingers of domestic strife. Be just to yourselves, just to others, true to your country, and may God, who has so greatly blessed our fathers, graciously interpose in this hour of clouds and darkness, and save both extremities of the country, and to cause the old flag to be upheld by all hands and all hearts. Born in the State of New Hampshire, I intend, that here shall repose my bones. I would not live in a State, the rights and honor of which I was not prepared to defend at all nazards, and at the last extremity. [Cheers and applause.]

The State Legislature.

In the State Assembly on the 16th, when the vote was taken on the bill providing military aid to the Government at Washington, Mr. KERNAN, of Oneida County, declared his purpose to vote for it, though he proceeded to apologise for his vote and to protest against the troops of this State being used to coerce the South.

Mr. CAMP, of Westchester, replied to his remarks in the following vigorous and patriotic language:

"Mr. Speaker, I regret to hear the language which has fallen from the gentleman from Oneida, (Mr. KERNAN.) It appears to me that his heart is right, but his judgment is sadly at fault. When traitors are banded together to overthrow our Government by violence, and to strike down the flag of our country, it is not the time to speak of fraternal feelings, especially when we hear of such a wretch as WIGFALL making a demand for an unconditional surrender of a United States garrison. Sir, we have parleyed long enough. As for me, I have brothers and sisters, not politically only, but after the flesh, in whose veins flows the same blood as in my own, who dwell in those Southern States, and are the owners of slaves; and yet, if in defending our National flag, I found them arrayed against it, I would strike them down without hesitation and without remorse. [Immense applause.]

It is our country, Sir, that is invaded by traitors and by those whose first duty it is to sustain it—those whom we have trusted with the Treasury, with the Army, with the Navy, and who have proved recreant to their trusts, not only by laying stealthy hands on the Government property committed to their charge, but for the last eighteen months by steadily plotting to turn them against the Government and the laws to which they had solemnly sworn allegiance. There is but one question now before us, and in the decision of that question, I, Sir, am for my country, and my whole country, *first*, LAST, and FOREVER." [Tremendous applause.]

Postponement of the National Typographical Convention.

In consequence of the present distracted state of political affairs throughout the country, the Board of Officers of the National Typographical Union have decided to postpone the Convention of delegates, which was to have been held in this City in May.

THOS. J. WALSH, Secretary.

THE LATE HOMICIDE IN BAXTER-STREET.—Coroner JACKMAN held an inquest, on Sunday, at the New-York Hospital, in the case of JOSEPH JUSTA, the Italian, who was stabbed last Wednesday night, in the yard of No. 19 Baxter-street, during an affray with JOSEPH GEORGI, and subsequently died of his injuries. It was in evidence that the deceased commenced the fight, by knocking GEORGI down with a brickbat; GEORGI retaliated by stabbing him in the breast. The jury rendered a verdict of "Death from a stab with a dagger, in the hands of JOSEPH GEORGI." The prisoner, who is an Italian, 24 years of age, is in prison, awaiting the action of the Grand Jury.

—Rev. W. H. MILBURN has been appointed the Pastor of the Old John-street Methodist Church—the homestead of Methodism in America. The Church has thus secured a most excellent preacher.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 22.

FLOUR dull at $5 31@$5 50 for superfine. WHEAT steady; red, $1 31; white, $1 40@$1 50. CORN firm; sales 5,000 bushels at 62c. WHISKY firm at 18c.@18½c.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 29 | Sun sets..... 6 47 | Moon sets.. 3 55

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 6 00 | Gov. Island.. 6 49 | Hell Gate... 8 11

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, April 22.

Cleared.

Steamship North Star, Jones, Aspinwall. D. B. Allen, Ships A. Gibson, (Prus.,) ——, Falmouth, Funch & Meincke; American Union, Hubbard, Liverpool, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks D. Chapman, Tinker, Sligo, Moore & Henry; Cordelia, Farrell, Cardenas, J. R. Rue; Geo. Dirker, Dirker, Cork and a market, Thos. James.

Brigs Isadora, Read, St. John, N. B., Miller & Houghton; N. Stetson, Phinney, Nuevitas, E. A. Ball; Echo, Rice, Port-au-Prince, Delafield & Wilson; Elsinore, Partridge, Sagua, Yates, Porterfield & Co.

Schooners Clara Merrick, Montgomery, J. W. McKee; Rio Grande, Allen, Boston, S. W. Lewis & Co.; D. H. Billow, ——, Elisabethport, Brett, Son & Co.; F. Pierce, Jackson, Gloucester.

Sloop Phenix, Shepherd, New-Haven, H. S. Rackett.

Arrived.

Steamship Kedar, (Br.,) Little, Liverpool April 7, via Halifax 26th, with mdse. to S. Cunard. 16th inst., lat. 50 38, lon. 23, passed brig Ella Gladstone, (Br.) bound W. 12th, lat 48 07, lon. 34 34, passed bark Dacotah, bd. E. 16th, lat. 43 25, lon. 54 05, passed ship Ellen Austin, from Liverpool for New-York. 22d, at 11 A. M., lat. 40 41, lon. 72, passed Penjanb, bound W; same day passed ship Medalion, bound W. Was boarded 22 miles E. of Sandy Hook by the Edwin Blunt, No. 2, who reports speaking ship Guy Mannering, from Liverpool for New-York.

Steamship Bienville, Bulloch, Havana 16th inst., at 1 P. M., with mails and passengers to Livingston, Crocheron & Co.

Steamship Thomas Swan, Ramsey, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. B Cromwell & Co.

Steamer H. Burden, Loper, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Novelty, Shaw, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N Briggs.

Steamer Westchester, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Ship Julia E. Tyler, Lawry, Antwerp, via New-Orleans Bar and Hampton Roads, in ballast to master.

Ship Indiana, Heprone, New-Orleans 13 ds., with cotton and 51 passengers to W. T Frost.

Barkantine